FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Philby, Burgess and MacLean

PART # 9 of 9

PAGES AVAILABLE THIS PART 247

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FILES CONTAINED IN THIS PART

FILE #	PAGES AVAILABLE
Referrals (1947) (1951)	42
April 1956	49
Additional enclosure	56
Released on appeal	100

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 26, 1951

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: DONALD McLEAN
GUY BURGESS

Admiral Lewis Strauss called metoday and advised that he had been going over some papers at his home this last weekend and that he found that Carroll Wilson, who was General Manager, had given a pass to Donald McLean in November of 1947 which required no escort and permitted McLean to go anywhere in the Atomic Energy headquarters.

Admiral Strauss stated that at the same time, high Army and Navy officials were required to have escorts in going through the building. Admiral Strauss stated that he had a copy of this order among his papers.

I told him we would like to have a copy of this for our files some time. He agreed to furnish it.

DML:dad

I was always required to have an escort.

H.

RECORDED - 26

JUL 11 1951

3

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT

DATE: July 3, 1951

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: DONALD MCLEAN

Admiral Lewis Strauss called on July 3 and advised that he had checked and found that he had a copy of a memorandum authorizing a pass to the AEC Building in his possession, that it was not a signed copy. It read as follows: "November 5, 1947. Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort badge to Mr. Donald McLean of the British Embassy. (signed) Wilson"

He stated that undoubtedly the original of this would be available in the Atomic Energy files.

See attached obtained by Bates 7-9-51

DML:dcd

RECORDED - 26

EX - 37

JUL 11 1951

16

4

Mr. Bryan F. LaPlante

November 5, 1947

Carroll L. Wilson

Issuance of Non-escort Visitors Badge to Mr. Donald Maclean

Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort visitor's badge to Mr. Donald Maclean of the British Embassy.

Sgd. C. L. Wilson
CARROLL L. WILSON

Certified to be a true copy:

Bryan F. LaPlante 11/6/

Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations

5

ENCLOSURE

432

[redacted]

June 22, 1951

[redacted]

UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was:

[redacted]

4524

As you are aware, from 1947 until his departure in 1948, Donald MacLean was active in connection with political discussions dealing with atomic energy. We have conducted a number of interviews with persons who were associated with MacLean in connection with discussions had relative to atomic energy.

Mr. Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the Atomic Energy Commission who is now connected with the Climax Molybdenum Company in New York City, in an interview stated that he first met MacLean in 1947 at a meeting of the Combined Development Trust, of which Mr. Wilson was Chairman. He said MacLean was not a member of the Trust but was an assistant to Sir Gordon Monroe, the United Kingdom representative. MacLean attended all meetings of the Trust from 1947 until he left the United States. The Trust was composed of the United States, the United Kingdom, and Canadian representatives, and its purpose was to develop information concerning the location and availability of raw materials for atomic production, negotiations for acquiring these raw materials and allocation of the raw materials. The meetings of the Trust occurred intermittently, sometimes two or three times a month, while at other times no meetings would take place for a period of one or two months. Mr. Wilson said MacLean was also the United Kingdom representative on the Combined Policy Committee on which the Secretary of State was Chairman. This Committee discussed policies in the field of atomic energy. Mr. Wilson also recalled that MacLean attended a three-day declassification conference held in October, 1947. The discussions at this conference were limited to atomic energy information held in common by the United States, Canada, and the United Kingdom during the war. A discussion did take place regarding atomic weapons. Mr. Wilson recalled that Dr. Klaus Fuchs also attended this conference. Mr. Wilson stated he never knew MacLean very well, although he met him occasionally at Washington cocktail parties. He also attended a farewell party for MacLean in the latter's home in Washington, D. C. in the summer of 1948, at which forty or fifty people were present.

Mr. John K. Gustafson of the M. A. Hanna Company, Cleveland, Ohio, in an interview advised that he was formerly the Manager of the Raw Materials Operation with the Atomic Energy Commission at Washington, D. C. from 1947 to 1949. In that capacity he had meetings with British representatives and recalled that Donald MacLean of the British Embassy attended about six meetings. He said that MacLean took no part in the discussions and appeared to be only an observer.

RECORDED - 135

JUN 25 1951

16

[redacted]

cc: Legat, London
Foreign Service Desk

[redacted]

31

EX-72

6

RJL:bc

[redacted]

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

[redacted]

Mr. Algie Aaron Wells, an attorney in the office of the General Counsel of the Atomic Energy Commission, advised that his first contact with MacLean was in April, 1947, when Mr. Wells was attached to the Office of Special Projects of the Atomic Energy Commission. This was a liaison branch of the Atomic Energy Commission which had contacts with foreign governments. MacLean at that time was Secretary of the United Kingdom representation to the Combined Policy Committee which was composed of representatives of the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States, and was concerned with atomic energy matters. The matters dealt with were mainly joint problems dealing with legal matters and joint declassification guides. These guides were in an effort to have an agreement that one government would not publish information which another member of the Combined Policy Committee felt should be kept secret. MacLean, as the United Kingdom's Secretary, was usually in contact with the American Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee who was Special Assistant to the Undersecretary of State at that time. During this period this individual was Mr. Edmund A. Gullion. Mr. Wells stated that he did attend a luncheon which was given for MacLean prior to his departure from the United States. Mr. Wells felt that generally MacLean had in his possession all information concerning atomic energy of a political nature which was made available by the Atomic Energy Commission to the British Embassy. Mr. Wells did not feel that MacLean had scientific information concerning atomic energy matters available to him because such matters were not handled by the British Embassy.

Mr. Roy B. Snapp was interviewed and advised that he had been Chief of the Office of Special Projects since the inception of the Atomic Energy Commission and had become Secretary of the Commission in September or October, 1947. He said that his contacts with MacLean began in January, 1947, and terminated upon his being named Secretary of the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp described MacLean as the British Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee, in which capacity MacLean acted as a liaison agent between the British Embassy and the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp stated that MacLean was Secretary to the British Delegation of the Combined Policy Committee and stated that in this position MacLean would have been aware of what was going on at the highest levels regarding matters of policy in connection with atomic energy.

[redacted]

June 11, 1951

SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

[redacted]

cg 1-1

cg 5-1

URSUB, WAS [redacted]; ESP-R. [redacted]

IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT MacLEAN WAS ON POLICY COMMITTEE SET UP BETWEEN BRITISH, CANADA, AND U.S. RE ATOMIC ENERGY. MacLEAN REPORTEDLY HAD INFO ON ALLOCATION URANIUM ORES, ATOMIC PRODUCTION AND EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL INFO. HE ATTENDED DECLASSIFICATION CONFERENCE IN FORTYSEVEN WHICH ALSO WAS ATTENDED BY FUCHS. RECORDS AEC REFLECT HE VISITED CARROLL L. WILSON, FORMER GENERAL MANAGER, AEC, ON NUMEROUS OCCASIONS DURING FORTYSEVEN AND FORTYEIGHT. WILSON BELIEVED PRESENTLY CONNECTED WITH CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM CO., FIVE HUNDRED FIFTH AVENUE, NYC. [redacted] HE SHOULD BE INTERVIEWED IN THIS INSTANCE HOWEVER TO DETERMINE EXTENT TO WHICH MacLEAN HAD ACCESS TO ATOMIC ENERGY INFO. THIS INTERVIEW SHOULD BE HANDLED BY EXPERIENCED AGENT WHO SHOULD BE VERY CIRCUMSPECT IN HIS CONTACT WITH WILSON. [redacted]

8

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO MR. BELMONT

DATE: June 11, 1951

FROM MR. HENNRICH [redacted]

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was: [redacted]
ESPIONAGE - R

N 5-1
W 4-1

PURPOSE

To recommend that we do interview Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC, now with the Climax Molybdenum Co., 500 5th Avenue, New York City, to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information. MacLean was in contact with Wilson on a number of occasions during 1947 and 1948, at which time MacLean was handling matters for the British of a policy nature relative to atomic energy. We do not ordinarily interview Wilson [redacted] but it is believed advisable to do so in this instance. There is attached a teletype to New York instructing them to interview Wilson. [redacted]

G.I.R.-1

DETAILS

In Mr. Nichol's memorandum of June 8, 1951, it was set forth that MacLean had been on a policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and United States Governments, which committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores and joint activities relative to atomic energy. [The records of the Atomic Energy Commission reflect MacLean contacted Carroll L. Wilson on December 12 and 13, 1947; January 29, February 27, April 16, and May 17 and 29, 1948]

You will recall that we do not ordinarily interview Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the AEC, [redacted]

It is believed advisable to interview Mr. Wilson at the present time to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information and the extent to which he knew of the joint efforts of the British and American Governments in this field.

RJL:hc COPIES DESTROYED

[redacted]

92 APR 9 1963

RECORDED - 8
INDEXED - 8

Attachments [redacted]

EX. - 48

65 JUN 29 1951

[redacted]

9

317

[redacted]

RECOMMENDATION

There is attached hereto a teletype to the New York Office instructing them to interview Mr. Carroll Wilson, who is presently believed to be connected with the Climax Molybdenum Co., 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City. The New York Office is being instructed that this matter be handled by an experienced agent [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

10

[redacted]

This document consists of 2 pages
No. 1 of 12 Copies, Series A

UNITED STATES
ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

JUL 1 0 1951

Dear Mr. Hoover: [redacted]

Reference is made to your letter and summary of information dated June 19, 1951, concerning Donald Duart MacLean and Guy Francis de Moncy Burgess. You asked that we prepare a paper showing in some detail the extent of damage done through MacLean representing the British Embassy during 1947 and 1948 on matters dealing with the political aspects of atomic energy and through his work on the Combined Development Agency. The above would be assuming that MacLean was either a Soviet agent or has defected to the Soviet Union.

In February 1947, MacLean was designated by his Government to act as the United Kingdom's Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee concerned with atomic energy matters, composed of representatives of the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada. The AEC representation on the Combined Policy Committee began in September 1947. MacLean's duties involved the handling with his Canadian and American counterparts of those atomic energy matters of concern to his Government which come under the purview of the Combined Policy Committee. In connection with these duties, MacLean had opportunity to have access to the information shared by the several countries in the fields of patents, declassification matters, and the research and development relating to the procurement and beneficiation of URANITE PROCESSING materials from foreign sources by the Combined Development Agency.

In his capacity as UK Secretary of the CPC he took part in the negotiations which resulted in the Modus Vivendi which governs the atomic energy relations among the three governments since January 1948. During the course of these negotiations, MacLean had access to information relating to the estimates made at that time of ore supply available to the three governments through 1952; requirements of uranium for the atomic energy programs within the three governments during that period; and the definition of scientific areas in which the three governments deemed technical cooperation could be accomplished with mutual benefit.

RECORDED - 92
INDEXED - 92

[redacted]

Some of the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 was classified Top Secret and would then have been of interest to the Soviet Union.

MacLean did not have access to fissionable material production data but we have considered the question of whether stockpile data could have been calculated from the raw materials information available to MacLean in connection with his duties in 1947-48 and believe that only a rough order of magnitude estimate of presently existing or prospective stockpile of fissionable material could be derived from that information. We have tested this out by calculations from those data, and find that the results would be widely misleading as to our present or prospective position in fissionable materials stockpile. Since 1946 there has been no exchange of information with the United Kingdom and Canada concerning fissionable material production processes, weapon technology and development, or stockpiles of fissionable materials and weapons.

The estimates of raw materials supply that were used in Combined Policy Committee calculations of 1947 were much under the actual supplies received in that period. Subsequent to MacLean's transfer from Washington, the fissionable material production schedules have been expanded considerably over the estimate of such schedules for 1948 through 1952 made in 1947 and to which MacLean had access. Therefore, we do not believe that the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 would now be of any appreciable aid to the Soviet Union because of the changes in the rate and scale of the United States program which have taken place in the intervening years.

We will appreciate any further information concerning MacLean which will help us in further assessing possible damage to our program.

Sincerely yours,

UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Gerald Glennan

[redacted]

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

[redacted]

n AEC-196
y 14, 1947)

U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

CLASSIFIED MATERIAL RECEIPT

POSTAL REGISTRY NO.

DATE MAILED

JUL 1 0 1951

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

FROM

The Acting Chairman
U. S. Atomic Energy Commission
Washington, D. C.

Room 2113 Post Building

RUCTIONS:

1. Original of this receipt to be signed personally by recipient and returned to
2. Duplicate to be retained by recipient.
3. Triplicate to be retained by sender in suspense file.
4. AVOID IDENTIFYING MATERIAL BELOW IN ANY MANNER WHICH MIGHT NECESSITATE CLASSIFICATION OF THIS RECEIPT.

CRIPTION (CHECK OR INDICATE)	DATE OF DOCUMENT LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	FROM—	REFERENCE OR FILE NO.	ADDRESSED TO—
X				
re of copy:				
X		above	SV:CAP	above
X	(Ltr re MacLean)			
ber of enclosures and achments:				

IFICATE

I have personally received from the sender the material, including enclosures and attachments, as entified above. I assume full responsibility for the safe handling, storage, and transmittal clos- re of this material in full accordance with existing regulations.

DISPATCHED

ATURE OF COURIER

SIGNATURE OF RECIPIENT

RECEIVED

DATE RECEIVED

[redacted]

13

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
JOINT COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY

COPY July 31, 1951 COPY

The Honorable J. Howard McGrath
Attorney General
Washington, D. C.

[redacted]

Dear Mr. Attorney General:

In my capacity as Chairman of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, I would appreciate receiving from you, in such manner as you may deem best, your most recent information concerning Donald D. MacLean. Specifically, I should like to know:

1. Such verified information as you may have concerning his present whereabouts and status.

2. What information you have indicating that MacLean may have been involved in espionage during the time he had access to atomic data.

3. If he did engage in espionage, what other individuals were involved with him?

4. Is it known, or believed, that he had classified documents with him at the time of his disappearance, and if so, please comment on their character and importance.

5. What is your latest estimate as to the extent and importance to the Soviets of the atomic information available to him?

6. What information pertinent to the atomic program can you supply regarding the British scientists, Drs. E. M. Burhop and Kathleen Lonsdale?

