

Legal Attaché  
Paris, France

contains the indefinite statement that, except where the treaty ordains otherwise, rules of procedure as to extradition are subject to the prerogative of the requested state.

The extradition statute, Title 18, U.S.C., Section 3194, contemplates the filing of a complaint before a state or federal judge, and if the fugitive is arrested, he shall be brought before the magistrate issuing the warrant for a hearing as to whether he should be extradited.

The Department continues that while there may be some delays at times, the procedure, on the whole, has worked well and has protected the rights of the accused. The proposed Plan would appear to place too much power in the International Police to pass on the arrest and extradition of a fugitive without sufficient check by a magistrate and the State Department.

It is not desired that you convey such to Monsieur L. Ducloux, Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission, but it is believed desirable that you bring to the attention of Monsieur Ducloux certain of the general observations which were made in reply by the Department of Justice, which are:

1. The proposed plan would render our present Extradition Treaties inoperative and would require a change in our laws and it might be more practicable to amend such of the present treaties as may be deemed inadequate.

2. The plan does not contain an enumerated list of extraditable offenses as do our present treaties. Whether an offense is extraditable depends on the sentence imposed or imposable.

3. The present treaties for the most part cover only major crimes or the more serious offenses.

4. The action that is to be taken after the accused's arrest and what the procedure is are not entirely clear.

Ref. : EXTRA/200.

the March 11st, 1949.

The Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission,  
to The Chiefs of the National Central  
Bureaus.

During the last General Assembly in PRAGUE, resolution nr. 6 relating to extradition was adopted with the purpose of unifying the rules regulating the law in this field and reinforcing the campaign against international criminal activity.

It was recommended in this resolution that the delegates bring to the attention of their respective governments the project of the General Convention thus adopted, emphasising especially the importance of that section relating to the procedure of extradition and particularly the 25th article.

In recalling your attention to this project, the Secretary General of the I.C.P.C. would like to point out the interest he has in being informed of the reception that has been given to the project by the legal authorities of your country.

It would be particularly desirable if your government agreed to consider the descriptive circular as the official notice of the warrant of arrest. In effect, this document contains all the desired elements of identification and refers as well to the warrant of arrest issued by a competent magistrate or sentence passed by an authority which is competent to pronounce it.

It brings together, therefore guarantees which are equally certain both as to the identity of the wanted individual and as to the authenticity of the action taken.

In order that the work on this project can be accomplished it would be appreciated if your reply could be received as early as possible.

The Secretary General :

L. DUCLOUX.

ENCLOSURE

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SÉCRÉTARIAT GÉNÉRAL

11, RUE DES SAUSSAIES - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL ANJOU 24-20 et 89-34

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GÉNÉRAL SECRETARIAT

11, RUE DES SAUSSAIES - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL N°. ANJOU 24-20 et 89-34

Ref. : EXTRA/200.

PARIS, le 11 Mars 1949.

Le Secrétaire Général de la Commission  
Internationale de Police Criminelle,

à MM. les Chefs des Bureaux Centraux  
Nationaux.

Lors de la dernière Assemblée Générale à PRAGUE, la Résolution n° 6 sur l'extradition, a été adoptée, dans un but d'unification des règles régissant le droit relatif à cette matière, et en vue de renforcer la lutte contre la criminalité internationale.

Cette Résolution recommandait à M. les Délégués de communiquer pour avis à leur Gouvernement respectif le Projet de Convention Générale, ainsi adopté, en soulignant tout spécialement l'importance de la partie relative à la procédure d'extradition, et notamment l'article 25.

En appelant à nouveau votre attention sur ce Projet, le Secrétariat Général de la C.I.P.C. vous signale l'intérêt qu'il attache à connaître l'accueil qui lui aura été réservé par les Hautes Autorités Judiciaires de votre Pays.

Il serait particulièrement souhaitable que votre Gouvernement acceptât de considérer la notice signalétique comme impliquant avis officiel d'arrestation. En effet, ce document contient tous les éléments d'identification désirables et fait référence également du mandat d'arrêt, émanant du magistrat compétent, ou du jugement de condamnation provenant de la juridiction habilitée à la prononcer.

Il réunit donc un ensemble de garanties aussi bien sur l'identité de la personne recherchée que sur l'authenticité de la décision envisagée.

En vue d'effectuer un travail d'ensemble sur cette question, j'aurais intérêt à connaître votre réponse le plus tôt possible.

Le Secrétaire Général :

L. DUCLoux.

6

Interpol  
Sept 13

file

8288

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. E. A. Tamm \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Coffey \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Ladd   
Mr. Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Carson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Egan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Hondon \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Pennington \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Quinn Tamm \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

September 6, 1949

*file*  
MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOLS

*file*  
Re: Registering of Cable Address "INTERPOL WASHINGTON"

In accord with the instructions contained in the attached memorandum from Mr. Fletcher to Mr. Ladd, dated August 24, 1949, the cable address "INTERPOL WASHINGTON" was registered with all cable companies, which address will be used in the sending and receiving of International Criminal Police wires.

*100-111-104*  
The address was placed on file effective 11:30 A.M., September 2, 1949, and therefore may be used effective immediately.

An appropriate letter to all Bureau Officials and Supervisors is attached.

It is understood that the Foreign Liason Desk will prepare appropriate memoranda to the Legal Attache, Paris, and the ICPAC upon receipt of the above information.

Respectfully,

*L. R. McCoy*

*l. r. mccoy*

*RECORDED - 61*

*RECORDED - 61*  
LRWc:mas  
Attachment

*99-1-2061-*

*12*

*(2)*  
THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY  
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT TO EXIST

AIR POUCH

Date: October 14, 1949  
To: Legal Attaché  
Paris, France  
From: Director, FBI  
Subject: COMMERCIAL CABLES  
International Criminal Police Commission

Reference is made to the Bureau's letter of September 8, 1949, captioned as above in which you were advised that the Bureau has now registered the cable address, "INTERPOL WASHINGTON."

It has been noted that the cablegrams received from the International Criminal Police Commission during the past month still carry the Bureau's old cablegraphic address. Inasmuch as the cable address, "INTERPOL WASHINGTON," was registered at Monsieur Decloux' request and to reduce the cablegram expenses of the ICPC, it is desired that you bring the Bureau's new cable address to the attention of the International Criminal Police Commission immediately.

cc - Foreign Service Desk (Detached)

WLF:rma 11/15/

RECORDED: 16

94-1-7661

F B I

64 OCT 18 1949

To whom \_\_\_\_\_  
Lodging \_\_\_\_\_  
Dinner \_\_\_\_\_  
Entertainment \_\_\_\_\_  
A/c open \_\_\_\_\_  
Travel \_\_\_\_\_  
Meals \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Receps \_\_\_\_\_  
Agency \_\_\_\_\_

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

File No. 3

11:15 P.M.

FBI - WASHINGTON, D. C.  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

8 U.S.C.

ADMINISTER OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS TO  
THE SECRETARY OF STATE  
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.



DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
WASHINGTON

In reply refer to  
O.M.B:Df/Z

October 19, 1949

My dear Mr. Hoover:

Your letter of October 3, 1949, directed to the Secretary of State, requesting the Department to make a payment of \$3,000.00 in Swiss francs to cover a subscription for membership in the International Commission of Criminal Police is acknowledged.

The American Legation at Bern, Switzerland has been duly authorized to comply with your request. Accounts will be submitted to you in accordance with procedures established in Treasury Department Circular No. 108 and the Department's Foreign Service Serial No. 726.

Sincerely yours,

*Louis F. Thompson*

Louis F. Thompson  
Chief, Division of Finance

J. Edgar Hoover, Esquire,  
Federal Bureau of Investigation,  
Department of Justice,  
Washington 25, D. C.

RECORD DU 30  
14-1-161-531

8

*14-1-161-531*  
*TUE*  
*and J. C. S.*  
*Switzerland*  
*of 11/1/49*

THE FOREIGN SERVICE  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF THE LEGAL ATTACHE  
PARIS, FRANCE

October 3, 1949

Director, FBI

(1) Re: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

Dear Sir:

I am in receipt of a memorandum from M. DUCLOUX, Secretary General of the I.C.P.C., which translates as follows:

"The French Police are now in the process of making a study of the use of micro-films, and in order to guide their research, I would be very grateful if you would be kind enough to advise me if the FBI makes use of micro-films, and if so to what extent and under what conditions?

"It would be particularly useful to know if micro-films are or have been used for the classification and transmission of fingerprints.

"I would be very much obliged if you could send me all the information you have available on this question, i. e. in what ways the use of micro-films can be adapted to the benefit of police work.

Very truly yours,

(signed) DUCLOUX  
Secretary General"

Very truly yours,

*Horton R. Telford*

HORTON R. TELFORD  
Legal Attaché

HRT:AM

RECORDED

2294 - 1-2061-53 (J.M.W.)

Date: October 17, 1949

TG: DED - 22-10-12 07-556  
Legal Attaché  
Paris, France

VIA AIR POUCH

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation.  
Subject: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

57-4

Reference is made to your letter dated October 3, 1949, in which you advised that an inquiry from the ICPC relative to the Bureau's use of micro-films was received by you.

For your information, the Bureau has no experience in the use of micro-films. Consideration is presently being given, however, to the recording of old inactive files on micro-film. Such consideration is being limited, however, only to this type of file.

In connection with the use of micro-films on fingerprint records, after some experiments, the conclusion was reached that, upon the basis of the film now available, it is not possible to adequately reproduce the fingerprint cards, due to the various shades of inking which appear on many of the finger impressions.

Foreign Service Desk (detached)  
slm 11/11/60 1005 P.M.  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

52 NOV 1 1043 K 89

Mr. Tolson .....  
Mr. Tamm .....  
Mr. Tracy .....  
Mr. Nichols .....  
Mr. Russell .....  
Mr. Tracy .....  
Mr. Mohr .....  
Mr. Mohr .....  
Tele. Room .....  
Mr. Nease .....  
Miss Gandy .....  
*Walter*  
*Loyd*  
*Park*  
*John*  
*all folks*

OCTOBER 17, 1949 AT PARIS, FRANCE. RECEIVED VIA THE STATE  
DEPARTMENT.

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION. GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
MEETING AT BERNE ATTENDED BY 66 DELEGATES FROM 30 COUNTRIES.  
ALL RESOLUTIONS PASSED SOME WITH MODIFICATIONS. ALL DISCUSSIONS  
CARRIED ON IN FRIENDLY AND HARMONIOUS ATMOSPHERE. CZECHO-  
SLOVAKIA ONLY IRON CURTAIN COUNTRY REPRESENTED. DETAILS FOLLOW.  
ARRIVED PARIS 7 P.M. OCTOBER 16. HORTON R. TELFORD.

RECEIVED: 10-17-49 11:11 AM MET

RECORDED: 105

94-1-261-537

8 OCT 21 1949

c.c. Mr. Ferris

ALPHABETICAL

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. NICHOLS ✓  
 FROM : N. A. ✓  
 SUBJECT:

DATE: October 20, 1949

Reference is made to Mr. Clegg's memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated October 17, 1949, regarding a request from Mr. John Frazer, Jr., Division of International Conferences, State Department. It is noted that Mr. Frazer was making a request concerning the International Crime Police Commission.

The attached is a copy of a memorandum on the Commission which we made available to Jerry Lewis, who handles our radio program. It is merely a broad statement of the purposes of the Commission, along with historical data. It includes information on our participation in the Commission.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the attached be forwarded to the Liaison Section for transmittal to Mr. John Frazer, Jr., Division of International Conferences, State Department, 1778 Pennsylvania Avenue, Northwest, Washington, D. C.

Attachment

ECK:mab

4-10  
 Memorandum given to  
 Mr. Joseph Stahl Kifl. 36  
 for transmittal to 3 Nov 1 1949  
 Frazer.

10/24/49.

24 NOV 8 1949

Re: International Criminal Police Commission

The International Criminal Police Commission had its beginning prior to World War I when it was felt that it was necessary to have cooperation among law enforcement agencies in the world to curb the activities of international criminals. With this fact in mind, international conferences were held in various places such as Buenos Aires in 1903, Madrid in 1903, and Washington, D. C., in 1913. The progress in forming the organization was slow but in 1923, Dr. Scholer, a former Austrian Chancellor and President of the Viennese Police, brought representatives of various European police agencies to Vienna to consider a simplification of extradition processes, the repression of the drug traffic, etc. The International Criminal Police Commission resulted and Vienna became the headquarters of the organization.