I am requesting this same information from the AEC, CIA, and the Department of State.

Your cooperation in supplying this information, as expeditiously as possible, will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

s/ Brien McMahon
Chairman

COPY COPIES DESTROYED
02 APR 9 1963

[redacted]nt Committee on Atomic
Energy
Classified Document No. [redacted]

14

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson DATE: June 8, 1951

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: DONALD D. MAC LEAN [redacted]

William Borden, executive director of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, advised me confidentially that in the early days of the Manhattan Engineering District there was a combined policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and U. S. governments. This committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores, going into the joint activities of the Manhattan Engineering District and subsequently of passing upon and handling the exchange of technical information. The combined policy committee had a secretariat composed of one representative of each of the three countries. From April 1947 until July 1948, MacLean was the British member of the secretariat.

G.L.R.-1

As such, MacLean had detailed information on the allocation of ores, atomic production and the exchange of technical information. He also attended the first declassification conference in 1947 as a visitor, while the British delegate was Dr. Klaus Fuchs.

Borden told me that the Joint Committee had requested AEC to prepare an estimate of how much knowledge MacLean could have had. He also told me confidentially that one scientist intimately associated with the atomic project has stated that if MacLean were a spy during the days when he was connected with the secretariat he could have had access to considerable information; however, the matter is now problematical as to how much MacLean had inasmuch as he was not a technical man.

The thought occurs to me that it might be well for our liaison to make a routine inquiry at the Atomic Energy Commission for any information they might have of any atomic information which was made available to MacLean.

I thanked Borden for the information.

cc: [redacted]
cc: [redacted]

RECORDED - 135
EX. - 99

JUN 26 1951

File

LBN:hmc

Liaison already has done so & didn't get as much information as Borden furnished. It is obvious that A.E.C. is not particularly cooperative in this matter. H

15

JUN 29 1951

copy;bw

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

September 20, 19

James M. McInerney, Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division

JMM:JJCn:erm

Monthly Report to the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy

146-41-15

[redacted]

The Atomic Energy Commission has advised this Division that it plans on reporting to the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy for the current month on the status of three cases. These cases are:

1) Edgar Leo Bunch
Erda Vaughn Cockrum, Sr.

2) UNKNOWN SUBJECT:

Abee Unit tubes numbers
X 10-25SM
X 10-25SNJ
X 10-38SNJ

3) Donald Duart MacLean
Guy F. de Moncy Burgess

In connection with the latter case the Department's files fail to reflect that any investigation concerning these individuals has been conducted. As you will recall, MacLean and Burgess are the two British Foreign Service officers who recently disappeared. The Atomic Energy Commission has advised that they plan to report to the Joint Committee concerning the location of Mrs. MacLean, and the fact that newspaper reports indicating that MacLean had been located are, according to British sources, unfounded.

In accordance with previously established procedures, I will appreciate it if you will advise as expeditiously as possible if you have any observations in this regard, especially as may relate to the effect of disclosure at this time to the Joint Congressional Committ on the conduct of any pending investigation.

In view of the fact that these procedures have been established in order to expedite the monthly report of the Atomic Energy Commission to the Joint Congressional Committee, it will be appreciated if you wil treat this as a matter of urgency and deliver your reply by hand to [redacted] Internal Security Section, Room 2212.

[redacted]

NOT RECORDED
98 1951 OCT 5

SE 19

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 8, 1951

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: DONALD D. MAC LEAN [redacted]

William Borden, executive director of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, advised me confidentially that in the early days of the Manhattan Engineering District there was a combined policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and U. S. governments. This committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores, going into the joint activities of the Manhattan Engineering District and subsequently of passing upon and handling the exchange of technical information. The combined policy committee had a secretariat composed of one representative of each of the three countries. From April 1947 until July 1948, MacLean was the British member of the secretariat.

G.L.R.-1

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The thought occurs to me that it might be well for our liaison to make a routine inquiry at the Atomic Energy Commission for any information they might have of any atomic information which was made available to MacLean.

I thanked Borden for the information. [redacted]

cc: [redacted]
cc: [redacted]

RECORDED - 135
EX. - 99

JUN 26 1951

LBN:hmc

JUN 29 1951

Dixon already has done so & didn't get as much information as Borden furnished. It is obvious that A.E.C. is not particularly cooperative in this matter. H

17

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMEN

TO : Mr. D. M. Ladd [redacted] DATE: June 8, 1951

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was.
[redacted]
ESPIONAGE - R

Mr. William L. Borden of the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy today advised Mr. Nichols that there was possibly an Atomic Energy aspect with respect to Mr. Donald D. McLean, the British diplomat who has allegedly disappeared into the Soviet Union.

A check with the Atomic Energy Commission Headquarters reflects no record of either McLean or Burgess receiving a clearance for Atomic information, however, a check of the alien visitor con records reveals twenty visits to AEC Headquarters building by McL from August 6, 1947, to June 11, 1948. These visits were made to the following individuals: Roy B. Snapp, P. J. Eaton, A. A. Wells J. A. Gustafson and C. L. Wilson (Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC).

A record was also found which indicated that McLean attended a special meeting on declassification on November 14, 15 and 16, 1947. Dr. Klaus Fuchs was also in attendance at these meetings. No record was found on Burgess.

AEC informs that their records do not reflect the purpos of any of the visits and that this information would have to be obtained from the persons whom McLean visited.

There is attached a copy of an interoffice memorandum which was confidentially furnished to Agent Bates of the Liaison Section by Mr. Bruce Ithus, Acting Director of Security, AEC.

ACTION:

This is for your information.

CWB:mhf

RECORDED - 135

JUN 26 1951

[redacted]

65 JUN 29 1951

[redacted]

18

JUN 7 1951

J. A. Waters, Director of Security

Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations
DONALD MACLEAN AND GUY FRANCIS DEMUNCY BURGESS

SYMBOL: SWA:MAD

After noting the headline in the Washington Daily News for June 7, 1951, on subjects reported departure from England to Russia, a review was made of the alien visitor control records for this Headquarters and this office, accordingly, submits the following information:

MACLEAN: Date	Whom Visited:
1. August 6, 1947	Roy B. Snapp
2. September 26, 1947	P. J. Eaton
3. October 9, 1947	" " "
4. October 29, 1947	" " "
5. December 11, 1947	Not indicated
6. December 12, 1947	C. L. Wilson
7. December 13, 1947	C. L. Wilson
8. January 29, 1948	" " "
9. February 16, 1948	A. A. Wells
10. February 19, 1948	" " "
11. February 27, 1948	C. L. Wilson
12. March 1, 1948	P. J. Eaton
13. April 16, 1948	C. L. Wilson
14. April 19, 1948	P. J. Eaton
15. May 17, 1948	C. L. Wilson
16. May 29, 1948	" " "
17. June 4, 1948	P. J. Eaton
18. June 8, 1948	J. K. Gustafson
19. June 10, 1948	" " "
20. June 11, 1947	" " "

No record was found on BURGESS.

In addition to the above information, a record was found that indicated that MACLEAN attended a special meeting on declassification on November 14, 15, and 16, 1947. In this group, Dr. Klaus Fuchs was also in attendance.

In the event any further information is desired or information in greater detail, this office will be glad to be of service.

19

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 13 1951 [redacted]

TELETYPE

CONF WASHINGTON & WASH FIELD FROM NEW YORK 35 13 [redacted] 32P

DIRECTOR & SAC URGENT

UNSUB, [redacted] ESP - R. REBUTEL JUNE ELEVENTH LAST.
CARROLL WILSON, CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM CO., NYC, INTERVIEWED TODAY.
WILSON STATES FIRST MET DONALD MAC LEAN IN FORTYSEVEN AT MEETING OF
COMBINED DEVELOPMENT TRUST OF WHICH WILSON WAS CHAIRMAN.
MAC LEAN NOT MEMBER OF TRUST BUT AS ASST. TO SIR GORDON MONROE, U.K.
REPRESENTATIVE. MAC LEAN ATTENDED ALL MEETINGS OF TRUST FROM MARCH,
FORTYSEVEN UNTIL HE LEFT US. TRUST COMPOSED OF US, U.K. AND CANAD-
IAN MEMBERS AND PURPOSE WAS TO DEVELOPE INFORMATION CONCERNING LOCATION
AND AVAILABILITY OF RAW MATERIALS FOR ATOMIC PRODUCTION, NEGOTIATIONS
FOR ACQUIRING THESE RAW MATERIALS AND ALLOCATION OF RAW MATERIALS.
TRUST MEETINGS OCCURRED INTERMITTENTLY SOMETIMES TWO OR THREE TIMES
A MONTH, WHILE OTHER TIMES NO MEETINGS TOOK PLACE FOR ONE OR TWO
MONTHS. WILSON SAID MAC LEAN ALSO A U.K. REPRESENTATIVE ON COMBINED
POLICY COMMITTEE OF WHICH SECRETARY OF STATE WAS CHAIRMAN. THIS
COMMITTEE DISCUSSED POLICY IN FIELD OF ATOMIC ENERGY. WILSON
STATES IDENTITIES OF THOSE ON COMMITTEE AND TRUST AND RECORDS

COPIES DESTROYED
APR 9 1963
END PAGE ONE [redacted]

62 JUL 5 1951

RECORDED - 137

JUN 28 1951

EX-138 [redacted]

20

[redacted]

OF DISCUSSIONS AT MEETINGS ALL IN AEC FILES. RECALLS MAC LEAN ATTENDED THREE DAY DECLASSIFICATION CONFERENCE HELD IN OCT., FORTY SEVEN. DISCUSSIONS AT THIS CONFERENCE LIMITED TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY INFORMATION HELD IN COMMON BY US, CANADA AND U.K. DURING WAR. ALSO INCLUDED DISCUSSION OF ATOMIC WEAPONS. KLAUS FUCHS ATTENDED THIS CONFERENCE. WILSON STATES HE NEVER KNEW MACLEAN WELL THOUGH MET HIM OCCASIONALLY AT WASHINGTON COCKTAIL PARTIES. WILSON ATTENDED FAREWELL PARTY FOR MAC LEAN IN LATTER-S HOME IN WASHINGTON, SUMMER OF FORTY EIGHT. FORTY OR FIFTY PEOPLE PRESENT. WILSON NEVER HAD ANY DISCUSSIONS OR "BULL SESSIONS" WITH MAC LEAN AND HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF MAC LEAN-S POLITICAL INCLINATIONS. RECALLS MAC LEAN AS PLEASANT AND EASY GOING BUT NOT TENSE AND NOT GARRULOUS. HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF CLOSE ASSOCIATES OF MAC LEAN OR FAMILY.

[redacted]

44

HOLD PLS

TWO COPIES WFO

[redacted] CC: [redacted]

21

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT [redacted] DATE: June 9, 1951

FROM : MR. C. E. HENWRICH

SUBJECT: UNSUB, was. [redacted]
ESPIONAGE - R

A memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Ladd, dated June 8, reflects that Donald MacLean, the missing British diplomat, between August 1947 and June 1948, at the Atomic Energy Commission, was in touch with Roy B. Snapp, P. J. Eaton, A. A. Wells, and J. K. Gustafson. The AEC has advised that MacLean was not cleared for classified information and that to determine why he was in touch with the above individuals, it would be necessary to conduct interviews with them.

ACTION:

I called ASAC [redacted] of the WFO and instructed that interviews be conducted with the above-mentioned individuals in order to determine the purpose of MacLean's contact with them.

A separate memorandum is being prepared regarding a proposed interview with Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC, with whom MacLean was also in contact at the AEC.

CEH:LL

[redacted]

RECORDED - 135

JUN 28 1951

INDEXED - 135

EX-130

76 JUL 5 1951 [redacted]

[redacted]

6-9-51

NGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD 9 8:45 P [redacted]

RECTOR AND SAC [redacted] DEFERRED

UNSUB, WAS. [redacted] ET AL, ESPIONAGE DASH R. RE BUREAU INSTRUCTIONS TO INTERVIEW ROY B. SNAPP, P. J. EATON, A. A. WELLS, AND JOHN K. GUSTAFSON, ALL OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, TO DETERMINE PURPOSE OF DONALD DUART MACLEAN'S CONTACTS WITH THEM BETWEEN AUGUST SIX, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, AND JUNE ELEVEN, NINETEEN FORTY SIX. P. J. EATON IS PRESENTLY SERVING AS BRITISH SECRETARY OF THE COMBINED DEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF AEC AND UNLESS ADVISED TO THE CONTRARY HE WILL NOT BE INTERVIEWED. GUSTAFSON IS REPORTED TO HAVE LEFT AEC APPROXIMATELY A YEAR AND A HALF AGO AND TO BE PRESENTLY EMPLOYED BY THE MARK A. HANNA MINING COMPANY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO. CLEVELAND HAS BEEN REQUESTED TO SUTEL RESULTS OF INTERVIEW WITH HIM. ALGIE AARON WELLS, ATTORNEY, OFFICE OF GENERAL CONSEL, AEC, ADVISED HIS FIRST CONTACT WITH MACLEAN WAS IN APRIL, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, WHEN WELLS WAS ATTACHED TO THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS OF AEC. WELLS EXPLAINED THAT OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS WAS ACTUALLY A LIAISON BRANCH OF THE AEC WHICH HAD CONTACT WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS. MACLEAN WAS SECRETARY OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

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REPRESENTATION TO THE COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE PAREN CPC END PAREN. THE CPC ACCORDING TO WELLS IS COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES OF U. K., CANADA, AND U. S. AND THE CPC IS CONCERNED WITH ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS. IN APRIL, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, AEC WAS NOT REPRESENTED ON THE CPC BUT AEC WAS CONCERNED WITH SEVERAL MATTERS THAT CPC ACTED UPON. THESE MATTERS WERE MAINLY JOINT PROBLEMS DEALING WITH LAW PROBLEMS AND JOINT DECLASSIFICATION GUIDES. WELLS ADVISED THAT THE FUNCTION OF THE JOINT DECLASSIFICATION GUIDES WAS TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT ONE GOVERNMENT DID NOT PUBLISH INFORMATION THAT ANOTHER MEMBER OF CPC FELT SHOULD BE KEPT SECRET. AS U. K.'S SECRETARY OF CPC, WELLS STATED THAT MACLEAN'S CONTACTS WERE USUALLY THROUGH THE AMERICAN SECRETARY OF THE CPC WHO WAS SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE AT THAT TIME. THIS INDIVIDUAL WAS IDENTIFIED BY WELLS AS EDMUND A. GULLION. MR. WELLS FELT THAT GULLION IS PRESENTLY WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT SERVING IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY IN THE CAPACITY OF A MINISTER. WELLS FURTHER ADVISED IN CONNECTION WITH HIS CONTACT WITH MACLEAN THAT FROM TIME TO TIME THERE WOULD BE MEETINGS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES OF THE CPC AND MACLEAN ATTENDED MOST OF THESE MEETINGS DURING NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN AND UNTIL HE WAS TRANSFERRED IN NINETEEN FORTY EIGHT. WELLS WAS ALSO PRESENT DURING THE MEETINGS OF THESE SUB COMMITTEES. HE ADVISED THAT THIS WAS THE SOLE BASIS OF HIS CONTACT WITH MACLEAN CONCERNING AEC MATTERS. HE STATED HE HAD LITTLE SOCIAL CONTACT WHICH AMOUNTED TO ATTENDING A FEW COCKTAIL PARTIES AND PRIOR TO MACLEAN'S LEAVING FOR ENGLAND, AEC OFFICIALS FAMILIAR WITH HIM ARRANGED A LUNCHEON IN HIS HONOR. CONCERNING MACLEAN'S BACKGROUND, WELLS ADVISED HE KNEW VERY LITTLE WITH THE

[redacted]

[redacted]

EXCEPTION THAT HE DID REMEMBER MACLEAN MENTIONED HE HAD MARRIED AN AMERICAN GIRL. WELLS KNEW NOTHING ELSE CONCERNING MACLEAN'S FAMILY LIFE OR HIS ACTIVITIES. HE ALSO ADVISED HE NOTICED NO TENDENCIES OF A PRO COMMUNIST NATURE ON MACLEAN'S PART. IN REGARD TO INFORMATION TO WHICH MACLEAN IN HIS CAPACITY ON THE CPC, HAD ACCESS, MR. WELLS ADVISED THAT HE IS NOT IN A POSITION TO FURNISH THE SPECIFIC INFORMATION WHICH WAS MADE AVAILABLE TO MACLEAN, BUT THAT IT IS IN POSSESSION OF THE AEC. WELLS, HOWEVER, ADVISED THAT GENERALLY MACLEAN HAD IN HIS POSSESSION ALL INFORMATION CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY OF A POLITICAL NATURE WHICH WAS MADE AVAILABLE BY THE AEC TO THE BRITISH EMBASSY. WELLS DID NOT FEEL THAT MACLEAN HAD SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS AVAILABLE TO HIM BECAUSE MATTERS OF SCIENTIFIC NATURE WERE NOT HANDLED BY THE BRITISH EMBASSY BUT ARE HANDLED BY A SPECIAL BRANCH OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT DEALING ONLY WITH THE SCIENTIFIC ASPECTS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND HAS OFFICES IN WASHINGTON, D. C. WELLS ADVISED THAT ALTHOUGH MACLEAN WAS NOT APPOINTED SECRETARY OF THE U. K. REPRESENTATION TO CPC UNTIL APRIL, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, IT WAS WELL'S PERSONAL OPINION THAT UNDOUBTEDLY THE BRITISH HAD GROOMED HIM FOR THE POSITION OF SECRETARY, THEREFORE, HE PROBABLY HAD ACCESS TO INFORMATION OF POLITICAL NATURE CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY PRIOR TO NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN. ROY B. SNAPP WAS INTERVIEWED TODAY AND ADVISED THAT HE HAD BEEN CHIEF OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS SINCE THE INCEPTION OF THE AEC AND HAD BECOME SECRETARY OF THE COMMISSION IN SEPTEMBER OR OR OCTOBER, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN. SNAPP STATED THAT HIS CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN STARTED IN JANUARY OF NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN AND TERMINATED UPON HIS BEING NAMED SECRETARY. SNAPP DESCRIBED MACLEAN AS THE BRITISH SECRETARY OF THE COMBINED

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POLICY COMMITTEE IN WHICH CAPACITY HE ACTED AS LIAISON AGENT BETWEEN THE BRITISH AND AEC. SNAPP STATED THAT DURING THE ABOVE PERIOD HE HAD OCCASION TO CALL MACLEAN ONCE OR TWICE A MONTH AND TO SEE HIM PERSONALLY ON AN AVERAGE OF ONCE A MONTH. SNAPP STATED THAT THESE CONTACTS WERE VERY IMPERSONAL AND THAT HE NEVER KNEW MACLEAN WELL BUT THAT MACLEAN IMPRESSED HIM AS AN ABLE, CAPABLE, AND STABLE PERSON. SNAPP STATED THAT MACLEAN WAS SECRETARY TO THE BRITISH DELEGATION OF THE CPC WHICH COMMITTEE DETERMINED JOINT POLICY, SECURITY, FUTURE PROJECTION, ETC. SNAPP STATED THAT AS BRITISH SECRETARY OF THIS COMMITTEE MACLEAN WOULD BE AWARE OF WHAT WAS GOING ON AT THE HIGHEST LEVELS REGARDING MATTERS OF POLICY IN CONNECTION WITH ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS BUT THAT HIS WORK HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH TECHNICAL INFORMATION CONCERNING ATOMIC ENERGY. SNAPP FURTHER STATED THAT FOR A TIME HE WAS SECRETARY OF THE COMBINED DEVELOPMENT AGENCY AND THAT P. J. EATON WAS AND STILL IS THE BRITISH SECRETARY OF THIS AGENCY. SNAPP STATED THAT THIS AGENCY DEALS FOR THE MOST PART WITH RAW MATERIALS AND ORES. SNAPP STATED THAT HE ALSO HELD THIS POSITION FROM JANUARY TO SEPTEMBER OR OCTOBER, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, BUT THAT IT WAS AS A RESULT OF HIS DUTIES AS CHIEF OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS THAT BROUGHT HIM INTO CONTACT WITH MACLEAN. SNAPP STATED, HOWEVER, THAT MOST OF HIS CONTACTS WITH THE BRITISH WERE WITH EATON. SNAPP FURTHER STATED THAT CLOSE CONTACT WITH THE BRITISH WAS NOT HAD DURING THE ABOVE PERIOD BECAUSE AT THE TERMINATION OF WORLD WAR TWO THE BRITISH DID THEIR OWN WORK IN CONNECTION WITH ATOMIC ENERGY MATTERS. SNAPP STATED THAT ALTHOUGH HIS CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN WERE LIMITED HE WOULD HAVE LIKED TO HAVE SEEN AND KNOWN HIM SOCIALLY BUT HAD AS

[redacted]

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A MATTER OF FACT NEVER SEEN HIM OUTSIDE OF OFFICIAL CONTACTS. REGARDING OTHERS WHO HAD CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN, A. A. WELLS ADVISED THAT OTHER THAN GUSTAFSON, SNAPP, AND EATON, CARROLL WILSON, FORMER GENERAL MANAGER OF THE AEC, NOW WITH THE CLIMAX URANIUM COMPANY PAREN BRANCH OF CLIMAX LUYBIDIENEUM PAREN PH END PAREN COMPANY IN NY END PAREN; JOSEPH VOLPE, FORMER ASSOCIATE GENERAL CONSEL, AEC, AND PRACTICING LAW, WASHINGTON, D. C.; JOHN HALL, PRESENT HEAD OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL PROJECTS OF AEC, AND WELLS BELIEVED THAT PERHAPS ALL AEC COMMISSIONERS HAD CONTACT WITH MACLEAN. THE NY OFFICE IS REQUESTED TO INTERVIEW CARROLL WILSON REGARDING HIS CONTACTS WITH MACLEAN. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT BUREAU LIAISON WITH ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION CONTACT THE COMMISSION TO ASCERTAIN THE EXACT INFORMATION TO WHICH MACLEAN HAD ACCESS. IN OBTAINING THIS INFORMATION IT IS ALSO SUGGESTED THAT BUREAU LIAISON CONTACT ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSIONERS WHO ARE REPORTED TO HAVE HAD CONTACT WITH MACLEAN. IT IS FURTHER REQUESTED THAT THE BUREAU MAKE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS THAT EDMUND A. GULLION BE INTERVIEWED AT HIS PRESENT POST OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OVERSEAS, EXACT WHEREABOUTS NOT KNOWN TO THIS OFFICE. UNLESS ADVISED TO THE CONTRARY THE WFO WILL INTERVIEW JOSEPH VOLPE AND JOHN HALL. REBUTEL JUNE EIGHT, NINETEEN FIFTY ONE REQUESTING CHECK OF INDICES ON BURGESS, WFO INDICES REFLECT HIM TO HAVE BEEN ALTERNATE MEMBER U. K.'S DELEGATION OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION FROM AUGUST SEVEN, NINETEEN FIFTY, TO NOVEMBER TWENTY SEVEN, NINETEEN FIFTY. AS OF SEPTEMBER TWELVE, NINETEEN FIFTY, HE WAS LISTED AS

[redacted]

[redacted]

A U. K.'S ALTERNATE ON THE QUOTE STEERING UNQUOTE AND QUOTE REPARATIONS UNQUOTE COMMITEES AND U. K. REPRESENTATIVE OF THE QUOTE STRENGTHENING OF DEMOCRATIC TENDENCIES UNQUOTE COMMITTEE, QUOTE WAR CRIMINALS UNQUOTE COMMITTEE, QUOTE ALIENS IN JAPAN UNQUOTE COMMITTEE, AND OF THE QUOTE OCCUPATION COSTS UNQUOTE AND QUOTE FINANCIAL AND MONETARY PROBLEMS UNQUOTE SUB COMMITTEES. THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION IS COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES OF ELEVEN NATIONS AND WAS ESTABLISHED TO REPLACE THE FAR EASTERN ADVISORY COMMISSION AT THE MOSCOW MEETING OF FOREIGN SECRETARIES IN DECEMBER, NINETEEN FORTY FIVE. UNDER ITS TERMS OF REFERENCE THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION HAS TWO PRINCIPAL FUNCTIONS. ONE, QUOTE TO FORMULATE THE POLICIES, PRINCIPALS, AND STANDARDS IN CONFORMITY WITH WHICH THE FULFILIMENT THAT JAPAN UNDER ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE TERMS OF SURRENDER MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED END QUOTE AND TWO, QUOTE TO REVIEW ON THE REQUEST OF ANY MEMBER, ANY DIRECTIVE ISSUED TO THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS OR ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE SUPREME COMMANDER, INVOLVING POLICY DIRECTIVES WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE COMMISSION UNQUOTE. WFO HAS CONTACTED THE LAFAYETTE HOTEL, WASHINGTON, D. C., IN AN EFFORT TO VERIFY MACLEAN'S RESIDENCE DURING THE YEAR NINETEEN FORTY EIGHT. THESE RECORDS, HOWEVER, COULD NOT BE MADE AVAILABLE OVER THE WEEK END AND THEY WILL BE REVIEWED ON JUNE ELEVEN, NINETEEN FIFTY ONE. WFO CONTEMPLATES CONDUCTING IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTIGATIONS OF ALL KNOWN RESIDENCES OF MACLEAN IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

[redacted]

[redacted]

cc: [redacted]

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: June 26, 1951

FROM : V. P. KEAY

SUBJECT: DONALD MacLEAN
GUY FRANCIS DeMONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

There is attached a copy of a memorandum from Mr. Bryan LaPlante, Chief of the Washington Area Security Office, Atomic Energy Commission, to Captain Waters, Director of Security. This memorandum furnishes additional information regarding visits made by MacLean to AEC offices.

In addition, Mr. LaPlante has advised Agent [redacted] of the Liaison Section that he was recently contacted by former AEC Commissioner Lewis Strauss. Strauss informed La Plante that he was concerned about the MacLean matter and commented that he had strenuously objected to MacLean's being permitted into the AEC headquarters building without a clearance. Strauss told LaPlante that he seemed to recall that former General Manager Carroll Wilson's wife might possible be related to MacLean. He knew that Wilson's wife was born in England. Strauss felt this might explain why Wilson allowed MacLean entrance into the building without a proper pass and might also explain the numerous visits made by MacLean with Wilson.

It will be recalled that the Bureau interviewed Wilson on June 13, 1951, regarding MacLean, at which time Wilson stated he had no knowledge of any close associates of MacLean or MacLean's family.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended this memorandum be furnished Espionage Section for its information.

ATTACHMENT

CWB:mfs

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INDEXED - 26

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[redacted]

J. A. Waters, Director of Security

Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations
DONALD MACLEAN

JAN 15 1951

SYMBOL: SWA:MAI

ATTENTION: C. A. Rolander

This is written pursuant to a request received from Mr. C. A. Palagsolo of your office and with reference to our recent memorandum of June 7, 1951, subject: DONALD MACLEAN AND GUY FRANCIS DEMONCY BURGESS.

The following information is submitted from the WASO files indicated below:

S&I, ALIENS, NO: ACCESS 2-12

1. Memo dated August 5, 1947, B. F. LaPlante to T. O. Jones. D. D. MacLean visited P. J. Eaton on July 29, 1947, with no access to Restricted Data.
2. Memo dated September 10, 1947, B. F. LaPlante to T. O. Jones. MacLean to visit R. B. Snapp with no access to Restricted Data.

Note: The remaining papers of interest in this file contain essentially the same information supplied in our memorandum of June 7, 1951.

MERCHANT FILE

1. Memo from C. L. Wilson, General Manager, to LaPlante, dated November 5, 1947, authorizing issuance of non-escort visitor badge to MacLean.
2. Memo to file dated January 5, 1950, subject: Turnover of British Mission Office Personnel, - states "MacLean placed on non-escort list, to replace P.J. Eaton while latter is on vacation."
3. P. J. Eaton to LaPlante dated August 27, 1947. Remove MacLean from non-escort list.