The Commission consisted of a President (usually the President of the Vienna Police Department), Vice Presidents, Permanent reporters, Ordinary reporters, Ordinary members and Honorary members. The expenses of the organization were borne by contributions from the various member countries on the basis of one Swiss franc (about 25¢) for every 10,000 inhabitants of the country represented.

An International Police Conference was sponsored by the  
ession in 1920 in Berlin and again in 1930 in Antwerp. Additional

eck)

208

**ENCLOSURE**

1.1-1-5361-538

meetings have been held from time to time in various countries in Europe.

The many forms of international criminology dealt with by the Commission in the past concerned drug traffic, white slave traffic, falsification of passports, falsification of checks, bank notes and other documents having monetary value. The Commission formerly issued a magazine containing data on the work of the organization and the activities of international criminals.

From June 7 through June 10, 1937, the thirteenth meeting of the Commission was held in London, England, and a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation delivered an address at that meeting.

A Federal Statute authorizing membership of the FBI in the Commission was approved on June 10, 1938.

During the first part of 1946, F. E. Louwage, Inspector General of the Belgian Security of State and Permanent Recorder of the International Criminal Police Commission, indicated that he was taking the initiative in reorganizing the Commission and was proposing a meeting to be held in Brussels, Belgium, during June of 1946. The meeting convened on June 3 in Brussels with 46 delegates from 18 countries present. Mr. Louwage was elected President of the organization and L. Bucloux, Director, Criminal Police Service of the Surete Nationale of France, was elected General Secretary. Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, was elected a Vice President of the organization.

During the process of its reactivation, it was pointed out that the Commission could perform valuable service in a direct interchange of information among various police agencies throughout the world which are anxious to suppress international crime. It was pointed out that several members of the Commission had emphasized the dangers resulting since the cessation of hostilities from the moving about of international criminals, who under cover of the influx of refugees or the immigration of persons, are infiltrating into countries where police, deprived of the machinery of the International Criminal Police Commission, have no means of receiving exact information concerning such criminals.

The Commission has resumed publication of its journal "International Review" which is distributed to its members; and articles on scientific crime detection have been submitted to this journal by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for publication.

In December of 1946, information was received that the documentation service on counterfeiting and forgery which was initiated by the Commission in 1924, had resumed its activities. The Commission in making this announcement advised, "its restoration marks a new step in the fight against international criminality." All correspondence with this service must be addressed to the Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission, 11 Rue des Saussaies, Paris. The Commission in carrying out this project has requested member countries to submit documents and information concerning bank and state monetary notes, metallic money, together

with information concerning the laws regarding the issuance of the money as well as lists of such notes and moneys withdrawn from circulation together with knowledge concerning the laws relating to them and the laws concerning their disposition. In addition, specimens of counterfeiting andgeries of such moneys and notes together with specimens of passports and identification papers and other data of interest were requested.

In January 1947, the Federal Bureau of Investigation agreed to act as a clearing house for inquiries received from municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies in the United States to be transmitted to foreign police agencies.

From June 9 to June 12, 1947, the Annual General Assembly of the International Criminal Police Commission took place in Paris, France. Sixty delegates from twenty-seven nations were in attendance. It was voted that the 1948 General Assembly would be held at Prague. The 1947 Assembly devoted considerable discussion to counterfeiting and forgery which is of considerable interest and concern to many members of the Commission. Other matters pertaining to the work of the Commission were discussed as well as matters concerning the exchange of criminal records and reports.

The 1948 General Assembly of the International Criminal Police Commission was held in Prague, Czechoslovakia, from September 6 to 10th. A general report on the activities of the organization was made by Mr. L. Juclova, the Secretary General of the organization. He stated that the organization has, since the war, increased in member states. In 1946 there were 13 members;

In 1947 there were 24 members and in 1948 the membership increased to 30 members. The new states include the Union of South Africa and Australia. Austria has been able to return to its prewar membership. Venezuela sent a delegate to the Assembly and the Chinese government sent an observer.

One of the first items of business taken up by the 1948 Assembly was an amendment of the organization's statutes to exclude political matters from the activities of the International Criminal Police Commission. This was done in order that the nonpolitical nature of the organization should be clearly expressed. The new amendment strictly excludes all matters from consideration by the organization having a political, religious or racial character. Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, was re-elected to Vice-President of the Commission. The Assembly voted to hold its 1949 meeting at Berne, Switzerland. The 1948 Assembly listened to reports concerning the organization of a Subcommittee of Specialists in Legal Medicine, a report on Police Statistics, reports on the Inter-change of Techniques of Criminal Identification, International Police Radio Communications, Juvenile Delinquency, Air Travel and Crime, Extradition, Narcotics, Falsification of Currency and the Prevention of Falsification of Securities.

Active cooperation among law enforcement agencies the world over is a prime necessity today. The world may be considered by the criminal as his field of operation. One country may be the scene of his misdeed, another his refuge. Present-day increases in crime constitute a peril which must be met largely by the efficiency of

police throughout the world. Fast means of travel available to criminals as well as their utter disregard for boundary lines make it necessary for complete international police cooperation, for without it the warfare against criminals will be ineffective.

The Identification Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, for example, serves as a continuing medium of cooperation with police agencies throughout the world and with the International Criminal Police Commission. Its regular exchange of fingerprints with the Identification Bureaus of foreign countries has contributed materially to the cause of more effective law enforcement. The International Exchange of Fingerprints not only provides a means of furnishing a subject's complete criminal history for the assistance of prosecuting attorneys, judges and parole officers in their respective activities, but also is of the utmost importance as a medium whereby persons who are wanted in a country other than that in which they were arrested, may be identified as fugitives.

During the 1948 fiscal year 78 foreign countries, territories and possessions of the United States, were cooperating in the International Exchange. During that period, 1,220 sets of fingerprints were transmitted to foreign countries for possible identification. Of these, 187 identifications were made. For this same period, 31,310 prints were received from foreign countries. Over 14,125 were identified.

The valuable service performed by the International Exchange of Fingerprints was well illustrated on one occasion when an individual was received at the State Prison in Wisconsin to serve two terms of from one to five years concurrently on charges of forgery and uttering. The prison officials requested the FBI to forward copies of the prisoner's fingerprints to England, France, Austria and Belgium. As a result of this International Exchange of Fingerprints, a letter was received from New Scotland Yard in London advising that the individual in question had previously served an imprisonment in Rome, Italy, on a swindling charge. The letter also reported that this person was wanted by the Paris police on a warrant charging forgery and making use of forged documents. Scotland Yard announced that the prisoner incarcerated at the Wisconsin State Prison would be reported to the Paris police.

On another occasion the FBI received from the police authorities at Berne, Switzerland, the fingerprints of one Roger Philippe Juret. He had been arrested in Geneva for burglarizing a number of apartments. His fingerprint impressions were searched against the files of the FBI's Identification Division and the resulting identification showed that this man had received maximum sentences totaling 55 years during his career as a burglar in the United States.

In 1944 the Identification Division of the FBI received a fingerprint card on one individual from the Commissioner's Office, Habitual Criminals' Registry, Dublin, Ireland. The report accompanying

the card indicated that on March 19, 1944, a woman presumably the wife of the individual in question and the mother of two small children, became ill and was removed to a hospital in Dublin. She died, however, before arrival. Subsequently, an examination established that the woman had died of potassium cyanide poisoning and after investigation, her husband was charged with the murder. The Dublin authorities, apparently not satisfied with the man's story and in an effort to obtain more facts relative to his background, appealed to the FBI. FBI files reflected that this person was known under another name. He had an FBI Number and an extensive criminal record dating back to 1919. He was wanted by the Greencastle, Indiana, State Farm for escape and by the Stillwater, Minnesota, State Penitentiary, for violation of his parole.

Requests for information and investigation are constantly being received by the FBI from the International Criminal Police Commission. Of interest to one recent request for information concerning an individual who used almost 40 aliases. The FBI was able, however, to identify the person who is presently being considered for deportation by the French authorities.

FBI records revealed that the individual in question had been investigated by the FBI in 1938 for impersonation of a Federal officer. The subject subsequently pleaded guilty to three counts charging impersonation and was sentenced by the United States District Court in Mobile, Alabama, to serve three years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Georgia.

This individual, at the time of his trial, advised the court that he was a German citizen and had entered the United States about

1911. He claimed he had never been naturalized in this country.

On March 7, 1941, he was released from the United States Penitentiary at Atlanta, but shortly thereafter was arrested for trying to effect a swindle. On May 6, 1941, he was returned to the United States Penitentiary at Atlanta as a conditional release violator.

On January 10, 1942, he was held by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service as an alien enemy on the basis of a presidential warrant and was interned on February 9, 1942. On January 7, 1945, he was repatriated to Germany.

Curiously enough this individual claimed to have acquired U. S. citizenship by taking the oath of allegiance to the United States when he joined the United States Army in 1906.

A check of the records of the United States Army failed to disclose any record of his military service. In addition, an apparent inconsistency exists inasmuch as he had previously related during his trial in 1938 that he had entered the United States about 1911.

In December 1948, the Central Italian Office of the International Criminal Police Commission advised the FBI that a certain individual, the bearer of a United States passport, was wanted by the Italian authorities for murder and for dealing in narcotics.

A check by the FBI with the State Department revealed pertinent information concerning the person in question, even to an address in New Jersey where he lived as late as 1948. Director Hoover

of the FBI forwarded this information to the Italian authorities with the suggestion that in the event extradition process was desirable the matter should be taken up through appropriate channels.

The International Criminal Police Commission continues to make available to the FBI information which is of interest to other investigative agencies of the United States Government. Such data, of course, is promptly forwarded to these agencies by the FBI. For example, the FBI recently sent to the United States Secret Service copies of wanted notices issued by the International Criminal Police Commission concerning individuals wanted for possessing counterfeit dollars or for making counterfeit currency.

A continuous flow of data concerning stolen securities, the theft of valuable paintings, the theft of traveler's checks, as well as matters concerning narcotics and stolen securities as well as scores of other items of a criminal nature are received by the FBI from the International Criminal Police Commission. Such data, of course, is made available to the interested American agencies.

On the other hand agencies, including the FBI, have occasion to call upon the facilities of the International Criminal Police Commission and its member states for information or investigation. In December 1943, several individuals arrived in the United States as stowaways on a vessel which had left Palermo, Italy. The stowaways were discovered when they attempted to leave the ship as it landed in an American port. One individual was able to escape. It was learned that his wife and children resided at a certain address in Palermo and in view of the possibility that he might

communists with his wife, the International Criminal Police Commission was requested by the FBI to undertake the necessary investigation at Palermo in an effort to determine where the person might be located at the present time.

During this period of postwar adjustment, the police of the world are faced with many new problems. Unity and mutual cooperation will serve as law enforcement's greatest aids in defeating crime on all fronts.

As in the past the FBI will continue to serve the police throughout the world in their courageous fight against a common enemy.

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRETARIAT GENERAL

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL. ANJOU 24 20 et 89-34

CRG/8

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL. ANJOU 24 20 et 89-34

Paris, 25th June, 1949

PARIS,  
The Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission,  
to The Chiefs of the National Central Bureaus.

Subject : Re : the telegraphic address "INTERPOL".

When the 16th General Meeting was held in PARIS, in 1947 the International Criminal Police Commission adopted a Resolution recommending "all the National Central Bureaus to use the telegraphic address : "INTERPOL", followed by the name of the locality".

Many of them, belonging or not to the Police radio network, have put the Resolution into practice, resulting in the considerable facility of international transmissions.

Certain Bureaus, however, are only using this call-sign for the stations on the international Police network and have not had this address registered with the Postal Authorities.

The following serious inconvenience has resulted :

When the I.C.P.C. radio network station has a breakdown or is closed, the telegram is sent through the ordinary postal service and is returned to the sender endorsed : "Address unknown".

So as to enable the Resolution adopted to attain maximum efficiency, I should be grateful if you would kindly take the necessary steps, as soon as possible, if this is not already done, to have the address "INTERPOL" (followed by the name of the locality) registered with the Postal Authorities of your Country, as the official telegraphic address of your Central Bureau.

RECORDED - 28 / 11 / 2011 539

I consider that the application of this Resolution is of the greatest importance in order to facilitate international relations and I have no doubt that you will do everything possible to follow up my suggestion.

L. DUCLOUX  
General Secretary

15 NOV 7 1949

ORG/8

Paris, 25 Juin 1949.