S&I SPECIAL CLEARANCE FILE, ALIENS 4-1 AND INTERNATIONAL DECLASSIFICATION MEETING, NOV. 14, 15, 16, 1947, FILE 4-1

1. Memo from Dorothy Dean to T. O. Jones, dated August 6, 1947, concerning MacLean, Fuchs, et. al, attending referenced meeting.

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE

[redacted]

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[redacted]

2. Letter dated 19 August 1947 from C. L. Wilson to Dr. F. N. Woodward, UK Scientific Office, regarding purpose of meeting.
3. Memo from H. A. Fuller to LaPlante, dated November 12, 1947, subject: Members Attending the Meeting on Declassification 14, 15, 16.
4. Memo from LaPlante to Edith Grimes, dated November 12, 1947, authorized issuance of special "V" badges, non-escort for personnel to attend meeting to which MacLean, as one of 16 aliens, was invited.
5. Memo to files from L. D. Low, MASO, dated November 18, 1947, advising of services rendered by MASO personnel during and after meeting hours.
6. Memo to C. L. Wilson from LaPlante, dated February 4, 1950, subj: International Declassification Conference Held on November 14, 15, and 16, 1947, provides summary of information of security precautions taken in regard to meeting.

OTHER PERTINENT MEMORANDA:

1. Memo from Snapp to LaPlante, dated May 9, 1947, informing of list of people to attend meeting on May 14 and 15. MacLean is listed. (Does not mention type or subject of meeting.)
2. USAEC Press and Radio Release #254, dated February 3, 1950, which informs that November 14, 15, and 16, 1947 meetings were "limited to fields of information shared by the three countries, as a result of their combined wartime efforts in the development of atomic energy. The conference was arranged to insure uniform application of declassification policy by the three governments."
3. SECRET, AEC Staff Paper, Info. Memo #273, dated February 6, 1950, which incorporates, in toto, memos itemized as numbers 1, 3, 5, and 6, immediately above.

In addition to the above files, the MASO files indicated below were reviewed and no pertinent information was found that is not otherwise indicated above.

SAI - CIA, foreign
- 2-1 Classification, Downgrading and Declassification
- 2-1 Access
- 4-1 Meetings, Clearance
- 5-1 Visitor Clearance & Control
- 5-4 Receptionist
- 5-7 Exclusion Areas
- 10-3 British Mission Office
- 10-3 International Declassification Meetings
- 10-3 Existence of British Mission
- 10-3 Foreign General

Receptionist's Alien Visitor File

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[redacted]

[redacted]

Your attention is invited to our memorandum of June 7, 1951, which stated that MacLean and Dr. Fuchs attended the November 14, 15, and 16, 1947 meetings. This should be corrected to read that they were to attend the meetings, but no record is available in this office to indicate whether they actually attended the meetings held on these dates.

This office contemplates no additional action on this case unless directed otherwise by you.

Distribution: Visits to AEC Headquarters
Visitor Control
Reading
Dispatch

tvf-6/14/51

[redacted]

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 26, 1951

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: DONALD McLEAN
GUY BURGESS

Admiral Lewis Strauss called metoday and advised that he had been going over some papers at his home this last weekend and that he found that Carroll Wilson, who was General Manager, had given a pass to Donald McLean in November of 1947 which required no escort and permitted McLean to go anywhere in the Atomic Energy headquarters.

Admiral Strauss stated that at the same time, high Army and Navy officials were required to have escorts in going through the building. Admiral Strauss stated that he had a copy of this order among his papers.

I told him we would like to have a copy of this for our files some time. He agreed to furnish it.

DML:dad

I was always required to have no escort.

H.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT

DATE: July 3, 1951

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: DONALD MCLEAN

Admiral Lewis Strauss called on July 3 and advised that he had checked and found that he had a copy of a memorandum authorizing a pass to the AEC Building in his possession, that it was not a signed copy. It read as follows: "November 5, 1947. Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort badge to Mr. Donald McLean of the British Embassy. (signed) Wilson"

He stated that undoubtedly the original of this would be available in the Atomic Energy files.

See attached
obtained by Bates
7-9-51

DML:dcd

ENCL

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16

JUL 17 1951

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Mr. Bryan F. LaPlante

November 5, 1947

Carroll L. Wilson

Issuance of Non-escort Visitors Badge to Mr. Donald Maclean

Authority is hereby given to issue a non-escort visitor's badge to Mr. Donald Maclean of the British Embassy.

Sgd. C. L. Wilson
CARROLL L. WILSON

Certified to be a true copy:

Bryan F. LaPlante 11/6/

Bryan F. LaPlante, Chief
Washington Area Security Operations

35

ENCLOSURE

[redacted]

[redacted]

June 22, 1951

UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was:
[redacted]

As you are aware, from 1947 until his departure in 1948, Donald MacLean was active in connection with political discussions dealing with atomic energy. We have conducted a number of interviews with persons who were associated with MacLean in connection with discussions had relative to atomic energy.

Mr. Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the Atomic Energy Commission who is now connected with the Climax Molybdenum Company in New York City, in an interview stated that he first met MacLean in 1947 at a meeting of the Combined Development Trust, of which Mr. Wilson was Chairman. He said MacLean was not a member of the Trust but was an assistant to Sir Gordon Monroe, the United Kingdom representative. MacLean attended all meetings of the Trust from 1947 until he left the United States. The Trust was composed of the United States, the United Kingdom, and Canadian representatives, and its purpose was to develop information concerning the location and availability of raw materials for atomic production, negotiations for acquiring these raw materials and allocation of the raw materials. The meetings of the Trust occurred intermittently, sometimes two or three times a month, while at other times no meetings would take place for a period of one or two months. Mr. Wilson said MacLean was also the United Kingdom representative on the Combined Policy Committee on which the Secretary of State was Chairman. This Committee discussed policies in the field of atomic energy. Mr. Wilson also recalled that MacLean attended a three-day declassification conference held in October, 1947. The discussions at this conference were limited to atomic energy information held in common by the United States, Canada, and the United Kingdom during the war. A discussion did take place regarding atomic weapons. Mr. Wilson recalled that Dr. Klaus Fuchs also attended this conference. Mr. Wilson stated he never knew MacLean very well, although he met him occasionally at Washington cocktail parties. He also attended a farewell party for MacLean in the latter's home in Washington, D. C. in the summer of 1948, at which forty or fifty people were present.

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Mr. John K. Gustafson of the M. A. Hanna Company, Cleveland, Ohio, in an interview advised that he was formerly the Manager of the Raw Materials Operation with the Atomic Energy Commission at Washington, D. C. from 1947 to 1949. In that capacity he had meetings with British representatives and recalled that Donald MacLean of the British Embassy attended about six meetings. He said that MacLean took no part in the discussions and appeared to be only an observer.

RECORDED - 135

JUN 25 1951

[redacted]

cc: Legat, London
Foreign Service Desk
[redacted]

EX-72

RJL:hc
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[redacted]

Mr. Algie Aaron Wells, an attorney in the office of the General Counsel of the Atomic Energy Commission, advised that his first contact with MacLean was in April, 1947, when Mr. Wells was attached to the Office of Special Projects of the Atomic Energy Commission. This was a liaison branch of the Atomic Energy Commission which had contacts with foreign governments. MacLean at that time was Secretary of the United Kingdom representation to the Combined Policy Committee which was composed of representatives of the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States, and was concerned with atomic energy matters. The matters dealt with were mainly joint problems dealing with legal matters and joint declassification guides. These guides were in an effort to have an agreement that one government would not publish information which another member of the Combined Policy Committee felt should be kept secret. MacLean, as the United Kingdom's Secretary, was usually in contact with the American Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee who was Special Assistant to the Undersecretary of State at that time. During this period this individual was Mr. Edmund A. Gullion. Mr. Wells stated that he did attend a luncheon which was given for MacLean prior to his departure from the United States. Mr. Wells felt that generally MacLean had in his possession all information concerning atomic energy of a political nature which was made available by the Atomic Energy Commission to the British Embassy. Mr. Wells did not feel that MacLean had scientific information concerning atomic energy matters available to him because such matters were not handled by the British Embassy.

Mr. Roy B. Snapp was interviewed and advised that he had been Chief of the Office of Special Projects since the inception of the Atomic Energy Commission and had become Secretary of the Commission in September or October, 1947. He said that his contacts with MacLean began in January, 1947, and terminated upon his being named Secretary of the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp described MacLean as the British Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee, in which capacity MacLean acted as a liaison agent between the British Embassy and the Atomic Energy Commission. Mr. Snapp stated that MacLean was Secretary to the British Delegation of the Combined Policy Committee and stated that in this position MacLean would have been aware of what was going on at the highest levels regarding matters of policy in connection with atomic energy.

[redacted]

June 11, 1951

SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

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URSUS, WAS [redacted]; ESP-R.

IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT MacLEAN WAS ON POLICY COMMITTEE SET UP BETWEEN BRITISH, CANADA, AND U.S. RE ATOMIC ENERGY. MacLEAN REPORTEDLY HAD INFO ON ALLOCATION URANIUM ORES, ATOMIC PRODUCTION AND EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL INFO. HE ATTENDED DECLASSIFICATION CONFERENCE IN FORTYSEVEN WHICH ALSO WAS ATTENDED BY FUCHS. RECORDS AEC REFLECT HE VISITED CARROLL L. WILSON, FORMER GENERAL MANAGER, AEC, ON NUMEROUS OCCASIONS DURING FORTYSEVEN AND FORTYEIGHT. WILSON BELIEVED PRESENTLY CONNECTED WITH CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM CO., FIVE HUNDRED FIFTH AVENUE, NYC. [redacted] HE SHOULD BE INTERVIEWED IN THIS INSTANCE HOWEVER TO DETERMINE EXTENT TO WHICH MacLEAN HAD ACCESS TO ATOMIC ENERGY INFO. THIS INTERVIEW SHOULD BE HANDLED BY EXPERIENCED AGENT WHO SHOULD BE VERY CIRCUMSPECT IN HIS CONTACT WITH WILSON.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO MR. BELMONT

DATE: June 11, 1951

FROM MR. HENNRICH

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was:
ESPIONAGE - R

N 5-1
W 4-1

PURPOSE

To recommend that we do interview Carroll Wilson, former General Manager of AEC, now with the Climax Molybdenum Co., 500 5th Avenue, New York City, to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information. MacLean was in contact with Wilson on a number of occasions during 1947 and 1948, at which time MacLean was handling matters for the British of a policy nature relative to atomic energy. We do not ordinarily interview Wilson [redacted] but it is believed advisable to do so in this instance. There is attached a teletype to New York instructing them to interview Wilson. [redacted]

G.I.R.-1

DETAILS

In Mr. Nichol's memorandum of June 8, 1951, it was set forth that MacLean had been on a policy committee represented by individuals designated by the British, Canadian and United States Governments, which committee had the responsibility of fixing allocations of uranium ores and joint activities relative to atomic energy. [The records of the Atomic Energy Commission reflect MacLean contacted Carroll L. Wilson on December 12 and 13, 1947; January 29, February 27, April 16, and May 17 and 29, 1948.]

You will recall that we do not ordinarily interview Carroll Wilson, the former General Manager of the AEC. [redacted]

It is believed advisable to interview Mr. Wilson at the present time to determine the extent to which MacLean had access to atomic energy information and the extent to which he knew of the joint efforts of the British and American Governments in this field.

RJL:hc [redacted] COPIES DESTROYED

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INDEXED - 8

Attachments ([redacted]

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RECOMMENDATION

There is attached hereto a teletype to the New York Office instructing them to interview Mr. Carroll Wilson, who is presently believed to be connected with the Climax Molybdenum Co., 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City. The New York Office is being instructed that this matter be handled by an experienced agent [redacted]

[redacted]

sent

[redacted]

40

[redacted] This document consists of 2 pages
No. 1 of 12 Copies, Series A

UNITED STATES
ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

JUL 1 0 1951

Dear Mr. Hoover: [redacted]

Reference is made to your letter and summary of information dated June 19, 1951, concerning Donald Duart MacLean and Guy Francis de Moncy Burgess. You asked that we prepare a paper showing in some detail the extent of damage done through MacLean representing the British Embassy during 1947 and 1948 on matters dealing with the political aspects of atomic energy and through his work on the Combined Development Agency. The above would be assuming that MacLean was either a Soviet agent or has defected to the Soviet Union.

In February 1947, MacLean was designated by his Government to act as the United Kingdom's Secretary of the Combined Policy Committee concerned with atomic energy matters, composed of representatives of the United States, the United Kingdom and Canada. The AEC representation on the Combined Policy Committee began in September 1947. MacLean's duties involved the handling with his Canadian and American counterparts of those atomic energy matters of concern to his Government which come under the purview of the Combined Policy Committee. In connection with these duties, MacLean had opportunity to have access to the information shared by the several countries in the fields of patents, declassification matters, and the research and development relating to the procurement and beneficiation [redacted] materials from foreign sources by the Combined Development Agency.

EXPEDITE PROCESSING. JUL 12 1951

In his capacity as UK Secretary of the CPC he took part in the negotiations which resulted in the Modus Vivendi which governs the atomic energy relations among the three governments since January 1948. During the course of these negotiations, MacLean had access to information relating to the estimates made at that time of ore supply available to the three governments through 1952; requirements of uranium for the atomic energy programs within the three governments during that period; and the definition of scientific areas in which the three governments deemed technical cooperation could be accomplished with mutual benefit.

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JUL 1 0 1951 [redacted] JUL 1 1951

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Some of the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 was classified Top Secret and would then have been of interest to the Soviet Union.

MacLean did not have access to fissionable material production data but we have considered the question of whether stockpile data could have been calculated from the raw materials information available to MacLean in connection with his duties in 1947-48 and believe that only a rough order of magnitude estimate of presently existing or prospective stockpile of fissionable material could be derived from that information. We have tested this out by calculations from those data, and find that the results would be widely misleading as to our present or prospective position in fissionable materials stockpile. Since 1946 there has been no exchange of information with the United Kingdom and Canada concerning fissionable material production processes, weapon technology and development, or stockpiles of fissionable materials and weapons.

The estimates of raw materials supply that were used in Combined Policy Committee calculations of 1947 were much under the actual supplies received in that period. Subsequent to MacLean's transfer from Washington, the fissionable material production schedules have been expanded considerably over the estimate of such schedules for 1948 through 1952 made in 1947 and to which MacLean had access. Therefore, we do not believe that the information available to MacLean in 1947-48 would now be of any appreciable aid to the Soviet Union because of the changes in the rate and scale of the United States program which have taken place in the intervening years.

We will appreciate any further information concerning MacLean which will help us in further assessing possible damage to our program.

Sincerely yours,

UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Kent Glenn

[redacted]

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

[redacted]

42

m AEC-196
ily 14, 1947)

U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

CLASSIFIED MATERIAL RECEIPT

POSTAL REGISTRY NO.

DATE MAILED

JUL 1 0 1951

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

FROM

The Acting Chairman
U. S. Atomic Energy Commission
Washington, D. C.

Room 2113 East Building

TRUCTIONS:

1. Original of this receipt to be signed personally by recipient and returned to
2. Duplicate to be retained by recipient.
3. Triplicate to be retained by sender in suspense file.
4. AVOID INDENTIFYING MATERIAL BELOW IN ANY MANNER WHICH MIGHT NECESSITATE CLASSIFICATION OF THIS RECEIPT.

SCRIPTION (CHECK OR INDICATE)	DATE OF DOCUMENT LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	FROM—	REFERENCE OR FILE NO.	ADDRESSED TO—
X				
g:				
er				
ure of copy:				
X		above	SV:CAP	above
X	(Itr re MacLean)			
er				
nber of enclosures and ttachments:				

TIFICATE

I have personally received from the sender the material, including enclosures and attachments, as lentified above. I assume full responsibility for the safe handling, storage, and transmittal elsewhere of this material in full accordance with existing regulations.

DISPATCHED

NATURE OF COURIER

SIGNATURE OF RECIPIENT

E RECEIVED

DATE RECEIVED

[redacted]

43

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
JOINT COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY

COPY July 31, 1951 COPY

The Honorable J. Howard McGrath
Attorney General
Washington, D. C.

[redacted]

Dear Mr. Attorney General:

In my capacity as Chairman of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, I would appreciate receiving from you, in such manner as you may deem best, your most recent information concerning Donald D. MacLean. Specifically, I should like to know:

1. Such verified information as you may have concerning his present whereabouts and status.

2. What information you have indicating that MacLean may have been involved in espionage during the time he had access to atomic data.

3. If he did engage in espionage, what other individuals were involved with him?

4. Is it known, or believed, that he had classified documents with him at the time of his disappearance, and if so, please comment on their character and importance.

5. What is your latest estimate as to the extent and importance to the Soviets of the atomic information available to him?

6. What information pertinent to the atomic program can you supply regarding the British scientists, Drs. E. H. Burhop and Kathleen Lonsdale?

I am requesting this same information from the AEC, CIA, and the Department of State.

Your cooperation in supplying this information, as expeditiously as possible, will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

s/ Brien McMahon
Chairman

COPY COPIES DESTROYED
02 APR 9 1963

[redacted]nt Committee on Atomic Energy
Classified Document No. 2

44

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

FROM : Mr. D. E. Roach

DATE: May 9, 1957

SUBJECT: DONALD DUNCAN MACLEAN;
SIR FRANCIS DE MORAN DUNCAN
ESPIONAGE - R

On May 8, 1957, Colonel A. R. Padgett, Provost Marshal, Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army, advised [redacted] Liaison Section, that his office has been in the recent past, investigating charges of homosexuality against several individuals employed or formerly employed by Army Ordnance. Padgett mentioned specifically [redacted] from Padgett's office interviewed [redacted]. Investigators of this interview [redacted] admitted having had homosexual relations with both Burgess and MacLean of the British Embassy in Washington, D. C. [redacted] also advised that he had witnessed [redacted] engaging in oral sodomy with Burgess and MacLean in Washington, D. C. According to Colonel Padgett [redacted] have been discharged from their employment with the Ordnance Corps.

ACTION:

For information.

DJD:jlk
(3)
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]

RECORDED - 69

INDEXED - 69

[redacted]

MAY 10 1957

5-7-57

5-7-57

45

DAND FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: April 16, 1956

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON'S BROADCAST, WTOP
7:45 P.M., APRIL 14, 1956

The following items of possible interest to the Bureau were mentioned by Pearson:

ITEM - Guy Burgess and Donald McLean, British traitors, have been assigned to advise Khruschev and Bulganin as to how to win friends and influence people on their visit to England. They have advised the two Russian leaders to pat children's heads, pose with pretty girls and quote Churchill and Shakespeare. This is why Malenkov quoted Shakespeare so much while in England.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: September 13, 1954

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: WALTER WINCHELL
SIMULCAST (RADIO - TELEVISION)
September 12, 1954

WINCHELL SAID:

Donald MacLean, British traitor, will be Moscow's "Lord Haw-Haw." His partner Burgess had a lot to do with the double cross of Double Agent "Dr. John."

47

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT

FROM : MR. HENNRICH

DATE: July 10, 1951

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MacLEAN, et al
ESPIONAGE - R

The Washington ~~Field Office~~ Summer Office is desirous of interviewing _____ concerning his knowledge of Guy Burgess. _____ name was found in notes left behind in the Washington residence of Burgess. _____ has been named by several sources as a supporter of pro-Communist policies. He has been a close friend of _____ who was named by _____ as involved in a Soviet espionage conspiracy. He has been associated with _____ who was named by _____

It is believed that we should authorize the Washington Field Office to interview _____ concerning his knowledge of Guy Burgess and a memorandum authorizing such an interview is attached.

BACKGROUND

[redacted]

RECORDED 134
INDEXED 134

JUL 18 1951

48

RECOMMENDATION

On the basis of the foregoing information it would appear that has been closely associated with two persons who are suspected of having engaged in Soviet espionage. has also been named as having pro-Communist views. However, we have followed the policy of interviewing anyone in this country who had knowledge of Burness or MacLean. It is believed advisable to interview in this instance and a memorandum to the Washington Field Office authorizing this interview is attached. We do not, of course, know how the two men became acquainted as Burgess merely had the home of on notes found in his Washington residence.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

CC: [redacted]

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman CC: [redacted] DATE: October 3, 1955

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: WALTER WINCHELL BROADCAST
OCTOBER 2, 1955

50

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman

Winchell Said:

Attention Mr. Sherman Adams, White House, Denver, Colorado: Burgess and Maclean, the top British intelligence agents, fled to Russia following a tip that they were watched by Scotland Yard for being Russian spies. The person who tipped them off is another top British intelligence agent now in the United States. The FBI refused to give this man any information for over three years but other American intelligence departments opened up their very top secret files for him.

Comment:

HWL:skw (10)

51

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BOARDMAN

FROM : MR. BELMONT

CC: [redacted]

DATE: October 24, 1955

SUBJECT: WALTER WINCHELL BROADCAST
OCTOBER 23, 1955

[redacted]

Winchell Said:

The New York "Daily News" yesterday reported that a third British intelligence agent was the tipster who told Burgess and Maclean, the Red spies, to escape to Russia. "A Winchell exclusive, except for his name, many weeks ago."

Comment: Enclosed

Memorandum for the Attorney General

By memorandum of January 6, 1954, to you, the facts relating to Maclean's access to atomic energy information and his access to AEC headquarters were set forth. That memorandum pointed out that according to our files Burgess did not have any connection with atomic energy matters. By memorandum of January 12, 1954, to you, we advised that Admiral Lewis L. Strauss had advised, insofar as he knew, Burgess did not have any access to AEC headquarters. There was no record of Burgess ever having been in the AEC headquarters building, Washington, D. C.

CC: 1 - Mr. William F. Rogers
Deputy Attorney General

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 5 1955

TELETYPE

[redacted]

FBI BOSTON 11-5-55 5-22 P GT

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, NEW YORK URGENT

DONALD DUART MACLEAN, GUY FRANCIS DE MONEY BURGESS, ESP-R. REBUTEL NOVEMBER FOUR LAST. CARROLL LEWIS WILSON, VP METALS AND CONTROLS CORPORATION, ATTLEBORO, MASS., RESIDENCE JACOBS ST., SEEKONK, MASS., ADVISED NOVEMBER FIVE INSTANT THAT AS GENERAL MANAGER AEC AND UNDER BROAD DELEGATED AUTHORITY FROM AEC HE AUTHORIZED ISSUANCE OF NON-ESCORT PASSES. ACTUAL ISSUANCE HANDLED BY WASHINGTON, D.C. AEC SECURITY OFFICE FOLLOWING HIS AUTHORIZATION. WILSON HAS NO RECOLLECTION RE ANY APPROVAL PROCEDURE ON PART OF CHAIRMAN AEC. ISSUANCE THIS TYPE PASS TO BRITISH AND CANADIAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS OF COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY AND ITS SUBSIDARY, THE COMBINED DEVELOPMENT TRUST NOT UNUSUAL. PASSES ISSUED AS MATTER OF COURTESY UNDER " IMPLICIT, IF NOT EXPLICIT" ACCEPTANCE OF BRITISH AND CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVES AS ACCREDITED OFFICIALS WHOSE SECURITY CLEARANCE HAD BEEN DETERMINED SATISFACTORY BY THOSE GOVERNMENTS. WILSON STATES HE AUTHORIZED ISSUANCE NON-ESCORT PASS TO MACLEAN IN FALL OF NINETEEN FORTY-SEVEN, EXACT DATE NOT RECALLED, UNDER ABOVE POLICY SINCE MACLEAN WAS ACCREDITED BRITISH GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE DESIGNATED AS ONE OF TWO JOINT SECRETARIES OF COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE. WILSON HAS NO PRESENT RECOLLECTION [redacted] SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING REQUEST FOR PASS FOR MACLEAN OR OTHERS. HE BELIEVES SAME TYPE OF PASS ISSUED TO GEORGE BATEMAN,

END PAGE ONE

RECORDED - 14
2 NOV 15 1955
62 NOV 23 1955
Mr. Belmont
55

CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE, TO ARTHUR STORK, AND GORDON MUNRO, BRITISH REPRESENTATIVES AND TO A MR. EATON ALSO BRITISH AND ONE OF TWO JOINT SECRETARIES OF THE COMBINED DEVELOPMENT TRUST. WILSON STATES THERE MAY HAVE BEEN WRITTEN OR ORAL REQUESTS FOR NON-ESCORT TYPE PASSES FROM BRITISH GOVERNEMT OFFICIALS BUT CAN NOT RECALL. IF REQUEST WAS WRITTEN, IT TOGETHER WITH A MEMO RE AUTHORIZATION SHOULD BE IN FILES OF COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE AT STATE DEPARTMENT. WILSON STATES MACLEAN MUST HAVE HAD ACCESS TO AEC BLDG. UNDER ESCORT TYPE PASS FROM ABOUT FEBRUARY NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN TO DATE OF ISSUANCE OF NONE- ESCORT PASS IN FALL OF NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN. FURTHER STATES AS RESULT OF FUCHS INCIDENT AND IN MARCH NINETEEN FIFTY EXTENSIVE INQUIRY WAS MADE OF ALL ASPECTS OF PROCEDURE OF ISSUANCE NON-ESCORT PASSES AND DOCUMENTED RESULTS THIS INQUIRY SHOULD BE IN AEC SECURITY DIVISION FILES. WILSON EMPHASIZES ABOVE REPORT NECESSARILY WILL BE DETAILED AND ACCURATE RELATIVE TO ENTIRE CIRCUMSTANNCES SURROUNDING ISSUANCE OF NON-ESCORT PASSES TO MACLEAN AND OTHERS.

END ACK PLS

WA 5-32 PM OK FBI WA EW

NY OK FBI NY GSM

T U DISC M

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: May [illegible], 1952

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MACLEAN
GUY FRANCIS DE MONEY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

Reference 5-1-52 memo to Belmont which reflected that Colonel A. R. Fadgett, Provost Marshal, Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army, advised SA [illegible], Maloney Section, that his office has been, in recent past, investigating charges of homosexuality against several individuals employed or formerly employed by Army Ordnance. Fadgett mentioned that during the course of an interview [redacted], admitted having had homosexual relations with Burgess and Maclean of the British Embassy, Washington, D. C. [redacted] also advised he had witnessed [redacted] engaging in oral sodomy with Burgess and Maclean in Washington, D. C. According to Colonel Fadgett, both individuals have been discharged from their employment with the Ordnance Corps.

On 5-20-52 Colonel Fadgett advised SA [illegible] that [redacted] were in Government service prior to 1941; however [redacted] was not employed with the Ordnance Corps.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: November 7, 1955

FROM : MR. R. R. ROACH

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MacLEAN
ESPIONAGE - R
Bufile [redacted]

On 11-4-55 Liaison checked with Mr. C.A. Palazzolo of the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) regarding the issuance of a "non-escort" pass to MacLean in November, 1947, by Carroll Wilson, then General Manager, AEC. Liaison was advised that Wilson issued this pass after receiving approval from either David Lilienthal, then Chairman of AEC, or Sumner Pike, one of the Commissioners.

A further check of AEC records on 11-7-55 indicated that this statement furnished Liaison on 11-4-55 was based on an AEC memorandum which was Wilson's recollection that he had consulted with either Pike or Lilienthal before issuing any non-escort passes to members of the British mission then located in the AEC building. The records further reflect that in February, 1950, the Commission reviewed the entire matter concerning the British mission office. The question of non-escort passes arose and, according to the record, Wilson recalled that he had consulted with either Pike or Lilienthal and had received their approval prior to issuing non-escort passes (which would have included the pass to MacLean). The records show that Lilienthal made a statement in the February, 1950, meeting to the effect that while it appeared that neither he nor Pike recalled anything about approving such passes, he did not feel that such a matter necessarily required Commission action and also felt that Wilson as General Manager had authority to issue such passes without prior approval from the Commission. During this meeting, no specific mention was made of MacLean's name. This discussion concerned the general question of non-escort passes to British representatives in the AEC building.