IMPORTANT

Le Secrétaire Général de la Commission Internationale de Police Criminelle,

à Messieurs les Chefs des Bureaux Centraux Nationaux.

Objet : Au sujet de l'adresse télégraphique "INTERPOL".

Lors de la 16ème Assemblée Générale à PARIS en 1947, la C.I.P.C. a adopté une Résolution recommandant "à tous les Bureaux Centraux Nationaux d'adopter l'adresse télégraphique "INTERPOL" suivie du nom de la localité".

Plusieurs d'entre eux appartenant ou non au réseau radio-électrique de police ont mis en pratique cette résolution, et il en est résulté les plus grandes facilités dans les transmissions internationales.

Certains bureaux n'ont cependant utilisé cet indicatif que pour les stations du réseau international de police, et n'ont pas fait enregistrer cette adresse auprès de l'Administration des Postes.

Il en résulte le grave inconvénient suivant :

En cas de panne ou de fermeture de la station du réseau radio-électrique de la C.I.P.C., le télégramme est acheminé par la voie postale ordinaire et est retourné à l'expéditeur avec mention "Adresse inconnue".

Afin de donner à la résolution adoptée toute son officiété, je vous serais reconnaissant de vouloir bien intervenir, le plus rapidement qu'il vous sera possible, si ce n'est déjà fait, pour faire enregistrer auprès de l'Administration des Postes de votre Pays l'adresse "INTERPOL" (suivie du nom de la localité) comme l'adresse officielle télégraphique de votre Bureau Central.

Je considère que l'application de cette Résolution est de la plus haute importance pour faciliter les rapports internationaux, et je ne doute pas que vous ferez tout ce qui est en votre pouvoir pour suivre ma suggestion.

Le Secrétaire Général :  
L. DUCLOUX

TECOM/200

Paris, 25th June 1949.

The General Secretary of the International Criminal Police Commission,  
to The Chiefs of the National Central  
Bureaus.

Subject : International Broadcasting of "I.P.C.Q." telegrams.

As you already know, the general broadcastings of the International Police, which should reach all the National Central Bureaus of the International Criminal Police Commission, are addressed to "I.P.C.Q.", which indicatory letters mean : "To all international Police stations".

In order to determine the exact extent of these broadcastings, I should be very grateful if you would let me know, after having consulted the Chief of your Telecommunications Dept., to which foreign stations your national station eventually and systematically retransmits the telegrams marked "I.P.C.Q."

Moreover, I should also appreciate if you would let me know the National Central Bureaus of the International Criminal Police Commission which you are capable of reaching and which are not, at the present time, included in the international telecommunications network and consequently which are not recipients of "I.P.C.Q." broadcastings.

For your information, may I point out that, to my knowledge, the following National Central Bureaus are actually reached by the "I.P.C.Q." telegrams :

PARIS - BRUSSELS - LONDON - LUXEMBURG - ROME - BERN  
(Zurich) - THE HAGUE - STOCKHOLM - LISBON - COPENHAGEN -  
PRAGUE - SAARBRUCK - BADEN - TRIEST.

The Secretary General :  
L. DUCLOUX

74-1-22, 540

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
T.L. ANJOU 24 20 et 89-34

Réf. TECOM/200

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
T.L. NE. ANJOU 24 20 and 89-34

Paris le 25 Juin 1949.  
PARIS,

Le Secrétaire Général de la Commission  
Internationale de Police Criminelle,  
à MM. les Chefs des Bureaux Centraux Na-  
tionaux.

Objet : Diffusion internationale des télégrammes "I.P.C.Q.".

Ainsi que vous le savez, les diffusions générales de police internationale, diffusions qui doivent atteindre tous les Bureaux Centraux Nationaux de la C.I.P.C., portent comme destinataire l'indicatif "I.P.C.Q.", qui signifie : "A tous postes de police internationale".

Afin qu'il me soit possible de déterminer l'étendue exacte de ces diffusions, je vous serais reconnaissant de vouloir bien me faire connaître, après avoir consulté votre chef des Télécommunications, à quelles stations étrangères votre station nationale retransmet éventuellement et d'une façon systématique les télégrammes marqués "I.P.C.Q.".

Je vous serais, par ailleurs, obligé de vouloir bien me faire connaître les B.C.N. de la C.I.P.C. que vous serez susceptible d'atteindre et qui, aujourd'hui, ne sont pas inclus dans le réseau international des télécommunications, et par conséquent qui ne sont pas destinataires des I.P.C.Q.

A titre d'information, je vous signale qu'à ma connaissance, les B.C.N. suivants sont aujourd'hui touchés par les diffusions I.P.C.Q. :

PARIS - BRUXELLES - LONDRES - LUXEMBOURG - ROME - BERNE -  
(Zurich) - LA HAYE - STOCKHOLM - LISBONNE - COPENHAGUE -  
PRAGUE - SARREBRUCK - BADEN - TRIESTE.

Le Secrétaire Général :

L. DUCLOUX

5-1

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. R. T. Harbo *RTH*

FROM : Mr. I. W. Conrad *ICW*

SUBJECT: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

DATE: September 12, 1949

Reference is made to the two attached form letters from the ICPC, dated June 25, 1949, one of which requests technical information concerning radio equipment used by ICPC members and the other requests information concerning the dissemination of ICPC broadcasts.

No response is being prepared in this matter inasmuch as the Bureau no longer participates in the radio operations of the Commission.

CWA:GE  
Attachment

RECORDED - 28

194-1-2061-540

12 OCT 28 1949

60 NOV 8-1949

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRETARIAT GENERAL

11, Rue des Saumais - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL ANJOU 24-20 et 89-34

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Saumais - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL. No. ANJOU 24-20 and 89-34

Paris, Friday 25th 1949.

The Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission,

to The Chiefs of the National Central  
Bureaus.

Subject : Telecommunications - Information.

The Resolution n°12, adopted at the General Meeting of the International Criminal Police Commission, held in PARIS in 1947, provided that the Commission should be kept informed of all Radio methods and possibilities which the criminal Police could employ.

At a time when the General Regulations of I.C.P.C. Telecommunications are being elaborated and international radio traffic is developing, I should be pleased to have, relative to your Country, as much information as possible, concerning the achievements accomplished, to the advantage of the Criminal Police, in the field of metrical waves, and in particular on the following points :

- Number and importance of mobile radiotelephonic networks
- Radius of action of the networks.
- Technical characteristics of the equipment used (type of modulation, transmission power, sensitiveness of receivers).
- Installation of equipment on vehicles (place, feeding device, anti-atmospheric devices, type of aerial).
- Installation of fixed stations (place of apparatus, telecontrol apparatus possibly used, type and height of aerial). /

...

- Installation of Control-rooms (fitting up of control room, telephonic circuits, location of the position of vehicles in operation, exploiting personnel).
- Maintenance of equipment (fitting up and equipment of workshops, maintenance personnel).
- Technical results (useful transmission range achieved, variations of propagation noted).

L. DUCLOUX  
General Secretary.

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRÉTARIAT GÉNÉRAL

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL. ANJOU 24 20 et 89 34

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL. N°. ANJOU 24 20 and 89 34

Paris le 25 Juin 1949.

C.I.P.C. TECOM/200

Le Secrétaire Général de la Commission  
Internationale de Police Criminelle,  
à Messieurs les Chefs des Bureaux Cen-  
traux Nationaux.

Objet : Télécommunications - documentation.

La Résolution n°12 adoptée par l'Assemblée Générale de  
la C.I.P.C. à PARIS en 1947 a prévu que la Commission devrait  
être tenue au courant de tous les moyens radio-électriques que  
peut employer la police criminelle.

Au moment où s'élabore le Réglement général des Télécom-  
munications de la C.I.P.C. et où se développe le trafic radio-  
électrique international, il me serait agréable de posséder en  
ce qui concerne votre pays et dans toute la mesure du possible,  
une documentation générale sur les réalisations effectuées au  
profit de la police criminelle dans le domaine des ondes métri-  
ques, en particulier sur les points suivants :

- Nombre et importance des réseaux radiotéléphoniques mo-  
biles.
- Rayon d'action des réseaux.
- Caractéristiques techniques du matériel utilisé (type de  
modulation, puissance à l'émission, sensibilité des ré-  
cepteurs).
- Installation du matériel sur des véhicules (emplacement,  
dispositif d'alimentation, antiparasitage, type d'aérien).
- Installation des stations fixes (emplacement des appa-  
reils, dispositifs de télécommande éventuellement utili-  
sés, type et hauteur d'aérien).
- Installation des postes de commandement (aménagement de

\*\*\*

la salle de commandement, circuits téléphoniques, repérage de la position des véhicules en opération, personnel d'exploitation).

- Entretien du matériel (aménagement et équipement des ateliers, personnel de maintenance).
- Résultats techniques (portées utiles réalisées, variations de propagation constatées).

Le Secrétaire Général :

L. DUCLOUX

## BY SPECIAL COURTESY

DATE: October 4, 1919

TO: Mr. U. E. Baughman, Jr.  
Chief  
U. S. Secret Service  
Treasury Department  
Washington, D. C.

FROM: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
SUBJECT: C INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of the pamphlets No. 4 and 4 bis which have been received from the ICPIC, Paris, France relative to counterfeiting matters. These pamphlets have been prepared in connection with the pending conference of the International Criminal Police Commission which will be held in Bern, Switzerland from October 10 to October 15, 1949. These pamphlets are being transmitted as of possible interest to you.

Enclosure

FLORIDA - 49

CH-110

Figures

Tolosa \_\_\_\_\_  
Lacq \_\_\_\_\_  
Ciboure \_\_\_\_\_  
Larréth \_\_\_\_\_  
Mondariz \_\_\_\_\_  
Aire \_\_\_\_\_  
Urrugne \_\_\_\_\_  
Arrezo \_\_\_\_\_  
Urtx \_\_\_\_\_  
Tartas \_\_\_\_\_  
Pezas \_\_\_\_\_

THE FOREIGN SERVICE  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF THE LEGAL ATTACHE  
PARIS, FRANCE

June 3, 1949

Director, FBI

O  
Re: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

Dear Sir:

Please refer to Bureau letter of April 4, 1949 and my reply thereto of April 27, 1949.

I am enclosing herewith two copies of the publication referred to in reference letter. The remainder of 50 copies furnished by the I.C.P.C. for whatever distribution the Bureau sees fit are being forwarded via steamer pouch.

This pamphlet covers, in a general way, the history, organization, and functions of the Commission. However, the following supplementary information is submitted in compliance with the Bureau's request for certain specific details:-

I.C.P.C. Facilities:

Office space: The I.C.P.C. Secretariat Headquarters are now located in a new building of the Ministry of Interior, located on Boulevard Gouvion St. Cyr, Paris 16. It occupies 12, mostly small, adjoining offices, adequate, although modest. These offices house all of the Commission's facilities with the exception of their radio transmission room which is located at the Surete Nationale, 11 rue des Faussaires, which is connected with the Commission's communication room by teletype. These offices are donated by the French government at no cost to the Commission. This contribution on the part of the French government also includes lights, heat, telephone, radio, postage, local transportation, etc.

ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE

Personnel: Twenty permanent, full-time employees working at headquarters, all paid from the budget of the Surete Nationale, Ministry of Interior. Five additional employees are working at The Hague, Holland, seat of the Sub-Commission on Counterfeiting and Forgeries. Their salaries are paid by the Netherlands government.

Files and Records:

1. General files on about 30,000 international criminals, including all correspondence pertaining thereto; wanted notices, photographs, etc.

RECORDED 87

NOV 10 1949

7/1-3661-341  
JUL 1 1949  
3 W 2 JH

Director, FBI

Re: I.C.P.C.

2. Fingerprint files on international criminals with a ten finger classification.

3. Single fingerprint file.

4. Files on counterfeit and forgery cases with specimens. (The actual technical laboratory examinations are made at The Hague under the direction of Dr. Adler, who is considered one of the foremost European authorities on this subject.)

5. Photograph file where facial characteristics are classified according to a modified Bertillon system. (The purpose of this file is to effect identification of unknown subjects by their facial descriptions.) The classification formula is made up on the basis of the characteristics of the forehead, nose, mouth and chin.

6. Specialists file. This is a combination modus operandi and general description file for the identification of unknown subjects.

7. Library: Contains publications of all police organs from the various countries, as well as reference books on police and related subjects.

Sub-Commissions:

1. Counterfeiting and forgeries.
2. Narcotics.
3. Juvenile Delinquency
4. Telecommunications.
5. Statistics
6. Air police
7. Scientific and Technical Documentation

Membership:

At the present time, the following nations have joined the I.C.P.C. Others have also indicated their intention of joining.

Director, FBI

Re: I.C.P.C.

Argentina	Ireland
Australia	Italy
Austria	Luxembourg
Belgium	Netherlands
Bulgaria	Norway
Chile	Poland
Czechoslovakia	Portugal
Denmark	Sweden
Egypt	Switzerland
Finland	Tangiers
France	Trieste
Great Britain	Turkey
Greece	Union of South Africa
Hungary	U. S. A.
India	Venezuela
Iran	Yugoslavia

The Soviet Union has never been a member of the I.C.P.C. At the time of its reorganization in 1946, an invitation was extended to the U.S.S.R. as was done to all the nations of the World. They replied that the invitation had been referred to the "competent authorities", and nothing further has been since received. No further overtures toward the U.S.S.R. have been made and it appears very doubtful if this country will ever join; at least there is no present indication that they have any interest whatsoever.

United Nations:

The I.C.P.C. has been accepted as a consultant organism by the U.N. and is regularly contacted by the U.N. on social problems of the latter.

Arrangements have been made to keep the Bureau advised of new members of the I.C.P.C., new functions undertaken, facilities added, etc.

Very truly yours,

*Horace R. Telford*  
HORACE R. TELFORD  
Legal Attaché

Enclosures (2)

HUT:M

cc (with package steamer pouch)

I.C.P.C. n°III6I

Paris, 25th June 1949

The Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission,

to The Heads of the National Central Bureaux,

Subject : Fingerprint cards to be circulated to all countries.

I beg to draw your attention to the difficulties which are sometimes met with by the International Bureau to reproduce, on the international circulations, the fingerprints which have been sent to it.

Frequently, indeed, the said fingerprints are photographic reproductions which cannot be used when it is necessary to have them reproduced a second time for them to be printed on the descriptive notices.

You will not fail to realize that the interest of such notices resides first in the fact that it is easier, with the help of the fingerprints, to identify those individuals who are wanted.

Therefore, and in order to enable this Office in the future to issue more perfect circulations, I should be very grateful if you would, as much as possible, enclose, together with your requests for circulations, very good original fingerprints or photographic reproductions, provided the latter are carefully done, on white paper and not too contrasty.

The Secretary General :

L. DUCLOUX

RECORDED - 10

194-1-2061-  
1

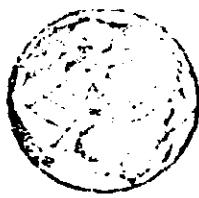
3 29 1949

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL ANJOU 24 20 11 89-94

C.I.P.C. n°II6I



INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
TEL. N°. ANJOU 24 20 11 89-94

Paris le 25 Juin 1949.

PARIS,

Le Secrétaire Général de la Commission  
Internationale de Police Criminelle,

à Messieurs les Chefs des Bureaux Centraux  
Nationaux.

Objet : Fiches dactylographiques destinées à la diffusion internationale.

Je me permets d'attirer votre attention sur les difficultés rencontrées parfois par le Bureau International pour reproduire sur les notices internationales de diffusions, les empreintes digitales qui lui sont communiquées.

Ces empreintes, en effet, sont fréquemment des reproductions photographiques qui deviennent inutilisables lorsqu'elles doivent être reproduites une seconde fois pour être imprimées sur les notices de diffusion.

Il ne vous échappera pas que l'intérêt de ces notices réside en premier lieu dans la facilité avec laquelle peut être réalisée, au moyen des empreintes digitales, l'identification des individus.

En conséquence, afin de permettre à l'avenir l'édition de notices parfaites, je vous serais particulièrement reconnaissant de vouloir bien, autant que cela sera possible, joindre aux demandes de diffusions que vous voudrez bien m'adresser, des empreintes digitales ou des reproductions photographiques soignées, sur papier blanc, d'un contraste moyen.

Le Secrétaire Général :

L. DUCLOUX

THE FOREIGN SERVICE  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VIA AIR POUCH

Office of the Legal Attaché  
American Embassy  
Paris, France  
September 28, 1949

Director, FBI  
Washington D.C.

Re: International Criminal  
Police Commission

Dear Sir:

Further to my letter of September 7, 1949 submitting  
a list of correspondence addresses of the I.C.P.C. members to  
whom requests for investigations may be sent.

There is enclosed herewith a revised, up-to-date mailing  
list of the addresses requested.

Very truly yours,

*Horton R. Telford*  
Horton R. Telford

Legal Attaché

X-110  
HRT

Encl.

RECORDED - 43-10000-1546

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. Edwards  
Mr. Tracy.....  
Mr. Harbo.....  
Mr. Mohr .....Tele. Room.....  
Mr. Nease.....  
Miss E. C. ....

ABT  
KDP  
JG

Horton R. Telford

NOVEMBER 4, 1949 AT PARIS, FRANCE. RECEIVED VIA THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION. REFERENCE YOUR CABLEGRAM NUMBER 450. EXPENDITURES JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 1, 1949 WERE 13,025 DOLLARS. ON SAME BASIS TOTAL AT END OF 1949 WILL BE 22,675 DOLLARS. FORMAL BUDGET FOR 1950 NOT YET PREPARED BUT ANTICIPATED EXPENDITURES SAME AS 1949. BY FAR GREATEST EXPENDITURE IS FOR THE INTERNATIONAL REVIEW. IT IS HOPED INCREASED RECEIPTS IN 1950 WILL ENABLE ICPC TO REDUCE BURDEN ON FRENCH GOVERNMENT WHICH IS NOW FURNISHING QUARTERLY, PERSONNEL, ETC. AT NO COST TO ICPC BESIDES PAYING THEIR REGULAR DUES. HORTON R. TELFORD

RECEIVED:

11-4-49

7:10 A.M.

EWR

RECORDED - 62194-1-2061-571

④ m 2

cc

5716

xx

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

OCTOBER 23, 1949

LEGAL ATTACHE  
PARIS, FRANCE

CABLEGRAM: [REDACTED]  
CODE - URGENT

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION. SUTEL OVER-ALL BUDGET OF ICPC FOR CURRENT YEAR TOGETHER WITH INFORMATION RE TENTATIVE BUDGET NEXT YEAR IF AVAILABLE.

CC - FOREIGN SERVICE DESK (DETACHED)

NLM:nik

MHC

71 456

1524-1535 E-2 G/H  
EX-2020-2009

RECORDED - 14

53

12/14/49  
FBI - WASH. D. C.  
12/14/49

SENT VIA

Cable, 10/28/49 2:20 P.M.

For E.O.

RECORDED - 28

November 1, 1949

INDEXED • 23

Mr. L. Ducloux  
Secretary General  
International Criminal Police Commission  
11 Rue des Saussaies  
Paris 8, France

Dear Mr. Ducloix:

In connection with your recent inquiry requesting information concerning the social functions of the police in the prevention of juvenile delinquency, your reference DEJ V/110, it is noted that you desire certain specific information relative to the various phases of the juvenile delinquency problem. In this regard it is pointed out that the greater bulk of police work with reference to juvenile delinquency is left to the jurisdiction of the forty-eight states and to the numerous political subdivisions of those states. In view of this fact, the procedures followed in the handling of juveniles vary in the individual states and communities and there are no standard procedures for the country as a whole.

In November 1946 the Attorney General of the United States held the National Conference for the Prevention and Control of Juvenile Delinquency, which was attended by eight hundred representatives of Federal, state and local governmental agencies and private welfare groups. I am forwarding under separate cover the reports of this conference for your assistance in considering the problem of juvenile delinquency.

I am also forwarding a copy of the report of the committee on Juvenile Delinquency and Crime Prevention of the International Association of Chiefs of Police which was presented at the annual conference of that group held at Mexico City, Mexico, in 1946.

I trust that this material will be of assistance to you in the preparation of your report.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Sincerely yours,

MAILED 11:55 A.M.

SUN 2 PM 1942

John Edgar Hoover

Director

~~1900~~ Paris, France

cc - Legal Attache, American Embassy, Paris, France  
Foreign Liaison Desk

FJUInfo

**Legal Attaché -**

In order that Mr. Ducloux may better understand the situation concerning the handling of juvenile matters in this country, it is requested that you discuss this matter with him along the lines indicated in the above letter.



THE FOREIGN SERV  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF THE LEGAL ATTACHE  
PARIS, FRANCE

August 17, 1949

Director, FBI

Re: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated August 4, 1949, requesting this office to obtain a copy of I.C.P.C. circular letter No. 311/G regarding description of international criminals and file of international specialists.

Two copies of this circular letter and the forms referred to are enclosed herewith.

Very truly yours,

*Horton R. Telford*

HORTON R. TELFORD  
Legal Attaché

Inclosure

HMT:AM

RECORDED - 72

1949-2611-5461  
12 NOV 27 1949

EX-28

72

ENCLOSURE RECORDED - 72

8-17-1949

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON  
 FROM : Mr. S. J. Tracy

DATE: August 31, 1949

SUBJECT:

With reference to the International Criminal Police Commission, the following instructions and procedures are in effect in the Identification Division:

"With regard to inquiries received from the ICPC, you are directed to place the necessary instructions in effect to handle such inquiries in the following manner:

1. Circulars and flyers are not to be handled, but will be destroyed upon receipt.

2. Inquiries requesting information, by signature or form letter, will be honored. Those pertaining to identification matter only will be handled by the Identification Division and acknowledged by air mail. Inquiries for 'any information' shall be handled by a search through the Identification Division files, and the results furnished to the Foreign Liaison Desk which will cause a search of the Records Section to be made and prepare the acknowledgment to ICPC. Inquiries received requesting placement of a wanted notice will be made where a positive record is located. The notation shall read: 'Location desired by International Criminal Police Commission, Paris, France (reason given by ICPC for desiring subject's apprehension) per information received (date).' Upon receipt of information indicating the wanted subject's location, a copy of the record will be furnished the Foreign Liaison Desk for preparation of an air mail letter to ICPC."

The above procedure was discussed some time ago with Messrs. Ladd, Fletcher, and Keay in the Security Division and was approved informally by the Executives Conference with Messrs. Tolson, Glavin, Fletcher, Nichols, Rosen, Mohr, Parsons, and Tracy in attendance. A letter was sent under date of June 15, 1949, to the Legal Attaché, Paris, France, advising him in order that he might inform representatives of the ICPC as to the procedure being followed in the Bureau relative to the placing of wanted notices and searching in the Identification Division files.

cc - Mr. H. B. Fletcher

Mr. V. P. Keay

SJT:edm

RECORDED - 124

JULY 10 1950

3

W.

BY SPECIAL MESSAGE

15

Date November 1949

To: Mr. Clifton C. Garner  
Chief Postal Inspector  
Post Office Department  
Washington, D. C.

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION  
Paris, France

The Bureau has been advised by the International Criminal Police Commission, with headquarters in Paris, France, that a general reference file of international criminals and specialists in international types of crime is being established by that organization. The International Criminal Police Commission has stated that through this file it hopes to be able to assist in the identification of international criminals, regarding whom descriptions are submitted, but whose names are unknown.

The notices regarding criminals which are placed in these files will carry a description corresponding to various features and elements of personal description. The International Criminal Police Commission expects, therefore, that it will be possible, by means of a collective service, to locate the identification card, thus establishing the identity of an unknown subject. In order to facilitate the adoption of this system, the International Criminal Police Commission has had forms designed for submission of the description of subjects who are known to be, or suspected of being, international criminals.

As of possible interest to you, I am enclosing herewith copies of the form which has been prepared by the International Criminal Police Commission, both in English and in French, and if you desire to have any international criminal in which your organization is interested recorded in the general reference file of the International Criminal Police Commission, I shall be glad to forward to that agency any of the forms which you care to have filled out.

Enclosure

RECEIVED  
NOV 16 1949

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
BY
CAN:bw/pab SPECIAL MESSAGE
70 NOV 16 1949
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

70 NOV 16 1949

RECEIVED  
NOV 16 1949

70 NOV 16 1949

CONFIDENTIAL

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

**TO :** Mr. D. E. LIND

**FROM :** H. B. LEITCH

**SUBJECT:** ~~ICPC MEMBERSHIP CRIMINAL POLICE ORGANIZATION - I.C.P.C.~~  
~~ACTIVITIES OF THE I.C.P.C. INVESTIGATIONS~~

**DATE:** October 26, 1949

**BACKGROUND:**

You will recall that the Bureau pays a membership fee of \$3, ~~per year~~, to the ICPC. This membership entitles the Bureau to utilize I.C.P.C. facilities, which, from the investigative standpoint, consist principally of establishing channels for having investigations conducted in member countries. Such investigations are, naturally, limited strictly to criminal matters.