During the interview with Wilson by Bureau Liaison last week, Wilson commented that as a result of the Fuchs case the AEC reviewed its procedures for issuing non-escort passes in March, 1950. Mr. C.A. Rolands and Mr. Palazzolo advised Liaison on 11-7-55 that as a result of the Commission meeting in February, 1950, orders were issued to rescind all non-escort passes issued to British representatives with the exception of Mr. P. J. Eaton, head of the office, and his personal secretary. Eaton and his secretary retained these passes until sometime in 1951 when the offices they occupied were moved outside the AEC restricted area and, therefore, did not require a pass to enter.

ACTION: This is for your information.

CWB:fjb (6)
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]

62 NOV 23 1955

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WASH AND WASH FLD 11 BOSTON 2 FROM NEW YORK 4 3-32 P

DIRECTOR AND SACS ..... U R G E N T ....

DONALD DUART MACLEAN, GUY FRANCIS DE MONEY BURGESS, ESP-R. RE BUTELEPHONE CALL AND NY TELEPHONE CALLS TO BUREAU AND BOSTON NOVEMBER FOUR, FIFTYFIVE. WFO FILE [redacted]

ON NOVEMBER NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN, A NON-ESCORT PASS TO THE AEC BUILDING, WASHINGTON, DC, WAS ISSUED TO MACLEAN AT INSTRUCTIONS OF CARROLL WILSON, GENERAL MANAGER OF AEC. THIS PASS WAS EITHER APPROVED BY CHAIRMAN OR ACTING CHAIRMAN OF AEC. BRITISH, US, CANADIAN COMMISSION ON ATOMIC ENERGY MET IN AEC BUILDING. MACLEAN WAS MEMBER THIS COMMISSION AND AS SUCH PROBABLY HAD ACCESS TO COMMITTEE ROOM IN AEC BUILDING. IT IS THEREFORE POSSIBLE PASS WAS ISSUED AT REQUEST OF BRITISH. BUREAU REQUESTS INTERVIEW OF CARROLL WILSON NO LATER THAN NOVEMBER FIVE, FIFTYFIVE A. M. AND SUTEL RESULTS TO BUREAU. SPECIFICALLY, BUREAU DESIRES TO KNOW WHO SPONSORED MACLEAN-S REQUEST FOR PASS. AEC RECORDS DO NOT DISCLOSE THIS. INQUIRY SHOULD ALSO BE MADE WHY QUOTE NON-ESCORT UNQUOTE PASS WAS ISSUED MACLEAN. REPORT SA [redacted] EIGHT FIFTEEN, FIFTYONE, WASHINGTON, DC, IN CAPTIONED CASE INDICATES MACLEAN IN NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN TO FORTYEIGHT WAS SECRETARY FOR GREAT BRITAIN TO COMBINED POLICY COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY IN WASHINGTON, DC. WILSON WAS INTERVIEWED IN NY NINETEEN FIFTYONE CONCERNING KNOWLEDGE OF MACLEAN-S ACTIVITIES. [redacted]

END PAGE ONE

A confidential check with Bryan LaPlante discloses that Burgess did not have a pass to the AEC Building and the AEC records indicate that Burgess never visited the AEC Building. McLean had a Permanent Non-Escort Badge, which was issued to him on orders from Carroll L. Wilson, 11/6/47 who was General Manager of the Commission at the time. This pass permitted McLean to visit the British Scientific Office which was located with the AEC Headquarters Building. McLean was employed by the British Scientific Mission for a short while. AEC records indicate approximately 20 visits into the Headquarters Building by McLean. LaPlante stated he had checked this matter for Admiral Strauss recently and was acquainted with all the facts concerning it.

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

MACLEAN AND BURGESS IN USSR PRISON

Paris, in French to Danubian and Balkan countries, Jan. 14, 1951, 2030 GMT--H

(Text)

"We hear from Berlin that a diplomat recently back from Moscow said that Donald Maclean and Guy Burgess, the two British Foreign Office employees who disappeared last year, are in a Soviet prison. According to this diplomat, diplomatic circles in Moscow say the two men are in the Lubyanka prison, reserved for prisoners (under death sentence).

"They were reported to have been in prison in Prague for some months and then moved to the USSR at the end of fall or the beginning of winter."

[redacted]

NOT RECORDED
24 JAN 25 1952

File

Central Intelligence Agency
Foreign Radio Broadcast
UU 1 1-15-52 Section
Page Date

246
76 JAN 29 1952

61

Guy O

REPORT MADE ON BURGESS-MACLEAN CASE

Hamburg, DIE WELT, Aug. 30, 1951--G

(Summary)

Amsterdam--By our own correspondent, F.R.--Investigations conducted by the Dutch police revealed that a German-born Cominform agent, who became the wife of a British Communist agent, played an important part in the disappearance of the two British diplomats--MacLean and Burgess. Before the disappearance of the diplomats, this woman, who is also considered an expert on microfilm photography, was employed as a waitress at a hotel near London. Interestingly enough, MacLean was staying at the same hotel at the very same time.

She made trips to the Netherlands in order to see her brother, a Communist professor from Eastern Germany, who is blacklisted by the French police for having mistreated inmates of the former Natzweiler concentration camp in Alsace-Lorraine. This brother, who traveled with false papers, secretly but regularly came to The Hague in order to meet her there. On these occasions the plan for the disappearance of the two British diplomats was allegedly made.

The woman agent, whose name has not yet been revealed, is about 40. She was active as a Communist in Germany long before the war. She was involved in the Neumann case and finally had to flee to Moscow in 1935. Later she went to England and acquired British citizenship by marriage.

Ag

RECORDED - 24 [redacted]

SEP 6 1951

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EX. - 67

61 SEP 15 1951

file 5

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Central Intelligence Agency
Foreign Radio Broadcast
SS 7 8-31-51 Section
Page Date

Essen, Deutschland, Weekly, June 15, 1951--G

(Feature Article: "The Chase for Stalin's Secret Agents--The 'Red Chapel' is Being Revived--Germany in a Web of Conspiracy")

(Summary with Quotations)

Brigadier Dick White, "the best man of British counterintelligence," has left for Western Germany in quest of the missing diplomats, MacLean and Burgess. "Various symptoms indicate that the espionage ring around the two British diplomats is laid notably in Western Germany. Its activities are believed to have some connections with the operations of the 'Red Chapel' group and its successor organizations."

During the war Burgess had contact with numerous German Communists. When employed on the staff of a British clandestine transmitter for the undermining of the morale of German soldiers in France, Burgess met Koenen, president of the East German People's Chamber. At the same time Koenen's son was dropped by a Soviet plane over German territory and subsequently ported to the Berlin headquarters of the 'Red Chapel' spy ring.

"The connections between the successor organizations of the 'Red Chapel' which allegedly received their information mainly from high-ranking officers of the German Foreign Office and the Reich Ministries for Air Transport and Economics on the one hand, and the espionage ring for which MacLean and Burgess are said to have worked on the other, are currently the main point of interest to all intelligence services of the Western Powers investigating the case."

We "have good reason to believe" that the "Red Chapel" is at present being revived, with Greta Kuckhoff as the chief organizer. "There will soon be a proverb that there are three spies in any group of 10 Germans, if our defenseless Nation continues to be exploited as it is today." The web woven by Greta Kuckhoff in East Berlin, with Communist Tschesner, chief editor of the publishing house Volk und Wissen, and his secretary Rosenrow as her chief aides. The liaison with Western Germany is established through the branch offices of the Berlin organization of Victims of Fascism--ODF.

SSS

Kiel-- Dr. Walter Bartram, placed in a minority position within the Christian Democratic Party, has decided to resign from his position as Minister-President of Schleswig-Holstein. This decision appears to bring to an end the crisis which started one year ago in the Christian Democratic Party of the Land.

"At that time Dr. Bertram had accused Schroeter, regional president of the Party and vice president of the CDU group in the Bundestag, of having committed a fraud against a former Nazi owner of a newspaper and of having denounced his 'victim' to British authorities.

"A court of honor of the Christian Democratic Party recently repudiated Dr. Bartram after having found that no proof of the accusation had been found and that the transfer of property, which had benefited several journalists at the expense of a former editor, was perfectly legitimate. Intervening in his turn, Chancellor Adenauer invited Dr. Bartram to resign. The latter agreed to do so 'at the very latest at the time of the next session of the Diet--June 25--and as soon as the election of his successor appears to be certain.'"

B R I E F S

LABOR UNITS--In reply to a query introduced by the SPD parliamentary group, Adenauer stated in a letter to the Bundestag that the German labor service companies employed with the Occupation forces are purely civilian units. The Chancellor stressed that the Allied authorities have explicitly emphasized this and disclosed that in the event of an armed conflict, the German labor service companies will enjoy the protection of international law like any other civilians. They are not a part of the Allied forces, but merely civilian auxiliary organizations. (Hamburg, DPA, June 13, 1951--

ZEITUNG STATUS--Referring to a recent statement by SPD Bundestag Delegate Erwin Schoettle, according to which Adenauer had declared that the FRANKFURTER ALLGEMEINE ZEITUNG had forfeited the right to call itself a semiofficial Government organ, the Federal Press and Information Office stated on June 13 that the newspaper has never been considered or called semiofficial by the Federal Government. (Hamburg, DPA, June 13, 1951--G)

Another important person worth mentioning is Frau Gertrud Hoehler, of Frankfort, a functionary of the Democratic Women's League, who is said to exercise considerable influence on the SPD and other opposition groups. "Great importance is attached to West German radio stations other than in Hamburg, where the position is already considered to be firmly established."

It has also been learned that the Allied signal control service (Alliierte Funkueberwachung) has discovered new secret transmitters using mysterious code signals. The situation shows that nothing ought to be left undone to curb the activities of the revived "Red Chapel."

SSL

COMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY
EMPLOYED BY
(EMPL. CARD)

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NOT RECORDED
JUN 29 1951

JUL 13 1951

EX-62

Central Intelligence Agency
Foreign Radio Broadcast
SS-5,6 6-15-51 Section
Page Date

C.F. de M. Burgess

MACLEAN, BURGESS CONTROVERSY DISCUSSED

Vienna, DER ABEND, June 20, 1951--A

(Report from Rome on an article of the London correspondent of the Rome paper UNITA, Franco Calamandrei, on the events leading up to the disappearance of the two British diplomats Maclean and Burgess)

(Excerpts)

"Sir Percy Sillitoe, chief of the British Military Intelligence Service, hurried to Washington after the disappearance of the two diplomats to discuss the case with FBI Chief Hoover. It is known that Hoover produced from the FBI archives too bulging folders with information on MacLean and Burgess. It is significant that the FBI was in possession of so much material about the two diplomats who belonged to the category of persons being watched with particular care by the FBI. The British Foreign Secretary Morrison declared in Parliament that Burgess had been recalled from his post as Second Secretary of the British Legation in Washington because he was 'completely unqualified' to fulfill his duties.

TT-3

"In the meantime it has turned out that his recall was in reality due to a request of the American Government. MacLean too had been recalled from his position at the British Legation in Cairo a year ago because he was inconvenient to the Americans.

"Being in close contact with American diplomacy and aware of every detail in the Anglo-American relations, MacLean and Burgess developed a strong aversion to American political methods, and this was brought to the notice of the American Intelligence Service. Therefore, they were shadowed by the FBI as 'disloyal and dangerous persons.'

"When the FBI agents learned of the intention of the two diplomats to resign their positions in the Foreign Office it was decided to 'liquidate' them to prevent their revealing facts to the public which might strengthen the anti-American trend in England. In view of the danger facing them MacLean and Burgess had no choice but to leave England suddenly and to take refuge in a safe place out of reach of the FBI.

TT-4

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NOT RECORDED
16 JUL 13 1951

File

Landfile

Central Intelligence Agency
Foreign Radio Broadcast
TT-3,4 6-22-51 Section
Page Date

66

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: February 6, 1953

FROM : Mr. C. E. Hennrich

SUBJECT: [redacted]
ESPIONAGE - R

[redacted] now states that on February 5, 1953, [redacted] asked him to tell [redacted] "Guy Burgess is OK." [redacted] did not deliver the message, but informed an agent of the Washington Field Office.

Guy Burgess, as you know, was involved with Donald McLean, the British diplomat, and both are alleged to have disappeared behind the Iron Curtain recently.

[redacted]

ACTION:

There is no indication in this case that Guy Burgess has any connection whatever. This information will, however, be born in mind in our handling of the case and will be evaluated on the basis of any information developed.

STANDARD FORM 1

Office Memorandum • UNITED GOVERNMENT

TO: Director, FBI

DATE: July 3, 1951

FROM: SAC, New York

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Rebulet of acknowledgment June 10th addressed to [redacted] copy of which was sent to NY.

2666

[redacted] was contacted on 6/29/51 at which time he stated he had no specific info relating to the disappearance of DONALD MACLEAN and GUY BURGESS. He said he wrote his letter purely as a patriotic act in the hope that by relating his own experiences it might give a clue to what could have happened to the British diplomats. He said he was as specific as he was able in his letter about his own experience and could add nothing to what he had already said about the Soviet Intelligence Service.

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. L. V. Boardman

DATE: 2/27/56

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON BROADCAST
7:45 P.M., STATION WTOP
February 25, 1956

The following items of possible interest to the Bureau were mentioned by Pearson:

ITEM:

The American Embassy, Moscow, reports former British diplomats Guy Burgess and Donald McLean are totally disillusioned by Russia. Both men have very minor jobs in Moscow. McLean is helping prepare minor propaganda broadcasts and Burgess is working as a translator and editor of propaganda pamphlets. Both men are being watched very closely to see that they don't flee back to Britain.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

COMMENT:

None.

United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D. C.

FILE NO.