**FACTS:**

The ICPC offers facilities for investigations in several countries where the Bureau has no representatives. Bureau agents are presently stationed in France, England, Spain, Cuba, Mexico, Brazil, and Canada. In those countries, of course, both security and criminal leads are handled through the Bureau's representatives. In other countries, however, it has frequently been the practice to have criminal leads routed through the State Department for handling. This procedure is somewhat cumbersome, and frequently results in long delays before the replies are received. In the past, in order to avoid such delays, inquiries have occasionally been sent directly to the foreign police agency for investigation. It is believed that the Bureau might find it advantageous to extend this policy to permit the coverage of criminal leads by the local police agencies in the I.C.P.C. countries.

This matter was discussed with Mr. Jack Neal of the State Department by SA R. E. Lawrence, and Mr. Neal advised that there is no reason why the State Department should object to the Bureau's utilizing the ICPC set-up for criminal investigations abroad, especially since the formation of such facilities is the principal purpose of the organization, and the Bureau is a member with the concurrence of the State Department.

It is believed, therefore, that the Bureau might advantageously make use of the ICPC members in the following countries where the Bureau maintains no official representatives: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Chile, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, British, French, and American-occupied Germany, Greece, Guatemala, India, Iran, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, the Starr, Sweden, Switzerland, Tunis, Trieste (Free Territory), Turkey, Union of South Africa, and Venezuela.

The ICPC also has member agencies in Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, and Yugoslavia, but, as a matter of policy, the Bureau does not perform investigations at the request of these satellite agencies, and, therefore, do not so readily request investigations in those countries.

Attachment

hslm

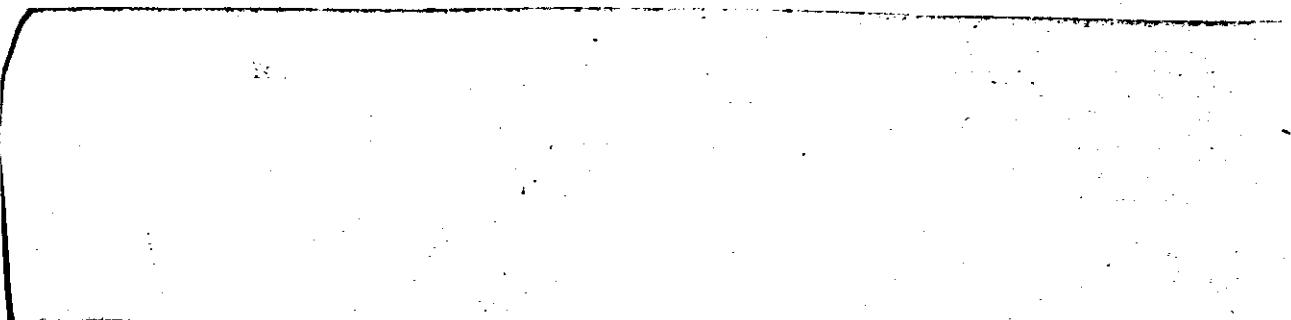
MEMO MR. D. M. LADD

October 26, 1949

Under the ICPC organization, requests for investigation in foreign countries can be sent to the Headquarters of the Commission in Paris, France, or they can be sent directly to the "Central Offices" located in the various countries. In the latter instance, for statistical purposes, and in order to maintain records on international criminals, the ICPC Headquarters in Paris desires to receive a copy of the request. This latter provision, however, is not mandatory, and there appears to be no reason why the Bureau should follow that procedure.

The ICPC also maintains a radio network in Europe which involves the "Central Offices" in Paris, Brussels, London, Luxembourg, Rome, Bern (Zurich), The Hague, Stockholm, Lisbon, Copenhagen, Saarbruck, Baden, and Trieste. It is believed that cablegraphic requests for investigations in those countries could be handled most economically by cable communication with the ICPC Headquarters in Paris, which, in turn, will relay the message to the interested agency.

RECOMMENDATION:



2. Criminal Investigations

It is believed that the Bureau could advantageously participate in the activities of the ICPC by sending requests for criminal investigations directly to the ICPC Agencies in the member countries, rather than to have those requests handled indirectly through the State Department. It is recommended, therefore, that investigations for criminal leads in foreign countries be sent as follows:

Argentina	Through the ICPC Agency in Buenos Aires
Australia	Special arrangements exist for investigations through the Australian authorities
Austria	Through the ICPC Agency in Vienna
Belgium	Through the ICPC Agency in Brussels
Brazil	Through the Legal Attaché in Rio de Janeiro
Canada	Through the Bureau's Liaison Representative in Ottawa
Chile	Through the ICPC Agency in Santiago
Cuba	Through the Legal Attaché in Havana
Denmark	Through the ICPC Agency in Copenhagen
England	Through the Legal Attaché in London

MEMO MR. D. W. LADD

October 26, 1949

Egypt	Through the ICPC Agency in Cairo
Finland	Through the ICPC Agency in Helsinki
France	Through the Legal Attache in Paris
Germany	Through the ICPC Agency in American, French, and British-occupied zones
Greece	Through the ICPC Agency in Athens
Guatemala	Through the ICPC Agency in Guatemala City
India	Through the ICPC Agency in New Delhi
Iran	Through the ICPC Agency in Tehran
Ireland	Through the ICPC Agency in Dublin
Israel	Through the ICPC Agency in Tel Aviv
Italy	Through the ICPC Agency in Rome
Luxemburg	Through the ICPC Agency in Luxembourg
Mexico	Through the Legal Attache in Mexico City
Norway	Through the ICPC Agency in Oslo
Netherlands	Through the ICPC Agency in The Hague
New Zealand	Special arrangements exist for investigations through the New Zealand authorities
Portugal	Through the ICPC Agency in Lisbon
Saar	Through the ICPC Agency in Saarbruck
Spain	Through the Legal Attache in Madrid
Sweden	Through the ICPC Agency in Stockholm
Switzerland	Through the ICPC Agency in Bern
Trieste (Free Territory)	Through the ICPC Agency in Trieste
Turkey	Through the ICPC Agency in Ankara
Union of South Africa	Through the ICPC Agency in Pretoria
Venezuela	Through the ICPC Agency in Caracas

ACTION:

There is attached a recommended memorandum for all Bureau officials and supervisors relative to the coverage of foreign lands, which is suggested be issued if the above recommendations are approved.

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

*Office Memorandum* • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. H. B. FLETCHER  
FROM : V. P. KEAY  
SUBJECT: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

DATE: September 13, 1949

The Bureau has been advised by the International Criminal Police Commission that a general appearance file of International Criminals, and specialists in international types of crime is being established by that organization. In this way, it is hoped that the ICPC will be able to assist in the identification of international criminals, regarding whom descriptions are submitted, but whose names are unknown.

The information in this file will carry a description corresponding to the various features and elements of personal description and the International Criminal Police Commission expects, by means of a selective device, to locate the identification card, thus establishing the identity of the unknown subject. In order to facilitate the adoption of this system, the International Criminal Police Commission has forwarded to the Bureau copies of the form designated for the description of subjects who are known to be, or suspected of being international criminals. Two of these forms are attached.

## ACTION

ENCL. That this memorandum with its enclosures be forwarded to Division 6 for information purposes. **RECORDED - 49** 12/1-1-20

RECORDED - 49

Enclosures (2)  
CAL:bw

EX-126

EX-125000 RECORDED

Date: November 15, 1949  
To: Mr. James J. Maloney  
Chief Coordinator  
Treasury Enforcement Agencies  
Department of the Treasury  
Washington, D. C.  
RECORDED - 44  
From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Subject: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION  
PARIS, FRANCE

This Bureau has been advised by the International Criminal Police Commission, with its headquarters in Paris, France, that a general appearance file of International criminals and specialists in international types of crime is being established by that organization. The International Criminal Police Commission has stated that through this file it hopes to be able to assist in the identification of international criminals, regarding whom descriptions are submitted, but whose names are unknown.

The notices regarding criminals which are placed in these files will carry a description corresponding to various features and elements of personal description. The International Criminal Police Commission expects therefore, that it will be possible, by means of a selective device, to locate the identification card, thus establishing the identity of an unknown subject. In order to facilitate the adoption of this system, the International Criminal Police Commission has had forms designed for submission of the description of subjects who are known to be, or suspected of being international criminals.

As of possible interest to you, to the Secret Service, to the Bureau of Narcotics and to other branches of your department, which may be interested, I am enclosing herewith copies of the form which have been prepared by the International Criminal Police Commission, both in English and in French. If you desire to have any international criminals, in which the branches of your department are interested, reported in the general appearance file of the International Criminal Police Commission, I shall be pleased to forward to that agency any of the forms which you may consider have filled out.

Inclusions

CAM:bw

cc: Foreign Service Dept. (dashed)

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 15 1949

RECORDED - 44

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

Date: August 4, 1949

## AIR POUCH

To: Legal Attache  
Paris, France

RECORDED.

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, FBI

Subject: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

The Bureau is in receipt of a formal letter from the ICPC, Paris, France, their reference BU/DIF, dated June 25, last, relative to description of criminals and international index of expert criminals. That letter makes reference to a previous circular-letter I.C.P.C. 311/JG of February 3, 1949.

Inasmuch as it is impossible to locate a copy of the circular-letter I.C.P.C. 311/1G in the Bureau's files, it is requested that you endeavor to obtain an additional copy and forward such to the Bureau.

cc- Foreign Service Desk (detached)

NLF:sdm(.,.)

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION	
<u>See Page 3</u>	
ST.	JULY 5 - 1949 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	

R. Tolson  
Clegg  
Glavin  
Ladd  
McDonald  
Tolson  
Tracy  
Upton  
Wheeler  
Wright  
Wright



THE FOREIGN SERVICE  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF THE LEGAL ATTACHE  
PARIS, FRANCE

October 17, 1949

Director, FBI

Re: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION  
(International Criminal Police Review)

Dear Sir:

There are being forwarded herewith two copies of the above publication, No. 31, for October, 1949.

The remainder of the 150 copies furnished for the Bureau by the Commission are being forwarded via steamer pouch.

Very truly yours,

*Norton R. Tilford*

NORTON R. TILFORD  
Legal Attaché

Attachments (2)

cc: forwarded with parcels  
INCLOSURE BEHIND FILE  
HRT:AM

RECORDED - 103

EX-34

94-1-20617553X

94-1-20617553X

7/4

OCTOBER 17 1949

THE FOREIGN SERVICE  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF THE LEGAL ATTACHE  
PARIS, FRANCE

October 25, 1949

Director, FBI

RE: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

Dear Sir:

In connection with the 18th Annual General Assembly Sessions of the I.C.P.C. held at Berne, Switzerland from October 10 to 15, 1949, I am forwarding herewith the following documents:

1. Official Guide, setting forth the list of delegates attending the meetings, list of countries belonging to the Commission, as well as the Agenda, I.C.P.C. Officers, etc.
2. Annual report of the Sub-Commission on Counterfeiting at the Hague, together with a list of the subscribers to their publication, "Counterfeits and Forgeries", an inventory of specimens submitted as well as a report on the collaborations of the various countries with the I.C.P.C. (These documents will be of interest to the Secret Service.)
3. A telegram received by the writer, addressed to the Director, from the Chief of Police of Berlin. Mr. U. C. URTON, Deputy Chief of Public Safety of the American Zone of Germany, has advised that he informed Mr. STUSSI that you were unable to attend the meetings in Berne, and was therefore unable to accept his invitation to visit him in Berlin.
4. Stenographic transcription of the proceedings, in English.
5. Copy of the modified Resolution to Report No. 4 bis.
6. Copy of the modified resolution on Report No. 6.
7. Amalgamation of resolutions on Reports No. 5 and 5 bis.
8. Financial report (No. 2).
9. Report No. 17.
10. Report No. 12.
11. Description of films shown on Wednesday, October 12, 1949.
12. Resolution on Report presented by the Sub-Commission on Statistics.

RECORDED - 143-13861-  
EX-20

80 DEC 27 1949

Director, FBI

Re: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

13. Report No. 15 with enclosure "Pilferage".

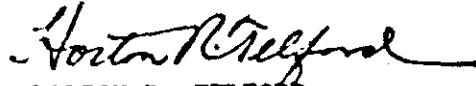
As already reported by cablegram, the meetings in Berne were held in a most cordial and friendly atmosphere. No untoward incidents of any kind occurred. All the countries which had accepted the invitation to attend were present except the delegates from Hungary and Uruguay. Czechoslovakia, which sent three delegates, was the only "Iron Curtain" country in attendance.

The Swiss authorities, as hosts of the Commission, were extremely cordial. The sessions were held in the National Assembly Chamber (House of Representatives), a rare privilege. A reception was given the delegates by the Canton of Berne, and a dinner was offered by the Berne City Government. The Swiss Tourist Bureau sponsored a sightseeing tour of the city, as well as an all-day excursion and lunch, on Friday, October 14, 1949.

References to the Bureau and Mr. Hoover will be found in the minutes of the meetings.

The work of the Commission, as well as continued participation by the Bureau, will be discussed with Bureau officials during my stay in Washington next month.

Very truly yours,



HORTON R. TELFORD  
Legal Attaché

HRT:AM

Enclosures

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

NOVEMBER 16, 1949

Transmit the following message to: LEGAL ATTACHE, RIO DE JANEIRO

74-1-2061-555

RECORDED. 15

## AIRGRAM

AS YOU ARE AWARE, THE BUREAU IS MEMBER OF INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION WHICH HAS HEADQUARTERS PARIS, FRANCE, AND DIRECTOR FBI IS ONE OF THE VICE PRESIDENTS OF THAT ORGANIZATION. LEGAL ATTACHE PARIS ADVISED M. JEAN NEPOTE, ASSISTANT SECRETARY GENERAL OF ICPC, LEAVING RIO ABOUT NOVEMBER 20, 1949, ON SWEDISH AIRLINES TO CONTACT BRAZILIAN POLICE AND DISCUSS WITH THEM FUNCTIONS OF ICPC IN EFFORT TO INTEREST THEM IN MEMBERSHIP. NEPOTE ALSO INTENDS VISITING POLICE AT SANTIAGO, CHILE, MONTEVIEJO, URUGUAY, AND PERHAPS BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA. LEGAT PARIS HAS GIVEN YOUR NAME TO NEPOTE AND YOU SHOULD ASSIST LATTER IN CONTACTING FEDERAL BRAZILIAN POLICE AUTHORITIES AND EXTEND HIM ALL COURTESIES BUT TAKE NO PART IN ICPC MATTERS. NEPOTE IS TRAVELING AS GUEST OF SWEDISH AIRLINES WITHOUT COST TO ICPC.

NLW:ddg

74-1-2061-555  
2208-2310  
2230-2330  
cld qm 2230-2330

Toles \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Gavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Soren \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Marbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Harr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sherry \_\_\_\_\_

SENT VIA

airgram 11/16/49 7:27 P.M.

Per M. M.

THE FOREIGN SERVICE  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
OFFICE OF THE LEGAL ATTACHE  
PARIS, FRANCE

November 3, 1949

Director, FBI

Re: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

Dear Sir:

Please be informed that M. JEAN NEPOTE, Assistant Secretary General of the I.C.P.C., is leaving Paris on the Swedish Airlines for Rio de Janeiro, Brazil on or about November 20, 1949.

The purpose of his trip is to contact Brazilian police authorities and to discuss with them the functions of the I.C.P.C. in an effort to interest them in becoming members of the Commission. Mr. NEPOTE also intends to visit the Police Services at Santiago de Chile, Montevideo, Uruguay, and perhaps at Buenos Aires.

I have taken the liberty of suggesting to M. NEPOTE that he contact Mr. LARSEN in Rio do Janeiro, who may be able to give him some advice and possibly to assist him in seeing the proper Brazilian police authorities.

It is suggested that Mr. LARSEN be advised of the impending visit of Mr. NEPOTE. He is travelling as a guest of the Swedish Airlines, at no cost to the Commission.

Very truly yours,

*Horton R Telford*

HORTON R. TELFORD  
Legal Attaché

HRT:AM

RECORDED - 75

INDEXED - 75

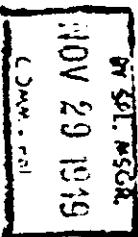
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14-1-2661-555  
12 NOV 18 1949

RECEIVED - 83  
VIA AIR MAIL 558  
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

DATE: November 28, 1949  
TO: Director  
Central Intelligence Agency  
2210 E Street, Northwest  
Washington, D. C.  
Attention: Colonel Robert A. Schow  
Assistant Director  
FROM: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
SUBJECT: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

Reference is made to your memorandum, #SO DB-20270, in which you requested information relative to the above-captioned organization.

1. The International Criminal Police Commission was formed as the outcome of the Second Congress of Criminal Police held in Vienna, Austria in 1923. The organization functioned in Vienna until 1938. Following the termination of World War II, the ICPC was re-formed by the police agencies of the former member countries which had not been recent allies of Germany. The Headquarters of the organization are now in Paris, France.
2. There are a number of agencies of the ICPC in the following countries: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Chile, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, France, Great Britain, Greece, Honduras, Hungary, India, Iraq, Ireland, Israoli, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland, Tangier, Trieste (Free Territory), Turkey, Union of South Africa, United States of America, Venezuela and Yugoslavia.
3. The ICPC is limited in activities strictly to criminal matters and all matters of a political, religious or racial character are excluded by the provisions of its Constitution.



NLF:mk

60 DEC 12 1949

4. The ICPC facilitates the exchange of information regarding criminal matters between member agencies and sets up the framework through which the member agency in one country can obtain information regarding criminal matters in another member country. The Federal Bureau of Investigation is the member for the United States and I have the honor to be one of the Vice Presidents of the ICPC.
5. The President of the ICPC is Mr. F. E. Louwage of Brussels, Belgium. The Secretary General is Monsieur L. Ducloux in Paris, France.

To whom \_\_\_\_\_  
Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Year \_\_\_\_\_  
Atmosphere \_\_\_\_\_  
Methane \_\_\_\_\_  
Coke \_\_\_\_\_  
Sulfur \_\_\_\_\_  
Oxygen \_\_\_\_\_  
Hydrogen \_\_\_\_\_  
Ammonia \_\_\_\_\_  
Nitrogen \_\_\_\_\_  
Carbon dioxide \_\_\_\_\_  
Water \_\_\_\_\_  
Other \_\_\_\_\_

Date: November 28, 1949  
To: The Commissioner  
Bureau of Narcotics  
U. S. Treasury Department  
Washington, D. C.  
From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Subject: INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION

BY SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

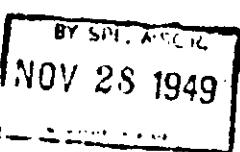
ENCL.

As of possible interest to you, there is enclosed herewith a copy of the report captioned "The Fight Against Narcotics" by Dr. P. Maravito, which was presented in connection with the 13th General Assembly of the International Criminal Police Commission at Bonn, Germany, from October 10 to 15, 1949.

Inclosure

cc- Foreign Service Desk (detached)

NLF:slm



RECORDED  
NO. 0330018

12 NOV 29 1949

CDL:CS:94C

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

FROM : A. Rosen *Rosen*

DATE: December 2, 1949

SUBJECT: EXTRADITION MATTERS; 18TH SESSION OF  
 INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION,  
 HELD AT BERNE, SWITZERLAND  
 October 15, 1949

PURPOSE:

To suggest the transmittal to the Department of a report on extradition submitted by the Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission together with that portion of a report of I.C.P.C.'s 18th Session which pertains to extradition matters. It is observed that I.C.P.C. has adopted a resolution intended to bring into uniformity the procedures of various countries in extradition matters and to request the United Nations to put the adoption of an international convention on the agenda of the United Nations.

DETAILS:

Attached hereto for transmittal to the Department is a photostatic copy of a report on this subject prepared by Mr. L. Ducloux, General Secretary of I.C.P.C. This report summarizes the attitudes expressed by various countries regarding the resolution on extradition matters. This report, it appears, was prepared for use at the 18th session of I.C.P.C. at Berne, Switzerland on 10-15-49. Also attached for transmittal to the Department is a photostatic copy of that portion of the minutes of the 18th session of I.C.P.C. which relates to extradition matters.

Memo to Mr. Ladd

RECOMMENDATIONS:

That the attached memo to AAC Campbell, transmitting copies of the reports mentioned, be forwarded.

Attachment

*V. J. G.*

Opposing Attorney General Alexander H. Campbell

December 2<sup>nd</sup>, 1949.

Director, FBI

EXAMINATION PAPERS; 18th SESSION OF  
INTER-UNIVERSITY POLITICAL SCIENCE CONFERENCE  
AT BOMBAY, 1948  
October 15, 1949

In January 10, 1945, we furnished to the Attorney General a copy of a report on extradition by the 17th Central Assembly of the I.C.C.P.C. By memorandum dated February 25, 1945, Mr. Lentz cordially lent to us a copy of a memorandum prepared by you February 15, 1945 concerning the same.

For your additional information I am enclosing a photostatic copy of a report on this subject prepared by Mr. Wilcox, General Secretary of the International Criminal Police Commission. It is noted that Mr. Wilcox's report was made for use at the 17th session of I.C.P.C. which was held at Lausanne, Switzerland on October 15, 1940. I am also attaching a photostatic copy of the portion of the minutes of the 17th session of I.C.P.C. which relates to the subject of extradition. Your attention is invited to the resolution adopted by the Commission.

DEC 5-1949  
6H HV OH J. S. G.

U.S. DEPT OF JUSTICE  
FBI - 1 - 16  
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1961



MR. TOLSON

November 29, 1949

H. H. CLEGG

DR. HENRY SODERMAN  
UNIVERSITY OF STOCKHOLM  
STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN

Mr. H. H. McCabe called ASAC Belmont at New York at 2:30 P. M. today and advised him that a reservation had been made for Dr. Soderman at the Raleigh Hotel tomorrow.

Mr. Belmont stated that during his conversation with Dr. Soderman, he mentioned that as Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission he, Dr. Soderman, had gotten the impression that although the ICPC had arrived at a consultant status with the United Nations, the United Nations seemed to have a stand-offish attitude, and he asked Mr. Belmont if he had noticed this. Mr. Belmont informed him that he had not noticed anything like that in his contacts at the United Nations.

Dr. Soderman also mentioned that he is connected with the branch of the ICPC which deals with the international control of opium. Dr. Soderman has the impression that the United Nations is attempting to set up or endorse a separate organization for the international control of opium. He advised Mr. Belmont that Mr. H. J. Anslinger, Commissioner of Narcotics, was working with the United Nations to this end. Dr. Soderman stated that Anslinger came to Europe some time ago and that there was some slip up in the way he was handled by the ICPC representative in Rome. Dr. Soderman indicated that he wanted to win Anslinger over to the ICPC viewpoint on the international control of opium, and Mr. Belmont believes that Dr. Soderman will endeavor to see Mr. Anslinger while he is in Washington.

The above information is being set forth since Dr. Soderman may bring up these matters when he is at the Bureau.

McClelland

*[Signature]*

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Loize \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
J. Marvin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Marlo \_\_\_\_\_  
O'Dow \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_

10:15 AM 29 NOV 1949  
U.S. 350th I.A.

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NOT RECORDED  
146 JAN 5 1950

301  
11/29/49-4pm

Wilson

*h*  
MR. TOLSON

November 30, 1949

MR. H. CLEGG

DR. HARRY SODERMAN  
UNIVERSITY OF STOCKHOLM  
STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN

Dr. Harry Soderman, Stockholm, Sweden, who was joint author with the late John J. O'Connell of a book on police procedures was referred to this office. He stated that the book in question had sold more than 120,000 copies in all parts of the world, and that this exceeded his expectations greatly. He is now engaged in bringing it up-to-date and might add some new chapters; and stated he would want to add some new illustrations, and that he was glad to have the opportunity to call at the Bureau. I found him well informed as to local, county, state and Federal law enforcement setup and as to the various Federal enforcement agencies. He wanted a tour, and one was provided for him.