September 29, 1953

Re: MELINDA MAC LEAN
U.S.-born wife of Donald Maclean
Former British Diplomat

On 18 September 1953, on verbal orders of the Commanding Officer, 430th CIC Detachment, this Agent interviewed Major W. L. WYATT, G2, Tactical Command, [illegible], for information concerning the whereabouts of Mrs. MELINDA MAC LEAN, US-born wife of DONALD MACLEAN, former official of the British Foreign Office who disappeared in 1951 and is believed to have defected to a country behind the Iron Curtain. Major WYATT stated that a lieutenant colonel, who requested to remain anonymous, had informed him that, on Saturday, 12 September 1953, he had boarded the Arlberg Express at Innsbruck, Land Tyrol on his way to St. Johann, Land Salzburg. In the same compartment with the lieutenant colonel, there was a young woman with three children, all of whom spoke English. Judging from the conversation, they were going to meet someone whom they had not seen for some time. The lieutenant colonel had engaged the children in conversation and gathered that they were going from Switzerland, where they had been attending school. The woman and her three children got off the Arlberg Express at Schwarzach, Land Salzburg. Upon reading the news item about the disappearance of Mrs. MACLEAN and observing the published picture of the woman, the lieutenant colonel realized that she was the same woman who had shared his compartment on the Arlberg Express on 12 September 1953.

On 18 September 1953, this agent and [redacted] proceeded to Schwarzach, Land Salzburg, and interviewed JOHANN PESCHL, the stationmaster, born 1 December 1911 in Vienna, residing at Fanhof-strasse 18, Schwarzach. PESCHL stated that he was not on duty on 12 September 1953, and that his two assistants, ANTON [illegible] and FRANZ [illegible], one or both of whom met the trains on that day, are currently on leave. [illegible] is in Switzerland and will return to duty on 16 October 1953; and [illegible] is in Italy and will return to work on 1 October 1953. PESCHL stated that the Arlberg Express arrived in Scharzach at 1624 hours. The next trains departing Schwarzach were the slow train (No. 3507) at 1730 hours, and the express train (No. 735) at 1755 hours, both going to Villach, Land Carinthia

Inquiries of the two porters, the waitress at the station restaurant and the ticket-salesman disclosed no information. They were shown subject's picture which appeared on the front page of the 19 September edition of the Stars and Stripes, but failed to recognize subject. [redacted] stated that two Austrian Federal Railroad (ÖBB) detectives board the Arlberg Express at Innsbruck and continue on to Vienna. These men can be identified and contacted through the main AFR in Vienna, Austria. [redacted]

"On 19 September 1953, at the headquarters building, Tactical Command, in the presence of Major [redacted] and an unidentified captain, this Agent interviewed the source of the above information, a lieutenant colonel, who cautioned that he was to remain anonymous and that his name was not to be mentioned. Source stated that he boarded the Arlberg Express in Innsbruck, Land Tyrol, at approximately [redacted] hours, 19 September 1953, and got off the train in Salzburg, Land Salzburg, at about noon. In the compartment with him was an English-speaking woman with three children; a blond boy of about eight, another blond boy of about six, and a girl, approximately two. The woman spoke English with a British accent, but used American expressions. Source recalled that she remarked that the Austrian train they were riding was cleaner than the Washington-New York train of the Pennsylvania Railroad. She was wearing a black, two-piece suit dress, hat, skin pumps (shoes), and light-colored [illegible] which rather clashed with the severe black of her clothes. She wore no hat. The oldest boy had with him a mechanical pop gun, and the little girl carried a doll. Source engaged the children in conversation, and the oldest boy said that they were coming from Switzerland, where they had been attending "the most expensive school in Switzerland". Source also overheard part of the conversation between the children and the woman, when they enquired "...does he had a car?" The conversation indicated that a man whom they had not seen for some time was to meet them at Schwarzach. At a stop somewhere between Innsbruck and Schwarzach, a man, apparently an Austrian, took a seat in the same compartment. The stranger spoke to the woman in German, which she apparently did not understand. He then spoke to her in French, and a short conversation ensued. Shortly thereafter the stranger went to sleep. Source stated that the woman apparently did not know the man - at least she did not appear to recognize him, and showed no particular reaction during the conversation with him. The man remained on the train, traveling beyond Salzburg. When the train stopped at Schwarzach, the woman got off with the three children. A porter carried her three items of baggage into the station. The baggage consisted of a blue fabric bag with a zipper, about 2' long,

and 1' 1/2" deep; and two small straw-type bags. Source continued on the train and got off in Salzburg. Source stated that he is entirely sure that the woman in the compartment on that train was Mrs. [illegible] MAC LEAN, wife of DONALD MAC LEAN, the British diplomat who disappeared in 1951.

"On 19 September 1953, JOHANN PLESCHL, Stationmaster, Schwarzach, Land Salzburg, was reinterviewed by this Agent, and informed that the train in question was not the Arlberg Express, but a train that departed Innsbruck at approximately 0600 hours. PLESCHL checked his records and verified that the train was the "D" train No. 224, coming from Switzerland. It was scheduled to depart Innsbruck at 0528 hours, but was 46 minutes late. The train was due in Schwarzach at 0830 hours, but arrived at 0924 hours. The next trains departing Schwarzach, not bound in the direction of Salzburg, were the 1225 slow train to Villach, Land Carinthia, and the 1315 express train, also to Villach. Rechecking with the station personnel, PLESCHL returned with one of the two porters, LUDWIG GRUBER, who recalled that an English-speaking woman with three children had gotten off the train in question. He confirmed that one of the boys had a toy pistol and the little girl carried a doll. GRUBER had carried her baggage; a blue, light-weight travelling bag, and two round, Italian-type straw bags. She and the children had stopped at the station restaurant, where, he believed, she drank a cup of coffee. Approximately 30 minutes later, GRUBER observed a dark blue, postwar model, [illegible]-door sedan drive up to the station. The car, which seemed to be in good repair, carried a Salzburg (Austrian) license plate, the number of which GRUBER could not recall. A man in a grey, European-style suit, bareheaded, entered the station. He was approximately 40 years of age; brown-haired, with a receding hairline; approximately five feet seven inches tall; of slender build, with a thin, pale, clean-shaven face. GRUBER asked him whether he was to meet someone. The man was taken aback, and replied in the affirmative; whereupon, GRUBER directed him to where the woman and three children were. The man had spoken to GRUBER in German, and appeared to be non-American. The man then greeted the woman formally, in English. GRUBER stated that they did not appear to be acquainted - at any rate, their meeting did not indicate that they were good friends. The man paid GRUBER for assisting the woman with the baggage, and then they all left in the car. This Agent then checked with the waitress in the station restaurant, who appeared to recall the woman with two or three children. The waitress thought that she had served the woman a cup of cocoa, and that the woman spoke English and no German. A canvass of the immediate station area indicates no further leads. There are no shops, stands, etc., where people

might have been present and could recall the occurrence. The ticket seller, who has a window opening onto the outside of the station building, could offer no information.

"Agent's Notes: On 21 September 1953, Special Agent [illegible], St. Johann Field Office, 430th CIC Sub-Detachment A, advised that two British reporters, allegedly of the British News Chronicle, contacted him in an effort to elicit information concerning the whereabouts of subject. They had been talking to [illegible] GRUBER, the porter at the Schwarzach Railroad Station. One of the reporters gave his name as O'KEEFE.

"A check of the records of the Gemeindeamt, Schwarzach, by Special Agent [illegible], St. Johann Field Office, 430th CIC Sub-Detachment A, disclosed that [illegible] GRUBER, porter at the Schwarzach Railroad Station, was born on 26 June 1920 in Schwarzach, and resides at Kleinersiedlung [illegible], Schwarzach, Land Salzburg.

[redacted]

UNITED S' TES
ATOMIC ENERGY :OMMISSION
WASHINGTON 5, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO
SV:CAP

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

Subject : DONALD DUART MACLEAN

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Reference is made to summary of information dated June 19, 1951 concerning MacLean and G. F. de M. Burgess, and our reply of July 10, 1951 furnishing an evaluation of the possible damage caused by MacLean as a result of his activities.

We will appreciate receiving any further information which you may be able to furnish concerning MacLean.

Sincerely yours,

J. A. Waters
Director
Division of Security

75

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: Oct. 26, 1955

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MACLEAN
GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

Re the Director's memo 10/24/55 stating that while in conference with the Attorney General on that date the latter desired to know how Burgess of the British Government secured credentials enabling him to have free movement through the Atomic Energy Headquarters whereas officials of the U. S. Government were closely restricted and supervised in any visits made to Atomic Energy Headquarters.

Mr. Bryan F. LaPlante of the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) advised on 10/25/55 that Burgess did not have a pass to the AEC headquarters and records of that Commission did not reflect Burgess ever visited AEC headquarters. He advised that according to AEC records, Maclean, upon instructions of Carroll Wilson, the General Manager of the AEC, was issued a non-escort pass on 11/15/47. This pass was issued to permit Maclean to visit the British Scientific Office located within the AEC headquarters building. The nature of the pass was such that he could go anywhere in AEC headquarters. AEC records indicate that Maclean made approximately 20 visits to the headquarters building. Maclean was the British representative on the committee concerned with atomic energy matters. On 8/22/48 the AEC was notified by the British Scientific Mission that a pass for Maclean to this building was no longer needed.

By memoranda 1/5 and 1/12/54 we advised the Attorney General of the facts relating to Maclean's access to AEC headquarters, including the fact that the pass entitled him to go anywhere in AEC headquarters, and that according to AEC records Burgess had not visited there nor did he possess a pass permitting him access to AEC headquarters.

ACTION: For your information.

HDP:emb
100-374183
CC: [redacted]

(5)

76

[redacted]

The Attorney General (orig. & 1) October 26, 19

[redacted]

Payne

Director, [illegible] 1

[illegible]
GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

During our conference on October 24, 1955, you asked me to ascertain, if possible, how Burgess of the British Government secured credentials which would enable him to have free movement through the Atomic Energy headquarters, whereas officials of the United States Government were closely restricted and supervised in any visits they made to Atomic Energy headquarters.

Please be advised that Mr. Bryan F. Laflante of the Atomic Energy Commission ([illegible]) advised on October [illegible], 1955, that Burgess did not have a pass to AEC headquarters and records of that Commission did not reflect that Burgess ever visited the AEC headquarters. Mr. Laflante stated that according to the Commission's records, Maclean, upon instructions of Carroll Wilson, then General Manager of the AEC, was issued a non-escort pass on November 15, 1947. This pass was issued to permit Maclean to visit the office of the British Scientific Mission located within the AEC headquarters building. The nature of the pass was such that Maclean could go anywhere in AEC headquarters. According to Mr. Laflante, the Commission's records reflect that Maclean made approximately twenty visits to the headquarters building. Maclean was the British representative on the committee concerned with atomic energy matters. Maclean's pass was cancelled upon the AEC being advised on August [illegible], 194[illegible], by the British Scientific Mission that the pass was no longer needed. Maclean returned to England in September, 1[illegible].

MAILED 2
OCT 2[illegible] 1955
COMM-FBI

1 - 7.1

HDP:emb (9)

NOTE: By notation on memo of Belmont to Boardman, same caption, 10/26/55, HDP:emb, the Director instructed that the above be forwarded to the Atty. General and Deputy AG Rogers.

[redacted]

77

WFC [redacted]

GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS

The files of the Central Office, Immigration and Naturalization Service, reflect that GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS applied for a non-immigration visa at the United States Consulate at London, England, on July 24, 1950. BURGESS received diplomatic visa, No. 36, dated July 24, 1950. It was reflected that he had in his possession British passport No. 1674591 which had been issued by the British Foreign Office, London, England, July 20, 1950, and was valid to July 20, 1951. BURGESS was admitted to the United States on August 4, 1950, at New York City under visitor's visa No. V-1016533, and was proceeding to the British Embassy, Washington, D.C. to take up his duties as a [redacted] Second Secretary.

ALAN DUART MACLEAN

The records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service contain an application dated June 26, 1950, at London, England for ALAN DUART MACLEAN whose occupation was given as Government Official. His address was given as 24 Gloucester Walk, London, W.8, England. These records reflected that ALAN MACLEAN was born November 2, 1924, at London, England, and was described as having brown hair and eyes and as being 6'2" tall. The file indicated that he was proceeding as Private Secretary (with local rank of Second Secretary) to serving Sir GLADWYN - JEBB, Principal United Kingdom Representative to the Security Council. Diplomatic non-immigration visa No. 437 was issued to ALAN MACLEAN on June 26, 1950, and it was indicated that he first arrived in the United States by air on June 28, 1950, at New York City traveling on British passport C 311322 which had been issued by the British Consulate General at Hamburg, Germany, and was dated April 24, 1947, valid until April 24, 1952. ALAN MACLEAN was again admitted to the United States at New York City on July 31, 1950, at which time he traveled aboard the SS Mauretania. [redacted]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO
Op-321D/ID:
Ser C23870P32

9 OCT 1953

MEMORANDUM for: J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: Liaison Section

Subject: MacLEAN, Donald Duart - with aliases, etal
Espionage - R

Reference is made to your letter of October 5, 1953, file [redacted] regarding above captioned person in which you request the maiden name of wife. The Office of Naval Intelligence records reflect that maiden name was , born in . There is nothing in ONI or the Bureau of Naval Personnel records which would indicate any relationship between the and the MacLeans.

C. R. WILSON

RECORDED BY [redacted]
INDEXED 18 OCT 1953

62 NOV 20 1953

79

Enclosure (1)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI [redacted] DATE: July 5, 1955

FROM : Legal Attache, London [redacted]

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MAC LEAN, ET AL
ESPIONAGE - R

Commander D. Reed, U. S. Navy Security Officer, U. S. Embassy, 7 North Audley Street, London, W.1, England, informs that during a meeting with one of his criminal informants, the informant told him that he (informant) received information that subject BURGESS has recently committed suicide in or near Moscow, Russia.