In our discussion, he indicated he was a member of one of the boards of the International Criminal Police Commission of which Mr. Hoover was Vice President. He stated that Commissioner Anslinger, it appeared, had opposed the ICPC as a separate entity and wanted to bring it within the United Nations, and that Anslinger was a member of and was in fact controlling and furnishing leadership in a United Nations narcotic control organization. Dr. Soderman stated he had attempted to see Mr. Anslinger to get him straightened out and to eliminate the bickering, but found Anslinger to be in Mexico City. There was a clear intimation, without words, that he believed Anslinger wanted to bring the organization within United Nations control so that he could exercise a greater degree of control over the ICPC. He stated that the ICPC was now in a consultative position with the United Nations, and this seemed to largely adjust the matter but he wanted to be sure that Anslinger was satisfied.

He stated that the last he heard was that the FBI was paying only one-half of the assessment for the operations of the ICPC. I explained to him that we initially paid the amount requested, and that when fees went up the Bureau had to get approval first from the Bureau of the Budget and then from Congress; that funds were appropriated oftentimes nearly a year in advance; and that if the fees were raised it required Congressional approval before payments could be raised. We now pay \$3,000.00 per annum. He wondered if there was any inclination for the Secret Service to become a member and to pay half the fees. I then pointed out that the FBI, Internal Revenue, Secret Service, Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, Postal Inspectors, Narcotics Bureau and others operated in the Federal field, and that of all of these, Secret Service was one of the smallest organizations, and that it was the FBI that was the coordinator of police matters in the United States; and that Congress had appropriated the money for the FBI to be the United States representative on ICPC, and that we acted within the sphere of our jurisdiction; and if Narcotics or Secret Service work was involved, we served in a liaison capacity. This seemed to clarify the matter.

194-1-2161-L  
NOT RECORDED  
146 JAN 5 1950

RECORDED  
194-1-2161-L  
JAN 5 1950  
301

He wondered why the FBI was hesitant about joining the international radio network. I told him that our information was that they desired to send messages largely in clear text rather than code, and that this would give away the identity of the station to anyone monitoring it; and in the second place, we had a liaison representative in Paris to work with ICPC, and if there were any expedite messages, Mr. Telford (whom he knew) would be able to handle any communications as swiftly as circumstances might warrant and in code if necessary; further, that it would take man power and facilities, and that we would be hard put to justify added appropriations for something that did not seem to be essential. He stated that he wanted to add a word which might fortify the Bureau's position if it would desire to get additional appropriation for this purpose.

He wondered if without added personnel appropriations we could make use of existing military or naval transmitters, and I told him it would be unlikely and perhaps unwise to make use of any such channels if they existed, since each organization operating its own communication system wanted to have full use of it, as they should have, and further, none of them would probably desire to operate on the basis of encoded messages only, and that such a proposition would not seem justified. I further told him that as far as we could see and evaluate the situation, the FBI would not be justified in requesting added appropriations for personnel and radio facilities at this time.

Dr. Soderman speaks splendid English and is right clever. He had a knack of saying a great deal by means of innuendo and subtlety but without speaking in bold words.

Dr. Soderman asked/he might see the Director. I told him that the Director hoped he would be in the city when Dr. Soderman arrived, but unfortunately he was not, and that it was regrettable that Mr. Hoover was not available but that his duties had demanded his presence elsewhere.

He intimated that after his tour he might desire to request certain photographs, charts or exhibits which he might use in his book, but this will depend upon his observations and later decisions.

TRANSLATION FROM THE FRENCH

WU008 49 PD FRNCH GOVERNMENT INTL.

CD Paris Via French December 13, 1950 (sic)

INTERPOL (FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION)

Washington, D. C.

*International Criminal Police Commission*

For Mr. Hoover 3217 Beg you to ask Mr. Belmont to appeal to  
Mr. Laugier in the United Nations to obtain an answer to our letter  
sent on November 23 regarding a Conference of Central Offices on  
counterfeit currency, which is to be held in The Hague in June 1950.

INTERPOL PARIS

343P.

MGM  
12/13/49

*Enclosed to Paris 1/6/50*

*R*

*12/15/49  
FBI  
12/15/49*

*RECORDED - 103*

*9-1-1-2661-563*  
*DEC 19 1950*  
*5*

*CH - 103*

*[Signature]*

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

13 1949

WESTERN UNION

T

WU008 49 PD FRENCHGOVT INTL

CD PARIS VIA FRENCH DEC 13 1950

INTERPOL (FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION)

WASHDC

POUR MONSIEUR HOOVER 3217 VOUS PRIE DEMANDER A MONSIEUR  
BELMONT INTERVENIR AUPRES MONSIEUR LAUGIER AUX NATIONS  
UNIES POUR OBTENIR REPONSE A NOTRE LETTRE TRANSMISE LE 23  
NOVEMBRE ET RELATIVE A CONFERENCE OFFICES CENTRAUX CONCERNANT  
FAUX MONNAYAGE ET DEVANT SE TENIR LAHAYE EN JUIN 1950 FIN

INTERPOL PARIS

343P..

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Tracy

*Mr. Tolson*  
6228

*PL*

SAC, New York

December 15, 1949

Director, FBI

Attention: ASAC A. H. Belmont

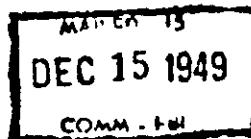
**CONFERENCE OF CENTRAL OFFICES**

**RECORDED - CONFISCATION OF CENTRAL BANK  
ON COUNTERFEIT CURRENCY**

The Bureau is in receipt of a cable from the International Criminal Police Commission, Paris, France, requesting that contact be had with Mr. Laugier of the United Nations to obtain an answer to a letter dated November 23, 1949 from the I.C.P.C regarding a conference of central offices on counterfeit currency which is to be held in The Hague in June, 1950.

It is requested that the above contact be expeditiously made and the Bureau advised of the results thereof so that this information may be transmitted to the ICRC.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Gleason \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Reeve \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Marbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Dandy \_\_\_\_\_



M.P. WENES  
LRRIS  
APR

W

TRANSLATION FROM THE FRENCH

O

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

General Secretariat

Paris, November 24, 1949

C.I.P.C. /DEJUV/400

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,  
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir,

I have the honor of acknowledging receipt of your letter of November 1, 1949 as well as the documents on crime prevention and the control of juvenile delinquency.

I thank you kindly for this abundant and interest set of documents which will be of great use to me for the studies which are requested of us on this question.

Kindest regards,

D

Yours very truly,

s/ L. DUCLOUX

S. 3/11/49 Secretary General

RECORDED 12/12/49

W.C.B.  
MCM  
12/9/49

94-1-264-564  
C 13103

5 P

58 DEC 23 1949

ICP/BP.

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRÉTARIAT GÉNÉRAL

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (6<sup>e</sup>)  
Tel. GALvan 96-60



INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (6<sup>e</sup>)  
Tel. GALvan 96-60

C.I.P.C./DEJUV/400

PARIS,

24 NOV 1949

Cher Monsieur HOOVER,

J'ai l'honneur de vous accuser réception de votre lettre du 1er Novembre 1949, ainsi que des documents relatifs à la prévention criminelle et au contrôle de la délinquance juvénile.

Je vous remercie vivement de cette abondante et intéressante documentation qui me sera d'une grande utilité pour les études qui nous sont demandées sur cette question.

Veuillez agréer, Cher Monsieur HOOVER, expression de mes sentiments les meilleurs.

L. DUCEOUD  
Secrétaire Général

Monsieur J. Edgar HOOVER  
Directeur du Fédéral Bureau of Investigation  
WASHINGTON

*M.A. JAPAS*

TRANSLATION FROM THE FRENCH

INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

General Secretariat

Paris, November 30, 1949

C.I.P.C. USAM/10

The Secretary General of the  
International Criminal Police Comm. to:

Director,  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir,

I have the honor of asking you if it would be possible for you to send to the Secretariat General of the International Criminal Police Commission, the following numbers of your publication so that the C.I.P.C. may have a complete collection for 1949:

Nos. 1 and 5 of Volume 18

Please accept my thanks in advance and my sincerest regards,

S. L. EUCLOUX  
Secretary General

RECORDED - 75

194-1-2061-

DEC 15 1949

31

MGW  
12/6/49

ONE  
ACC 12-C-46  
RPA

*A.J.*

COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRÉTARIAT GÉNÉRAL

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
Tel. GALvan 94-40



INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Saussaies - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
Tel. GALvan 94-40

30 NOV 1949

C.I.P.C./USAM/10

PARIS,

PAR AVION

Le Préfet Secrétaire Général de la Commission  
Internationale de Police Criminelle  
à PARIS

à

Monsieur le Directeur de Law Enforcement  
Bulletin  
Federal Bureau of investigation  
à WASHINGTON

J'ai l'honneur de m'adresser à vous pour vous  
demander s'il vous était possible de faire parvenir au  
Secrétariat Général de la Commission Internationale de Police  
Criminelle les numéros suivants de votre publication afin que  
la C.I.P.C. en possède la collection complète 1949 :

NN° 1 et 5 dun volume 18

Je vous prie d'agréer, Monsieur le Directeur, l'  
assurance de mes vifs remerciements anticipés et l'expression  
de mes sentiments les plus distingués.

*Mulow*

L. DUCLOUX  
Secrétaire Général

December 9, 1949

RECORDED - 75

Mr. L. Ducloux  
The Secretary General  
International Criminal Police Commission  
11, Rue des Saussaies  
Paris 8, France

Dear Mr. Ducloux:

Your letter dated November 30, 1949,  
has been received.

In response to your request, I am  
happy to enclose Number 5 of Volume 18 of our  
Law Enforcement Bulletin.

I am glad to be of service to you  
in this matter and I regret that Number 1 of  
Volume 18 of the Law Enforcement Bulletin is  
no longer available for distribution.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

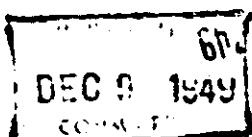
cc - Foreign Service Desk

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Land \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Marvin \_\_\_\_\_  
Seltz \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Wren \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

ARR: cjh: JKT

gen



DEC 9 1949  
COMM-FBI

RECEIVED REC'D. 16 NOV 1949  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
DEC 9 1949 PHM

REC'D.  
16 NOV 1949  
FBI

RECEIVED DIRECTOR  
F B I  
DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
DEC 9 1949 PHM

REC'D. REC'D. 16 NOV 1949  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
DEC 9 1949 PHM

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: CONFERENCE OF CENTRAL OFFICES  
ON COUNTERFEIT CURRENCY

DATE: December 23, 1949

Reference is made to Bureau letter to New York dated December 15, 1949 captioned as above, to the attention of ASAC A. H. Belmont, requesting that contact be had with Mr. LANGIER of the United Nations to obtain an answer to a letter dated November 23, 1949 from the INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION, Paris, regarding a conference of central offices on counterfeit currency, which is to be held in the Hague in June, 1950.

On this date, Miss DOROTHY OSBORNE, Assistant to Mr. LANGIER, was contacted due to his illness. Miss OSBORNE advised that the United Nations, under file number SOA 183-4-01, had, on December 22, 1949, replied favorably to ICPC letter of November 23, 1949 and that the ICPC should have this letter in the next few days.

JCG:CTC

JG  
REC'D 3 1 3764  
RECORDED - 103 14-1-3061-511  
INDEXED - 103 REC'D 3 1 3764  
12/1/49

BEGAN 13 JAN 1950

EX-  
J. W. G. S. /

<u>Country</u>	<u>Criminal Leads</u>	<u>Security Leads</u>
Austria	ICPC Agency in Vienna	*
Belgium	ICPC Agency in Brussels	*
Brazil	All leads covered through Legal Attache, Rio de Janeiro	
British West Indies	Through the State Department	Through Stott
Canada	Both criminal and security leads are covered through the Bureau's Liaison Representative in Ottawa, except in purely routine matters, which may be sent directly to the RCMP. The Field Offices bordering on Canada also maintain liaison with nearby RCMP officials for the coverage of leads of local interest or leads in which time is of the essence and normal Bureau channels would adversely affect the outcome of the investigation.	
Chile	ICPC Agency in Santiago	*
Cuba	All leads covered through the Legal Attache, Havana	
Denmark	ICPC Agency in Copenhagen	*
Dutch Guiana	ICPC Agency in Paramaribo	*
Dutch West Indies	ICPC Agency in Willemstad	*
Egypt	ICPC Agency in Cairo	*
England	All leads covered through Legal Attache, London	
Finland	ICPC Agency in Helsinki	*
France	All leads covered through Legal Attache, Paris	
Germany	Through the U. S. Army.	*
American Zone	ICPC Agency in Hamburg	Legal Attache, London
British Zone	ICPC Agency in Baden-Baden	Legal Attache, Paris
French Zone	ICPC Agency in Athens	*
Greece	ICPC Agency in Guatemala City	*
Guatemala	ICPC Agency in New Delhi	*
India	ICPC Agency in Tehran	*
Iran	ICPC Agency in Dublin	*
Ireland	ICPC Agency in Tel Aviv	*
Israel	ICPC Agency in Rome	*
Italy	ICPC Agency in Luxembourg	*
Luxemburg	All leads covered through the Legal Attache, Mexico City, except for criminal leads within 25 miles of the U. S. Border, which are covered by the adjacent Field Divisions.	
Mexico	Special arrangements exist for the coverage of criminal and security leads through the New Zealand authorities.	
New Zealand	ICPC Agency in Oslo	*
Norway	ICPC Agency in The Hague	*
Netherlands	ICPC Agency in Lisbon	*
Portugal	ICPC Agency in Saarbruck	*
Spain	All leads covered through the Legal Attache, Madrid	
Sweden	ICPC Agency in Stockholm	*
Switzerland	ICPC Agency in Bern	Legal Attache, London
Trieste	ICPC Agency in Free Territory of Trieste	*

<u>Country</u>	<u>Criminal Leads</u>	<u>Security Leads</u>
Turkey	ICPC Agency in Ankara	*
Union of South Africa	ICPC Agency in Pretoria	*
Venezuela	ICPC Agency in Caracas	*

\* - As in the past, leads should be handled through State Department, CIA, Stott, or appropriate Branch of the Military Establishment.