Commander Reed states that at this meeting, the informant merely mentioned this in casual conversation and, therefore, he had no further information. He was asked to again see the informant the following day for further particulars, at which time the informant told Commander Reed that, although he was unable to elaborate on the suicide, the information itself was obtained by him from a person who just returned to England from Russia. The informant evaluated this person as being reliable and stated he would back this person 100%. He was reluctant to disclose the identity of this person, but did state that the person concerned is , that he just returned from Russia and

Commander Reed states that his informant is again seeing in about two weeks, after which the Bureau will be immediately informed of any new or additional information. In the interim, Commander Reed requested that no inquiries be made as it might compromise his informant, whom they are currently developing in connection with criminal matters.

80

MESSAGE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
STAFF COMMUNICATIONS OFFICE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
ROUTINE

~~PARAPHRASE NOT REQUIRED~~
~~CONSULT CRYPTOSENTER BEFORE DECLASSIFYING~~
~~AND UNCLASS REPLY OR REF TO DTG IS QUOTED~~

FROM: CGTRUST TRIESTE

TO : DEPTAR WASH DC FOR G2

NR : TRB 50 2415[illegible] FEB/54

Confidential source rent Donald McLean, former British FornOff employee, and family loc at Via Matias Kirol Number 3, Budapest. Re: Burgess rept to be in Prague. (BG) int. passed locally to British.

Forward from [illegible]
[illegible]

REGRADED UNCLASSIFIED
ON 14 APR 1977
BY CDR USAHITA FOIC
AUTH PARA I-603 DOD5200

ACTION: G2

DA IN: 40702 (24 Feb 54)

REGRADED - 54

81

DCS FORM 375-2 REPLACES DCS FORM 375-2 1 MAR 51 WHICH MAY BE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[redacted]

Tic: [redacted]

SAC, WFO (Orig. & 1) May 23, 1957

RECORDED BY Director, FBI ([redacted]

DONALD DUART MACLEAN
GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

Colonel A. F. Padgett, Provost Marshal, Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army, has advised that his office has been, in the recent past, investigating charges of homosexuality against several individuals employed or formerly employed by Army Ordnance. Padgett mentioned that during the course of an interview [redacted], admitted having had homosexual relations with Burgess and Maclean of the British Embassy. [redacted] also advised that he had witnessed [redacted] engaging in oral sodomy with Burgess and Maclean in Washington, D. C. Colonel Padgett advised that [redacted] was not employed with Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army. Both [redacted] were employed with Government service prior to 19[illegible] and [illegible] now been discharged from Government service.

82

(2)

United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D. C.
Salisbury, Maryland

IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO
FILE No. _____

Date: September 2[illegible], 195[illegible]

To: Director, [illegible]

[illegible]: [illegible] Liaison Office [illegible]

Subject: [illegible], et al
[illegible]

[illegible] Federal September 2[illegible] last.

[illegible] enclosed herewith for the confidential [illegible] five copies of a memorandum [illegible] report dated September 22, [illegible]

Encls. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

62 OCT 21 1953

83

THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF
Washington, D.C.

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[illegible] (orig and 1)

Director, [illegible]

[illegible]

[redacted]

In my memorandum of [illegible], [illegible], referring to the Joint Chiefs of Staff ([illegible]) [illegible]

[redacted]

[illegible]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

cc - 1 - [redacted]

HDI:blb

(7)

NOTE: We advised the AG in the memo of 11-7-5[illegible] that inquiries were being made of JCS concerning the questions in this memo and when answers were received he would be advised.

[redacted]

87

[redacted]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: November 10, 1955

FROM: Mr. R. R. Roach

SUBJECT: DONALD DUART MACLEAN;
GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

In memorandum from you to Mr. Boardman dated 11-5-55, an analysis of a memorandum prepared by the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) dated 10-18-55, concerning the national security implications resulting from defection of subjects was made. This memorandum recommended that Liaison contact the JCS to ascertain the basis for two statements which appeared in the 10-18-55 JCS memorandum which statements were: (1) that Maclean and Burgess were protected from exposure and dismissal by highly placed British officials particularly in the foreign office, (2) Basis for conculsion set forth in the JCS memorandum that possibly some U. S. diplomatic codes in existence prior to 5-25-51, are in the possession of the Soviets.

On 11-9-55, SA [redacted], Liaison Section, contacted Colonel Robert Totten, Joint Intelligence Group, the Joint Staff, concerning this matter. [redacted]

Concerning the statement regarding compromise of U. S. diplomatic codes, Colonel Totten stated this was based on advice from [redacted] possibly made available to the Soviets by Burgess and Maclean, U. S. codes had been compromised. No factual knowledge was in possession of JCS that either Burgess or Maclean could have had possession of U. S. codes to turn over to Soviets.

DUS:jlf
(7)
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]

[redacted]

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont

ACTION:

None. For information.

89

EE

[redacted] 6/16/51

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASHINGTON FIELD 16 4PM

DIRECTOR AND SAC URGENT

[redacted] ESP R. [redacted] REPORTED FORMER FRENCH MAID FOR DONALD MACLEAN IN U.S. AND SAID TO HAVE FIRST BEEN EMPLOYED BY MACLEAN WHEN HE WAS A BACHELOR IN PARIS, ENTERED U.S. FEBRUARY EIGHT, NINETEEN FORTY EIGHT ON SS AMERICA AT PORT OF NEW YORK. AFFIDAVIT OF SUPPORT DATED SEPTEMBER SIXTEEN, NINETEEN FORTY SIX, FILED BY COUSIN, [redacted] GOVERNESS FOR [redacted] AFFIDAVIT DATED JULY TWENTY SEVEN, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, FILED BY COUSINS, [redacted] AFFIDAVITS FILED WITH INS. [redacted]

[redacted]

RECORDED - 95 [redacted]

JUN 21 1951

25

HWB:BR

[redacted]

EX. - 73

[redacted]

50 JUN 28 1951

[redacted]

6-11-51

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD 11 7:00 P.M.

DIRECTOR AND SAC [redacted] DEFERRED

[redacted] ET AL. ESP.DASH R. RECORDS INS REFLECTED GUY FRANCIS DE MONCY BURGESS APPLIED FOR NON DASH IMMIGRANT VISA AT US CONSULATE OFFICE LONDON, ENGLAND ON JULY TWENTY FOUR, NINETEEN FIFTY. RECEIVED DIPLOMATIC VISA NUMBER THIRTY SIX DATED JULY TWENTY FOUR, NINETEEN FIFTY ISSUED UNDER SEC. THREE PAREN ONE PAREN OF IMMIGRATION ACT NINETEEN TWENTY FOUR. BURGESS ADMITTED TO US AUGUST FOUR NINETEEN FIFTY AT NEW YORK AND DESTINED BRITISH EMBASSY, WASH. D.C. TO ASSUME DUTIES OF SECOND SECRETARY. TRAVEL DOCUMENT BRITISH PASSPORT NO. ONE SIX SEVEN FOUR FIVE NINE ONE ISSUED BY BFO LONDON JULY TWENTY NINETEEN FIFTY, VALID TO JULY TWENTY NINETEEN FIFTY FIVE IN POSSESSION OF BURGESS.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

DONALD AND MELINDA MACLEAN

The records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service contain a letter dated [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

The Immigration and Naturalization file also contains a "Certificate of Admission of Aliens" dated March 28, 1941, reflecting on Manifest No. 13993, that MELINDA MACLEAN, a citizen of Britain, arrived at New York City aboard the SS Scythia on October 3, 1940, on an non-immigration visa No. 2128 issued at London on August 21, 1940. This form reflected her husband as DONALD DUART MACLEAN, 42 Macklenberg Square, London, W.C., England. It was further reflected that MELINDA MACLEAN was destined to visit her mother, MELINDA DUNBAR, [redacted] intending to stay six months.

A letter dated November 24, 1941, from DUNBAR to the Immigration and Naturalization Service at Ellis Island, New York, advised that his stepdaughter, Mrs. MELINDA MARLING MACLEAN, returned to England on April 30, 1941, via Clipper to rejoin her husband. [redacted] The Immigration and Naturalization Service records at Ellis Island verified that Mrs. MACLEAN had left aboard the Dixie Clipper on April 30, 1941.

Immigration and Naturalization Service records further reflect that MACLEAN and his wife departed on the SS Queen Mary from New York on September 1, 1948, destined to 4 Camden House Court, London, W.8. DONALD MACLEAN'S last entry in the United States was listed as April 6, 1947, at New York, and his wife's, MELINDA MACLEAN, last entry in the United States was listed as February 15, 1946, at Baltimore. At the time of departure Mrs. MACLEAN'S address was listed as 3326 P Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.

KERRY Copy.

[redacted]

ADDITIONAL
ENCLOSURE

94

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
NITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUS E

Laboratory Work Sheet

[redacted]

RECORDED
6/15/51 ja

Re: UNSUB., NA
[redacted]

File # [redacted]
Lab. # [redacted]

NO LAB FILE

Examination requested by: SAC, Wash. Field [redacted]

Date of reference communication: let. 6/9/51 Date received: 6/13/51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination: Examination by: [redacted]

Returned 6-20-51

JUN 18 1951

6771

Specimens submitted for examination

K1 Three page undated letter beg. "Dear [redacted]...." and ending "...will pay the rest T. Burgess," in the kn hw of GUY FRANCIS de MONCY BURGESS. purported

[redacted]

NOT RECORDED
144 JUL 20 1951

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

ENCL

[redacted]

9-1-51

62 JUN 27 1951

95

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

RECORDED
2-10-54
khl

NE LAB FILE

Re: DONALD DUART MacLEAN;
GUY FRANCIS DeMONCY BURGESS
ESPIONAGE - R

File # [redacted]
Lab. # [redacted] AF

Examination requested by:

Date of reference communication: Bur memo 2-8-54 Date received: 2-8-54

Examination requested: Doc.

Result of Examination: Examination by: [redacted]
2-12-54
WGB

Sig Q13 no concl Known Sig Guy Burgess
not enough genuine known to
establish all his variations in writing

Q12 Rem #3 Elite type

Specimens submitted for examination

Q12 White env. add "[redacted]
Washington, D. C.," address changed to "[redacted]
[redacted]" pm "WASHINGTON, D. C. DEC 24 1953 12-PM."
Q13 Accp. Christmas card signed "GUY BURGESS."

ALSO SUBMITTED: Three clippings from PUNCH magazine, attached to a sheet of white paper.

Q13 Guy Burgess no concl

Known
Guy Burgess

Guy B G. Burgess
G Burgess Guy Burgess

Memo
2-12-54
WGB:khl

96

7-2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATI[illegible]
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 10-9-51
msh

Laboratory Work Sheet

DE 8
10/9

Re: DONALD DUART MacLEAN, et al
ESPIONAGE - R

File [redacted]
Lab. [redacted]

LAB FILE

Examination requested by: SAC, SAVANNAH ([redacted])

Date of reference communication: let. 10-4-51 Date received: 10-8-51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination: Examination by: [redacted]
10/9/51
WS

No Concl with Guy Burgess

Specimens submitted for examination

Q11 Registration card of "The Carlton", Myrtle Beach, S. C., dated February 27, signed [redacted] and [redacted]

cc Washington Field ([redacted])
cc my
Q. [redacted]

Burgess
K1
K8
Lab Rpt.
10-10-51
wbc HO's

97

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 9-17-51
msh

Laboratory Work Sheet

DE 12
9/19

Re: DONALD DUART MACLEAN, et al
ESPIONAGE - R

File # [redacted]
Lab. # [redacted]

LAB FILE

Examination requested by: SAC, WFO ([redacted])

Date of reference communication: let. 9-14-51 Date received: 9-15-51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination: Examination by: [redacted]

Prev letter cont only 2 printed words balance in script. These two words Idem Hp Q7-8-9

9/18/51
WWS

Specimens submitted for examination

Q7 Env. of Sportsman's Hotel, Tulelake, California, pm. Tulelake, Calif., Aug. 17, 1951, 10 AM, add. "Agent-in-Charge Federal Bureau of Investigation Dept. of Justice San Francisco California".

Q8 First page of accp. letter beg. "Sir: There is possibility that [redacted]...".

Q9 Second page of accp. letter beg. "[redacted] Address was..." and ending"...stand by for additional data."

Send photo to Washington Field if original is retained at the Bureau.

Q7-8-9
S T N Y Y
B H C

Lab Rpt.
9-24-51
WGE:[illegible]

[redacted]

Ident

98

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

Recorded
7/30/51
EB

Re: [redacted] Informant
Coded messages sent by
McLEAN and BURGESS

File # [redacted]
Lab. # [redacted] DO

[redacted] LAB FILE

Examination requested by: [redacted]
Memo to Ladd from Nichols

Date of reference communication: July 26, 1951 Date received: 7-30-51

Examination requested: Cryptanalysis

Result of Examination:
Negative on Q1 - Qc V.

Examination by: [redacted]

Specimens submitted for examination

Q1 Strip of white paper bearing letters beginning "I H T A E A D R T R ...".

Qc2 Message from MacLean to his wife beginning "Had to leave unexpectedly ...".

Qc3 Message from Burgess to his mother beginning "terribly sorry for my silence ...".

Qc4 Message from MacLean to his mother beginning "I am quite all right ...".

Also submitted: Statement of [redacted]

7-2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED
7-7-51
JL

Laboratory Work Sheet

[redacted]

Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, was.
[redacted]
ESPIONAGE - R

File # [redacted]
Lab. # [redacted]

NO LAB. FILE

Examination requested by: Philadelphia [redacted]

Date of reference communication: Let. 6-30-51 Date received: 7-3-51

Examination requested: Document

Result of Examination: Examination by: [redacted]

Returned 7/13/51

Specimens submitted for examination

K4 Rw. let. on letterhead stationery of the British Embassy Washington, bg. "Dear [redacted] — Just a short ...," signed GUY BURGESS.

K5 Env. x to [redacted] pm Aug. 25, 1950 and acp. four-page let., message bg. "I have just finished ...," in the known hw. of X GUY BURGESS.

K6 Air Mail env. to [redacted] pm Sept. 22, 1950, and acp. three-page let., message bg. "X I trust you received my ...," containing the known hw. of GUY BURGESS.

ENCL

ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE

RETURN EVIDENCE [redacted]

9-1-5

100