The complete mailing or cable addresses of the foreign police agencies through which investigations abroad can be conducted are not being set forth, inasmuch as any such list would be subject to constant revision. Before requesting investigation by such a foreign agency, therefore, the most recent mail or cable address should be obtained from the Foreign Liaison Desk.

TRANSLATION FROM THE FRENCH

WU 8022 40 PD FRENCH GOVT. INTL.

CD PARIS VIA FRENCH 22 2105

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington 25, DC

No. 1269 For investigation under way on subject of automobile accident beg you to advise us on name and address of owner of automobile "OLDSMOBILE" registered USA under No. C 10664

INTERPOL PARIS BCN

1027P

MGM  
9/23/49

Original to  
FBI - Paris  
9/23/49  
Rec'd - Bureau  
7/24/49

RECORDED 6  
140

194-1-2061-51  
JAN 4 1950  
E 12

FROM:  
OFFICE MEMOS  
10-26-1947

NOV. 18, 1947

(A) COVERAGE OF LEADS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES -- When handling leads for investigation in foreign countries, the following facilities should be borne in mind:

The Bureau maintains liaison representatives in Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Brazil, England, France, and Spain, who are in a position to cover both criminal and security type leads.

Criminal leads in various other countries can be covered through the International Criminal Police Commission, of which the Bureau is the dues-paying member for the United States. This Organization maintains its Headquarters in Paris, France, and one of its principal facilities is the establishment of channels for conducting criminal inquiries in foreign countries. Leads in countries which are members of the ICPC can be covered by addressing the request directly to the indicated official of the ICPC member agency in the country in question. These communications should be sent confidential via air mail with a tickler copy designated for the Foreign Liaison Desk. While open cable messages can be sent to any of the member agencies, it is frequently more economical to send a cablegraphic request to the ICPC Headquarters in Paris for relaying on to the member agency through the ICPC radio network in Europe.

On the basis of the above provisions, leads in the following countries may be covered as indicated:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Criminal Leads</u>	<u>Security Leads</u>
Argentina	ICPC Agency in Buenos Aires	*
Australia	Special arrangements are in existence to handle both criminal and security leads through the Australian authorities	

52 JAN 10 1947

71-1267-1  
NOT RECORDED  
52 JAN 6 1947

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. GLAVIN

DATE: December 28, 1949

FROM : N. P. CALLAHAN

SUBJECT: ① INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL POLICE COMMISSION R6-1

Tolson  
 Clegg  
 E. Clegg  
 Nichols  
 Mr. Rosen  
 Mr. Tracy  
 Mr. Egan  
 Mr. Curran  
 Mr. Harbo  
 Mr. Mohr  
 Mr. Pennington  
 Mr. Quinn Tamm  
 Tele. Room  
 Mr. Nease  
 Miss Holmes  
 Miss Gandy

Mr. Frazer of the State Department, telephone extension 3752, contacted the writer and advised that in connection with some material we had furnished him previously for a publication they were preparing on the various international organizations in which the United States participated, he was desirous of finding out whether or not the Bureau could determine the amount of the budget for the ICPC for the current fiscal year. Accordingly, he was advised that from the best information available to date, which was furnished by our Paris representative, the expenditures for the ICPC for the period from January 1 thru September 30, 1949 were \$18,000. Based on the above figure it was expected that the expenditures for the year would be approximately \$22,500 and that the formal budget for the fiscal year 1950 had not yet been approved but it was anticipated that it would be the same as in/fiscal year 1949 budget.

This is submitted for informational purposes only.

KTC:kh

RECORDED - 114

194-1-2-6667  
JAN 4 1950

12

EX-87

5 JAN 19 1950

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 22 1949  
2P.M. '49 11 55-78  
WESTERN UNION

V  
TU 1022 40 PD FRENCHGOVT INTL

CD PARIS VIA FRENCH 22 2105  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25 (D C)

- NO 1069 DANS ENQUETE EN COURS AU SUJET ACCIDENT AUTOMOBILE  
PRIERE NOUS FAIRE CONNAITRE NOM ET ADRESSE PROPRIETAIRE  
VOITURE AUTOMOBILE " OLDSMOBILE " IMMATRICULEE USA SOUS  
NO C 10664 INTERPOL PARIS RGII

1027P

SI 4 R -22

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 22 1949  
WESTERN UNION?

WU 5022 40 PD FRENCHGOVT INTL  
CD PARIS VIA FRENCH 22 2105  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

"ASHINGTON 25 (D C)

NO 1269 DANS ENQUETE EN COURS AU SUJET ACCIDENT AUTOMOBILE  
PRIERE NOUS FAIRE CONNAITRE NOM ET ADRESSE PROPRIETAIRE  
VOITURE AUTOMOBILE " OLDSMOBILE " IMMATRICULEE USA SOUS  
NO C 10664 INTERPOL PARIS BCN

1027P

SI 4 R -22

1027P  
NK

TRANSLATION FROM THE FRENCH

WU BO22 40 PD FRENCH GOVT. INTL.

CD PARIS VIA FRENCH 22 2105

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington 25, DC

No. 1269 For investigation under way on subject of automobile accident beg you to advise us on name and address of owner of automobile "OLDSMOBILE" registered USA under No. C 10664

INTERPOL PARIS BCM

1027P

MCM  
9/23/49

October 4, 1949

CONFIDENTIAL  
AIR MAIL

RECORDED 100

74-1-2061-568

Objs: ~~RECD~~ Monsieur L. Ducloux  
Secretary General  
International Criminal Police Commission  
11 Rue des Saussaies  
Paris 8, France

Re: Oldsmobile Automobile  
License Number C 10664

SEARCHED SERIALIZED INDEXED FILED

Dear Monsieur Ducloux:

Reference is made to your cablegram, Number 1269, and to this Bureau's cablegram of reply dated September 23, 1949.

In the event you are able to furnish the name of the State where the license for the above-captioned automobile was issued, I shall be pleased to have the inquiries made which you requested.

Please be assured of my desire to cooperate in all matters of mutual interest.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover  
Director

COMMUNICATIONS SLIP	
MAILER	E.
NLF:arm	1949 P.M.
cc - Foreign Service Desk (Detached)	

52 JAN 10 1949

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150 3

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

SEPTEMBER 23, 1949

INTERPOL  
PARIS, FRANCE

## CALIFORNIA.—MICHIGAN.

REGARDING YOUR CABLEGRAM NUMBER ONE TWO SIX NINE, PLEASE ADVISE STATE  
WHERE REFERENCED AUTOMOBILE LOCATED.

**INTERPOL: WASHINGTON**

cc - Foreign Service Desk (Detached)

MELODEON

~~DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE~~  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
~~TELECOMMUNICATIONS SECTION~~

SEP 23 1949

**WESTERN UNION**

SENT VIA

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 23 1949

*Dow*  
WESTERN UNION

DI 31 INTL /ETAT SANS PRIORITY/ 20 9-23-49 6-47 P<sup>M</sup>  
INTERPOL  
PARIS /FRANCE/ /VIA WU CABLE/

RECORDING YOUR CABLEGRAM NUMBER ONE TWO SIX NINE, PLEASE  
ADVISE STATE WHERE REFERENCE AUTOMOBILE LOCATED

INTERPOL WASHINGTON

Interpol

Sect 14

file

65pp

January 6, 1750

RECORDED - 124 96-1-2061-371

Mr. L. Ducloux  
General Secretary  
International Criminal Police Commission  
11, Rue des Suisses  
Paris, France

Dear Mr. Ducloux:

Reference is made to your letter of December 1, 1949 requesting information relative to the existence and the terms for acquisition of motion picture films dealing with police techniques which have been produced in this country.

It would not be possible to furnish a complete list of such films. However, there is set out below information concerning films of this type which have come to the attention of this Bureau.

<u>Title</u>	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Length</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Size</u>
The Police Baton	Procedures in handling 15 min. Sound police baton	15 min.	Sound	16mm.
Foot Patrol	Foot patrol procedures 25 min. Sound	25 min.	Sound	16mm.
Self Defense and Armament	Proper Self Defense 20 min. Sound techniques	20 min.	Sound	16mm.
Shakedown and Handcuffing Procedures	Arrest and handcuffing 25 min. Sound methods	25 min.	Sound	16mm.
Hit and Run And Drunk Driving	Traffic	40 min.	Sound	16mm.
X Marks the Spot	Traffic	20 min.	Sound	16mm.
Traffic With the Devil	Traffic	28 min.	Sound	16mm.
Wanton Murder	Traffic	15 min.	Sound	16mm.
Your Traffic Officer	Traffic	10 min.	Sound	16mm.

FJW:KES

Legal Attaché  
Paris, France

The above-listed films were manufactured by various commercial agencies in the United States and in the event you are interested in purchasing any of these films from these agencies, I shall be pleased to obtain information concerning arrangements for such a purchase.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover  
Director

I.C.P.C. AGN/34

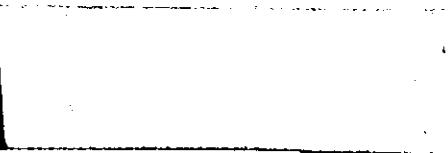
The 1st December 1949.

Subject : Cinema Library  
of the I.C.P.C.

From : The Secretary General of the International Criminal Police Commission,  
to The Chiefs of the National Central Bureaus.

At the meeting held in BERNE, the General Assembly of the I.C.P.C. adopted a resolution which included the paragraph mentioned below, relative to the setting up of a sort of film library at the Secretariat-General = viz :

.....



In order to apply this Resolution, I should appreciate if you would kindly fill up the attached table and return it to me.

The Secretary General :

L. DUCLOUX

DG. NO 14 6 4 APR  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
FEB 11 1949 - 0310-016

COMMISSION INTER  
DE POLICE CRIMINELLE

SECRÉTARIAT GÉNÉRAL

11, Rue des Soubiseaux - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
Tel. GALVANI 96.60



NATIONAL CRIMINAL  
POLICE COMMISSION

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

11, Rue des Soubiseaux - PARIS (8<sup>e</sup>)  
Tel. N. CALVANI 96.60

C.I.P.C. AGN/34

PARIS, le 1er Décembre 1949.

Objet : Cinémathèque  
de la C.I.P.C.

Le Secrétaire Général de la Commission  
Internationale de Police Criminelle,  
à Messieurs les Chefs des Bureaux Centraux  
Nationaux.

Lors de sa réunion de BERNE, l'Assemblée Générale de la  
C.I.P.C. a adopté une résolution contenant le paragraphe ci-  
dessous relatif à la constitution d'une cinémathèque auprès du  
Secrétariat Général :

Afin de mettre cette Résolution en application, je vous  
serais reconnaissant de vouloir bien me retourner le tableau  
ci-joint dûment rempli.

Le Secrétaire Général :

L. DUCLOUX

RECORDED - 124

194-1-1161-

2v 101

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2-09ff

1/1 T. DUCLOUX  
2/1 C. V. N. U.  
3/1 C. F. V. N. U.